

# Hints in semi-tauonic *B* meson decays: The physics case for high p<sub>T</sub> LHC

### Admir Greljo

Based on:

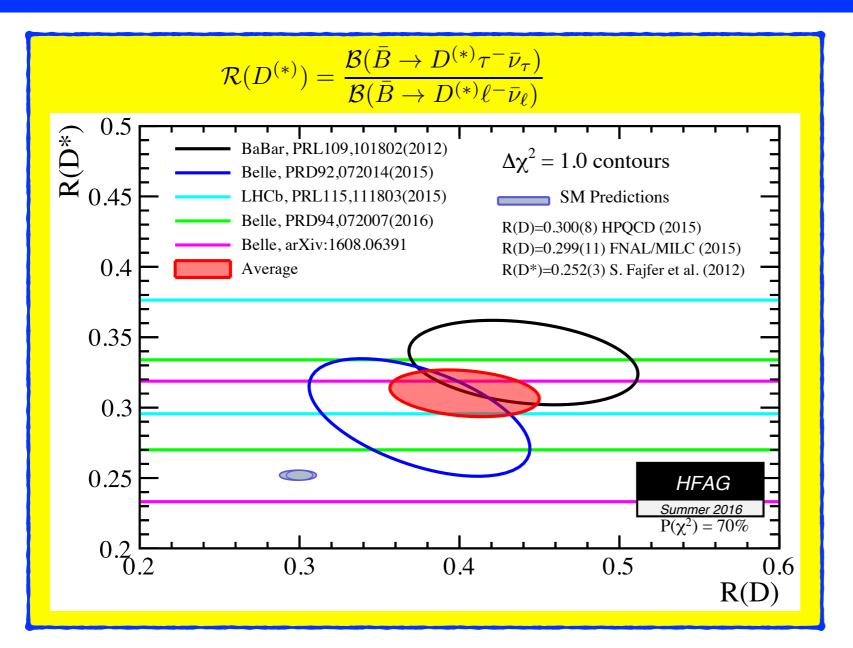
Phys.Lett. B764 (2017) 126-134 - Darius Faroughy, <u>AG</u>, Jernej F. Kamenik

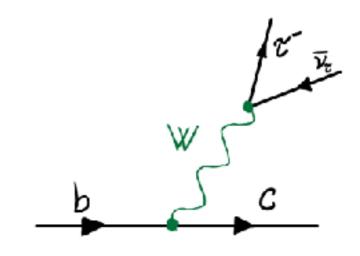
JHEP 1507 (2015) 142 - AG, Gino Isidori, David Marzocca

JHEP 1608 (2016) 035 - Dario Buttazzo, AG, Gino Isidori, David Marzocca

28 March 2017 - Nagoya University

# Motivation: Test of LFU in charged currents

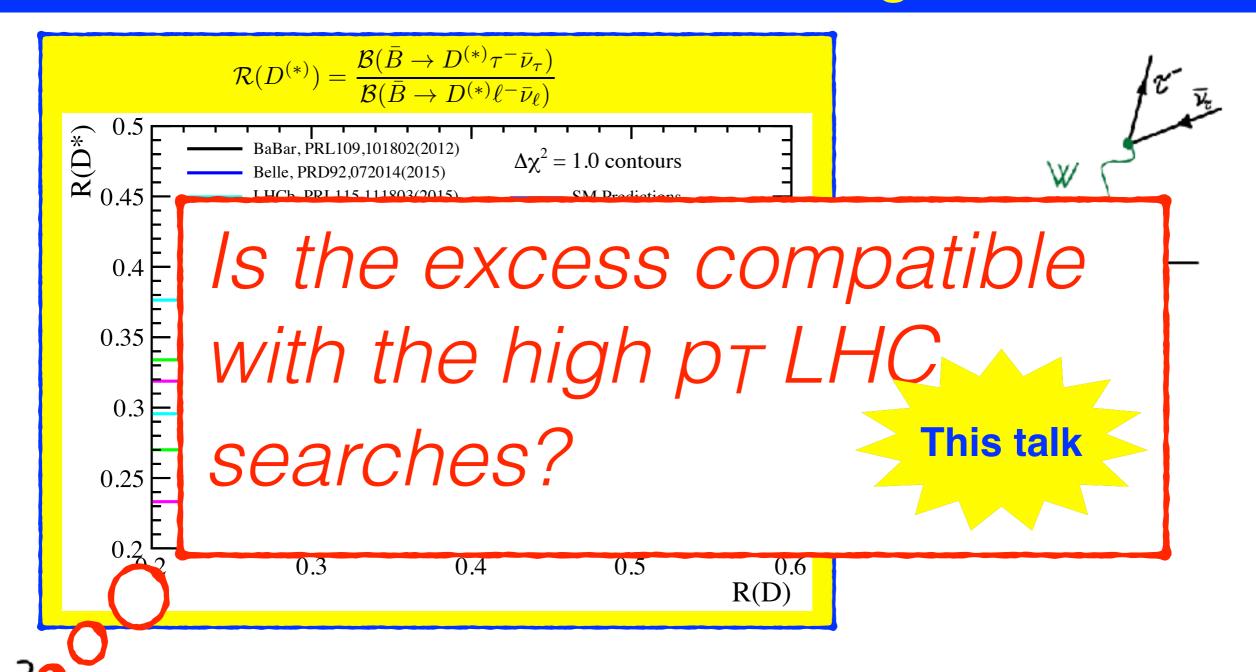






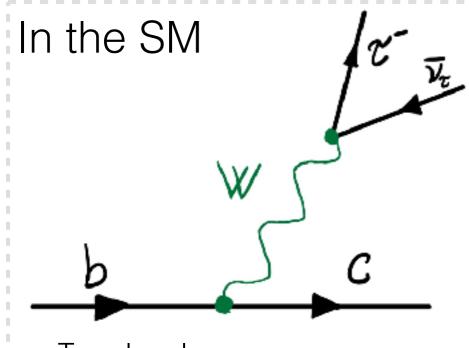
- 3.9σ excess over the SM prediction
- Good agreement by <u>three (very) different</u> experiments

# Motivation: Test of LFU in charged currents



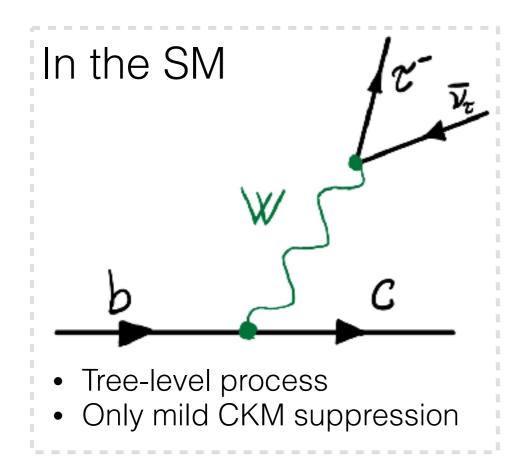
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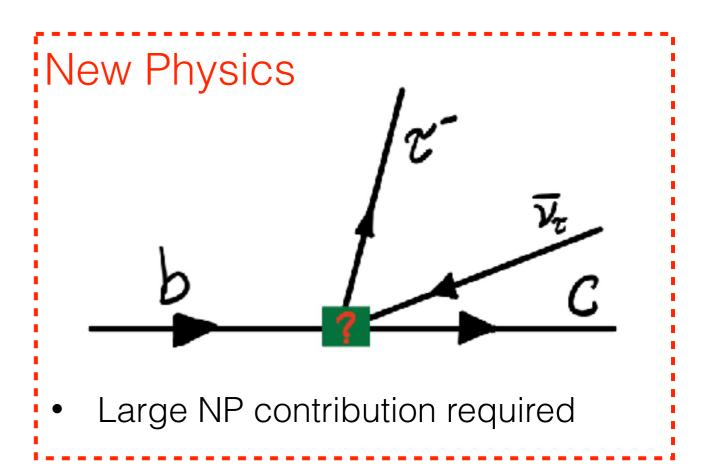
# Prologue: Violation of LFU in B → D (\*) T v decays



- Tree-level process
- Only mild CKM suppression

### **Prologue**: Violation of LFU in $B \rightarrow D^{(*)} \tau \nu$ decays





#### Mediator mass:

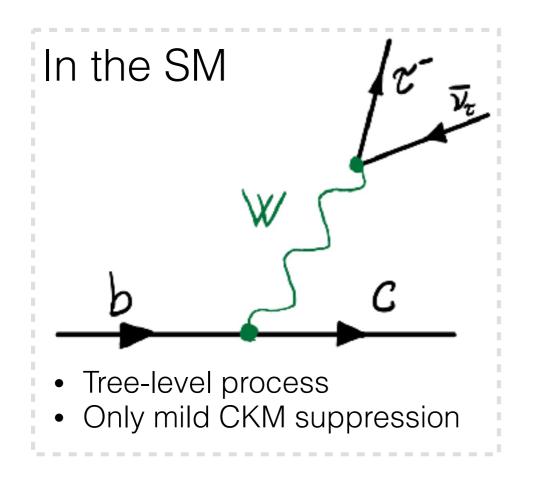
 $\leq$  several TeV (to fit the excess)

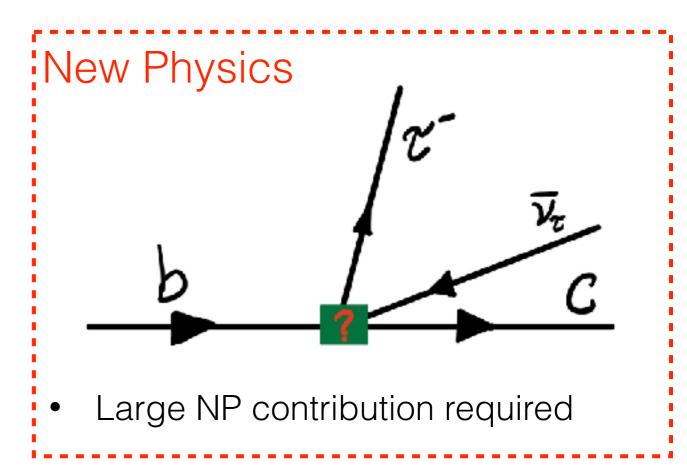


≥ LEP limits (charged particle in the blob)

In the ballpark of high-p<sub>T</sub> LHC searches

### **Prologue**: Violation of LFU in $B \rightarrow D^{(*)} \tau \nu$ decays





 Leading effects expected from dim-6 operators (Presumably tree-level generated):

$$\mathcal{O}_{V_L} (\bar{Q}_i \gamma_\mu \sigma^a Q_j) (\bar{L}_k \gamma^\mu \sigma_a L_l)$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{S_L}(\bar{Q}_i u_R^j) i \sigma^2(\bar{L}_k \ell_R^l)$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{S_R}$$
  $(\bar{d}_R^i Q_j)(\bar{L}_k \ell_R^l)$ 

$$\mathcal{O}_T (\bar{Q} \sigma_{\mu\nu} u_R^j) i \sigma^2 (\bar{L} \sigma^{\mu\nu} \ell_R^l)$$

### SM EFT consideration & Implications for high-p<sub>T</sub> LHC

Complete dim-6 operator basis:  $\mathcal{L}_{eff.}(x) = \mathcal{L}_{SM}(x) + \frac{1}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{L}_6(x) + \dots$ 

[Warsaw basis, 1008.4884]

-							
		$(\bar{L}L)(\bar{L}L)$		$(\bar{R}R)(\bar{R}R)$		$(\bar{L}L)(\bar{R}R)$	
	$Q_{ll}$	$(\bar{l}_p \gamma_\mu l_r)(\bar{l}_s \gamma^\mu l_t)$	$Q_{ee}$	$(\bar{e}_p \gamma_\mu e_r)(\bar{e}_s \gamma^\mu e_t)$	$Q_{le}$	$(\bar{l}_p \gamma_\mu l_r)(\bar{e}_s \gamma^\mu e_t)$	
	$Q_{qq}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{q}_p \gamma_\mu q_r)(\bar{q}_s \gamma^\mu q_t)$	$Q_{uu}$	$(\bar{u}_p \gamma_\mu u_r)(\bar{u}_s \gamma^\mu u_t)$	$Q_{lu}$	$(\bar{l}_p \gamma_\mu l_r)(\bar{u}_s \gamma^\mu u_t)$	
	$Q_{qq}^{(3)}$	$(\bar{q}_p \gamma_\mu \tau^I q_r)(\bar{q}_s \gamma^\mu \tau^I q_t)$	$Q_{dd}$	$(\bar{d}_p \gamma_\mu d_r)(\bar{d}_s \gamma^\mu d_t)$	$Q_{ld}$	$(\bar{l}_p \gamma_\mu l_r)(\bar{d}_s \gamma^\mu d_t)$	
	$Q_{lq}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{l}_p\gamma_\mu l_r)(\bar{q}_s\gamma^\mu q_t)$	$Q_{eu}$	$(\bar{e}_p \gamma_\mu e_r)(\bar{u}_s \gamma^\mu u_t)$	$Q_{qe}$	$(\bar{q}_p \gamma_\mu q_r)(\bar{e}_s \gamma^\mu e_t)$	
	$Q_{lq}^{(3)}$	$(\bar{l}_p \gamma_\mu \tau^I l_r) (\bar{q}_s \gamma^\mu \tau^I q_t)$	$Q_{ed}$	$(\bar{e}_p \gamma_\mu e_r)(\bar{d}_s \gamma^\mu d_t)$	$Q_{qu}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{q}_p \gamma_\mu q_r)(\bar{u}_s \gamma^\mu u_t)$	
	hancan revenue anno		$Q_{ud}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{u}_p \gamma_\mu u_r)(\bar{d}_s \gamma^\mu d_t)$	$Q_{qu}^{(8)}$	$\left  (\bar{q}_p \gamma_\mu T^A q_r) (\bar{u}_s \gamma^\mu T^A u_t) \right $	
			$Q_{ud}^{(8)}$	$\left  (\bar{u}_p \gamma_\mu T^A u_r) (\bar{d}_s \gamma^\mu T^A d_t) \right $	$Q_{qd}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{q}_p \gamma_\mu q_r)(\bar{d}_s \gamma^\mu d_t)$	
					$Q_{qd}^{(8)}$	$\left  (\bar{q}_p \gamma_\mu T^A q_r) (\bar{d}_s \gamma^\mu T^A d_t) \right $	
	$(\bar{L}R)$	$(\bar{R}L)$ and $(\bar{L}R)(\bar{L}R)$	B-violating				
	$Q_{ledq}$	$(ar{l}_p^j e_r) (ar{d}_s q_t^j)$	$Q_{duq}$	$\varepsilon^{\alpha\beta\gamma}\varepsilon_{jk}\left[(d_p^{\alpha})^TCu_r^{\beta}\right]\left[(q_s^{\gamma j})^TCl_t^k\right]$			
	$Q_{quqd}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{q}_p^j u_r) \varepsilon_{jk} (\bar{q}_s^k d_t)$	$Q_{qqu}$	$\varepsilon^{lphaeta\gamma}arepsilon_{jk}\left[\left(q_p^{lpha j} ight)$	$^T C q_r^{\beta k}$	$\begin{bmatrix} (u_s^{\gamma})^T C e_t \end{bmatrix}$	
	$Q_{quqd}^{(8)}$	$(\bar{q}_p^j T^A u_r) \varepsilon_{jk} (\bar{q}_s^k T^A d_t)$	$Q_{qqq}^{(1)}$	$Q_{qqq}^{(1)} \qquad \qquad \varepsilon^{\alpha\beta\gamma}\varepsilon_{jk}\varepsilon_{mn} \left[ (q_p^{\alpha j})^T C q_r^{\beta k} \right] \left[ (q_s^{\gamma m})^T C l_t^n \right]$			
para-an	$Q_{lequ}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{l}_p^j e_r) \varepsilon_{jk} (\bar{q}_s^k u_t)$	$Q_{qqq}^{(3)}$	$Q_{qqq}^{(3)} = \varepsilon^{\alpha\beta\gamma} (\tau^I \varepsilon)_{jk} (\tau^I \varepsilon)_{mn} \left[ (q_p^{\alpha j})^T C q_r^{\beta k} \right] \left[ (q_s^{\gamma m})^T C l_t^n \right]$			
homen	$Q_{lequ}^{(3)}$	$(\bar{l}_p^j \sigma_{\mu\nu} e_r) \varepsilon_{jk} (\bar{q}_s^k \sigma^{\mu\nu} u_t)$	$Q_{duu}$	$\varepsilon^{lphaeta\gamma}\left[(d_p^lpha)^T ight]$	$Cu_r^{\beta}$	$\left[ (u_s^{\gamma})^T C e_t \right]$	

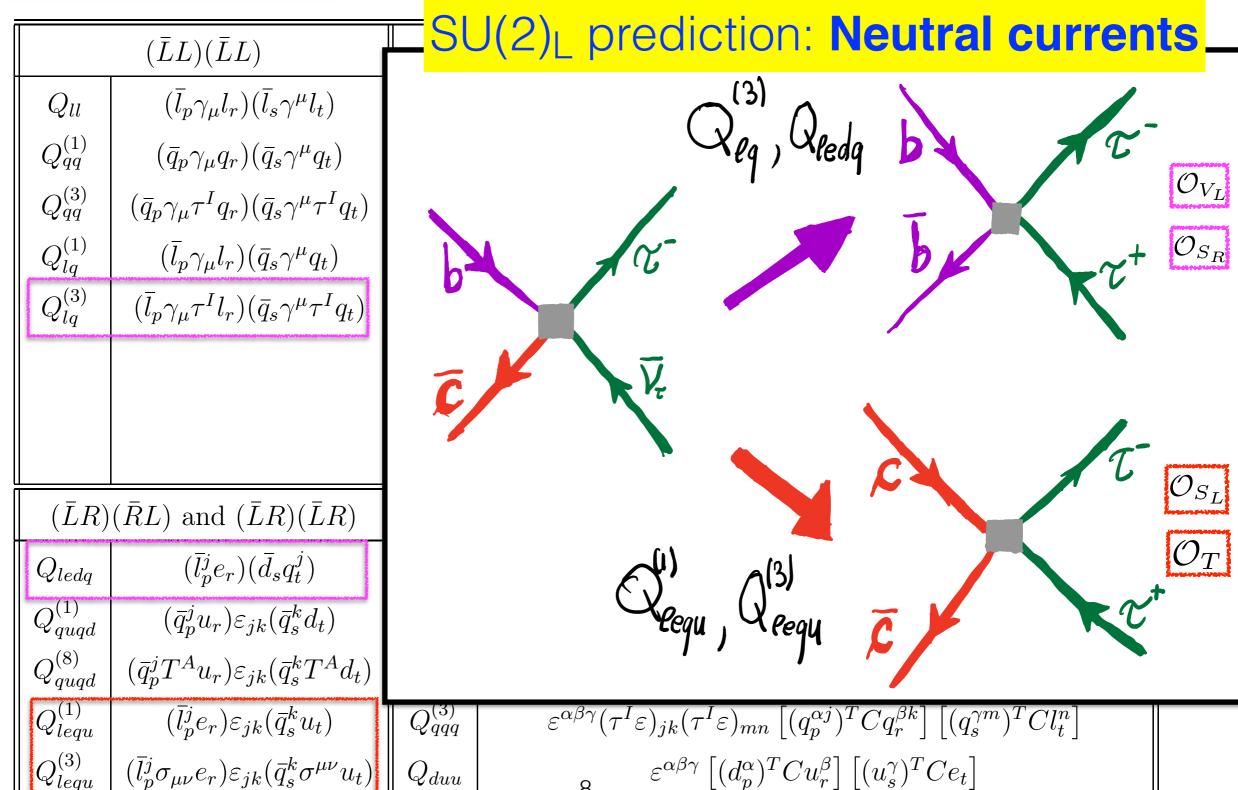
 $\mathcal{O}_{V_L}$ 

### SM EFT consideration & Implications for high-p<sub>T</sub> LHC

Complete dim-6 operator basis:

$$\mathcal{L}_{eff.}(x) = \mathcal{L}_{SM}(x) + \frac{1}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{L}_6(x) + \dots$$

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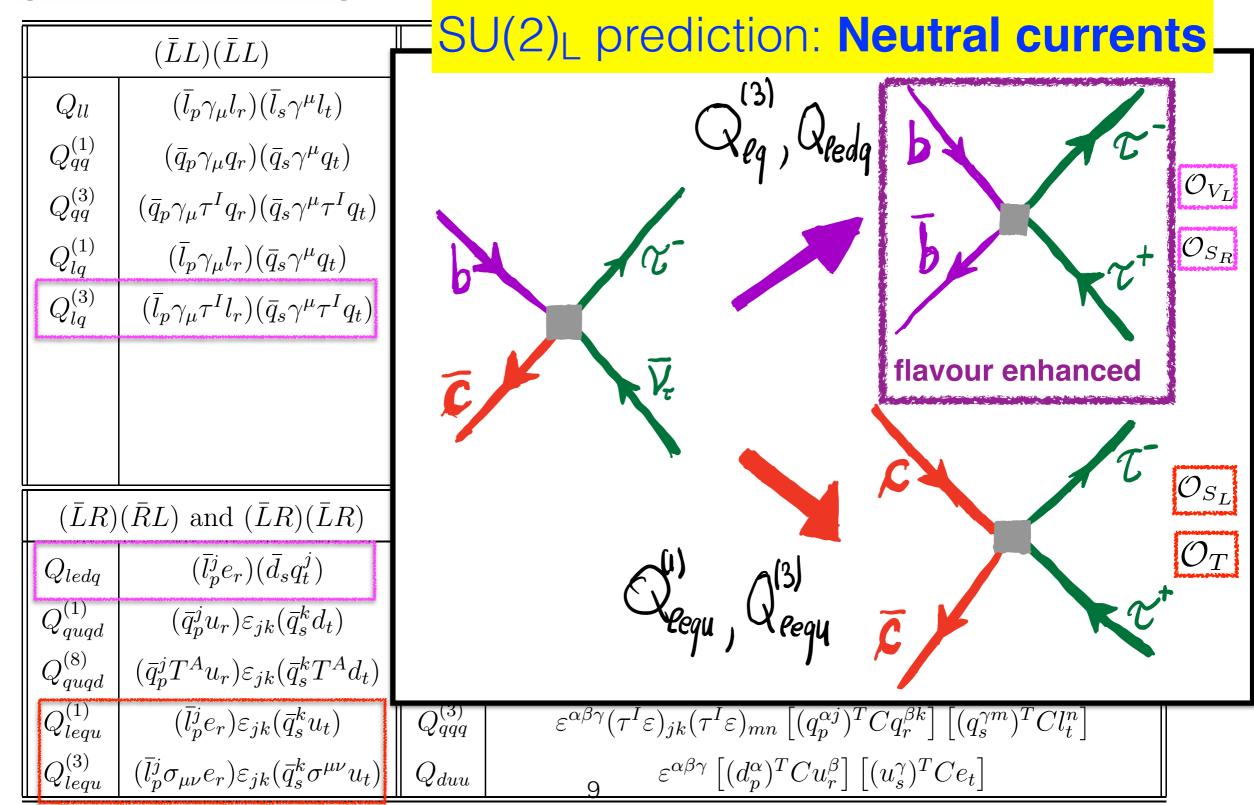


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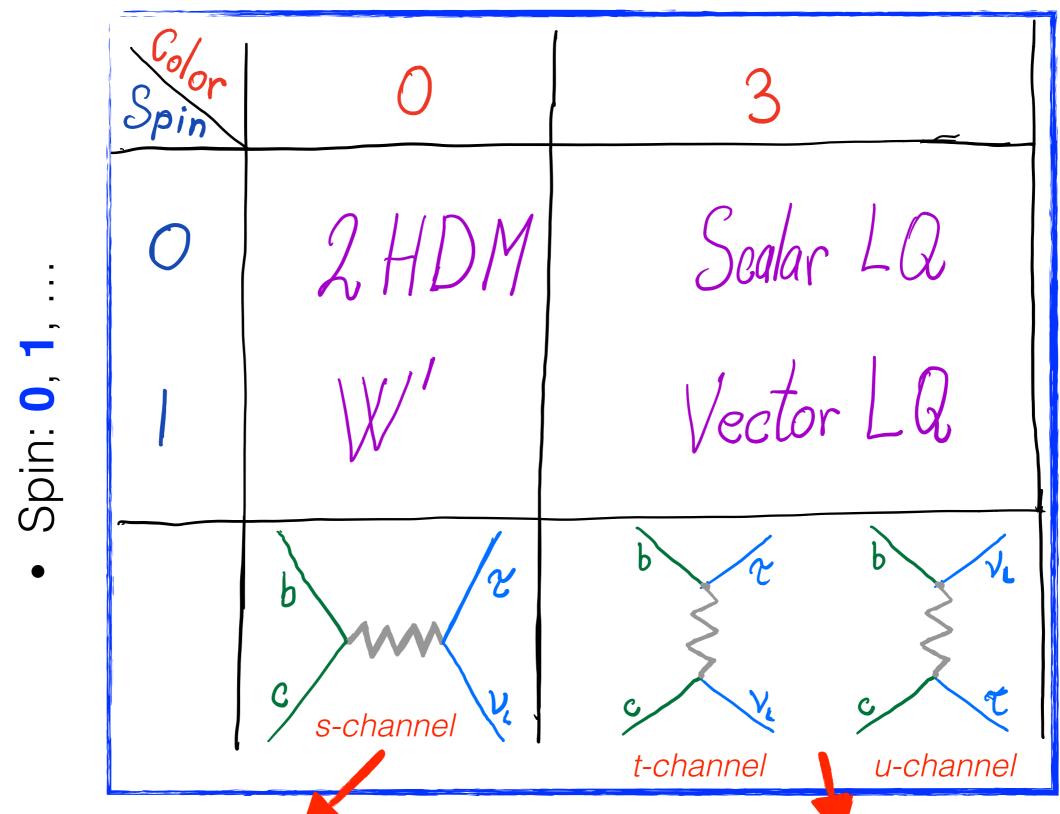
$$\mathcal{L}_{eff.}(x) = \mathcal{L}_{SM}(x) + \frac{1}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{L}_6(x) + \dots$$

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### Single mediator models (8 options)

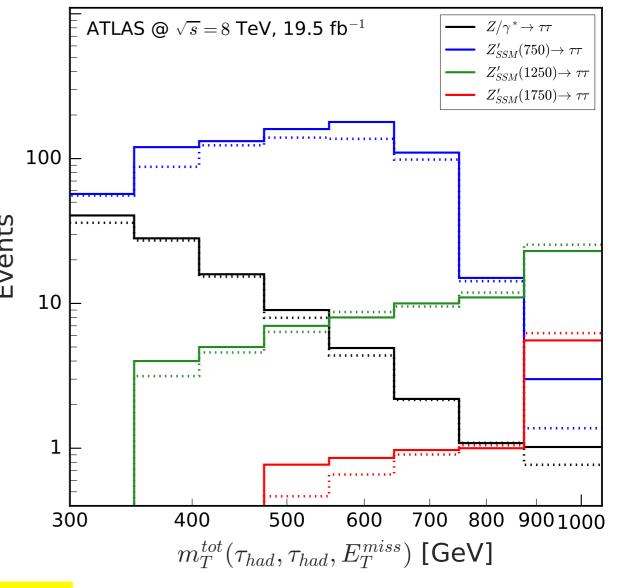
Color: 0 or 3



[ATLAS Collaboration], JHEP 1507, 157 (2015)

### Recast of $\tau^+\tau^-$ resonance searches at the LHC

- Correlated high-p<sub>T</sub> events have peculiar kinematics
- Full simulation pipeline: FeynRules>MadGraph>Pythia>Delphes
- Validated against the SM bkg, and the Sequential SM Z'
- Set limits on a model's parameter space by fitting the total transverse mass variable:



$$m_T^{\text{tot}} \equiv \sqrt{m_T^2(\tau_1, \tau_2) + m_T^2(\cancel{E}_T, \tau_1) + m_T^2(\cancel{E}_T, \tau_2)}.$$

# Warm-up exercise: EFT

$$\mathcal{L}^{\text{eff}} \supset c_{QQLL}^{ijkl}(\bar{Q}_i\gamma_\mu\sigma^aQ_j)(\bar{L}_k\gamma^\mu\sigma_aL_l)$$

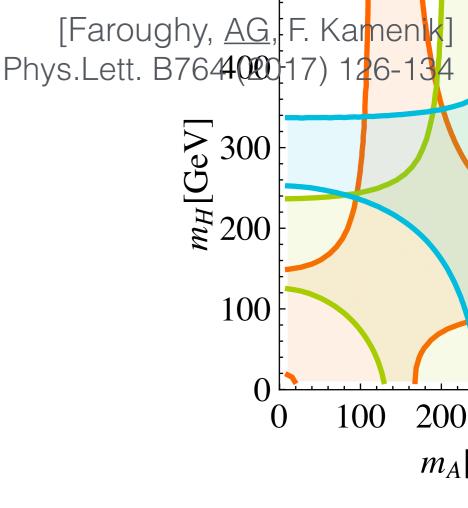
(1) Dominant couplings with the third generation

$$c_{QQLL}^{ijkl} \simeq c_{QQLL} \delta_{i3} \delta_{j3} \delta_{k3} \delta_{l3}$$

(2) Flavor alignment with down quarks and charged leptons (to avoid FCNC in the down sector)

$$Q_i = (V_{ji}^* u_L^j, d_L^i)^T \text{ and } L_i = (U_{ji}^* \nu^j, \ell_L^i)^T$$

AG, Isidori, Marzocca, JHEP 1507 (2015) 142



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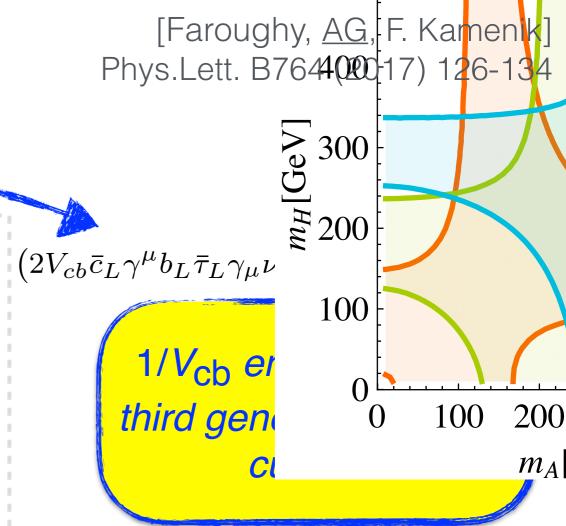
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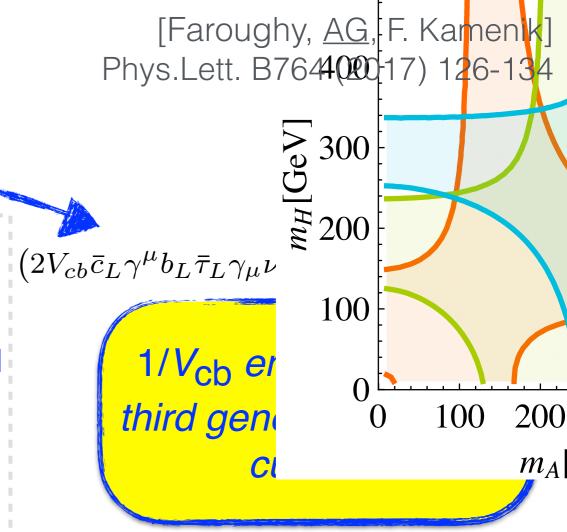
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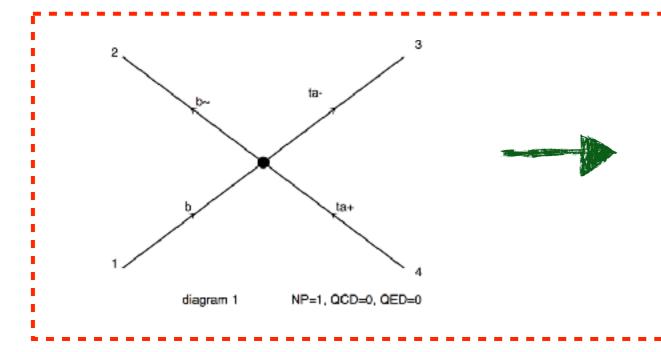
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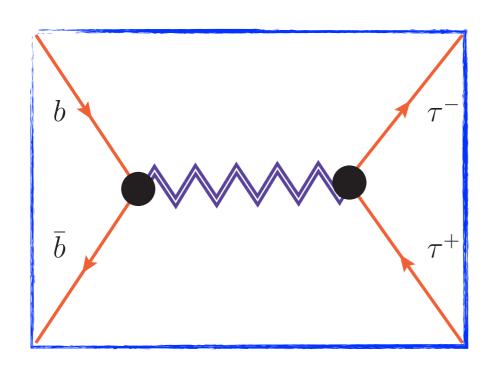


Recast of  $\tau^+\tau^-$  ATLAS search:  $|c_{QQLL}| < 2.8~{\rm TeV}^{-2}~{\rm at}~95\%~{\rm CL}$ 

Fit to R(D\*) anomaly:  $c_{QQLL} \simeq -(2.1 \pm 0.5) \, \mathrm{TeV}^{-2}$ 

\*Similar conclusions for  $c^{ijkl}_{dQLe}(\bar{d}^i_RQ_j)(\bar{L}_k\ell^l_R)$ 

# Single mediator models - LHC limits



b  $\tau^ \bar{b}$   $\tau^+$ 

- W'
- 2HDM

- Vector LQ
- · Scalar LQ

# Vector Triplet Model - W'

Introduce a heavy spin-1 weak triplet

$$\mathcal{L}_{W'} = -\frac{1}{4} W'^{a\mu\nu} W'^{a}_{\mu\nu} + \frac{M_{W'}^{2}}{2} W'^{a\mu} W'^{a}_{\mu} + W'^{a}_{\mu} J^{a\mu}_{W'}$$

$$J^{a\mu}_{W'} \equiv \lambda^{q}_{ij} \bar{Q}_{i} \gamma^{\mu} \sigma^{a} Q_{j} + \lambda^{\ell}_{ij} \bar{L}_{i} \gamma^{\mu} \sigma^{a} L_{j} .$$

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$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
2) b $\rightarrow$ cv $\mu(e)$ $\Delta R_{b\rightarrow c}^{\mu e}$ $0.00\pm0.01$ $2\epsilon_{\ell}\epsilon_{q}\lambda_{\mu\mu}^{\ell}$	
$0 \rightarrow 0$	
3) $B_s  {\rm mix} \qquad \Delta R_{B_s}^{\Delta F=2} \qquad \qquad 0.0 \pm 0.1 \qquad \qquad$	1
4) bas $\mu$ $\mu$ $\Delta C_9^\mu$ $-0.53 \pm 0.18$ $-(\pi/\alpha_{\rm em})\lambda_{\mu\mu}^\ell \epsilon_\ell \epsilon_q \lambda_{bs}^q/ V_{tb}^*V_{tb} $	$ T_{ts} $
5) $\tau \to \vee \nu \mu(e) \Delta R_{\tau \to \mu/e}$ 0.0040 \(\pm 0.0032\) $2\epsilon_{\ell}^2 \left(\lambda_{\mu\mu}^{\ell} - \frac{1}{2} \lambda_{\tau\mu}^{\ell} ^2\right)$	
6) $\tau \to 3\mu$ $\Lambda_{\tau\mu}^{-2}$ $\left[ (0.0 \pm 4.1) \times 10^{-9} \ [\text{GeV}^{-2}] \right]$ $(G_F/\sqrt{2})\epsilon_\ell^2 \lambda_{\mu\mu}^\ell \lambda_{\tau\mu}^\ell$	
7) $D \min \Lambda_{uc}^{-2} \qquad \left  (0.0 \pm 5.6) \times 10^{-14}  [\text{GeV}^{-2}]  \right  \qquad (G_F/\sqrt{2}) \epsilon_q^2  V_{ub} V_{cb}^* ^2$	

### Flavour fit

$$\mathcal{L}^{\text{eff}} \supset c_{QQLL}^{ijkl}(\bar{Q}_i\gamma_\mu\sigma^aQ_j)(\bar{L}_k\gamma^\mu\sigma_aL_l)$$

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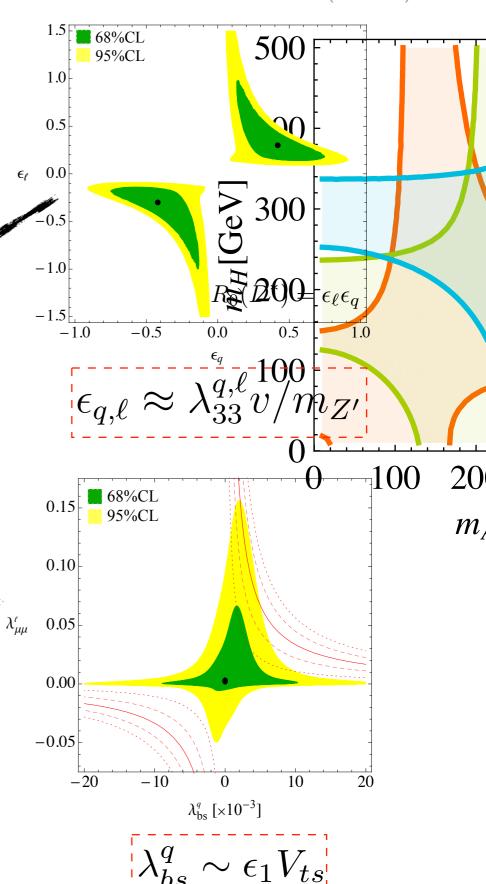
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AG, Isidori Marzocca, JHEP 1507 (2015) 142

# Flavour fit: Conclusions



### Vector Triplet Model: LHC phenomenology

#### Low-energy flavour physics

$$-g_b g_\tau / M_{W'}^2 \simeq -(2.1 \pm 0.5) \,\mathrm{TeV}^{-2}$$

(1) Dominant decays to third generation SM fermions(2) Production from the heavy quark flavour

#### Electroweak precision:

Small mass splitting in the multiplet



### Vector Triplet Model: LHC phenomenology

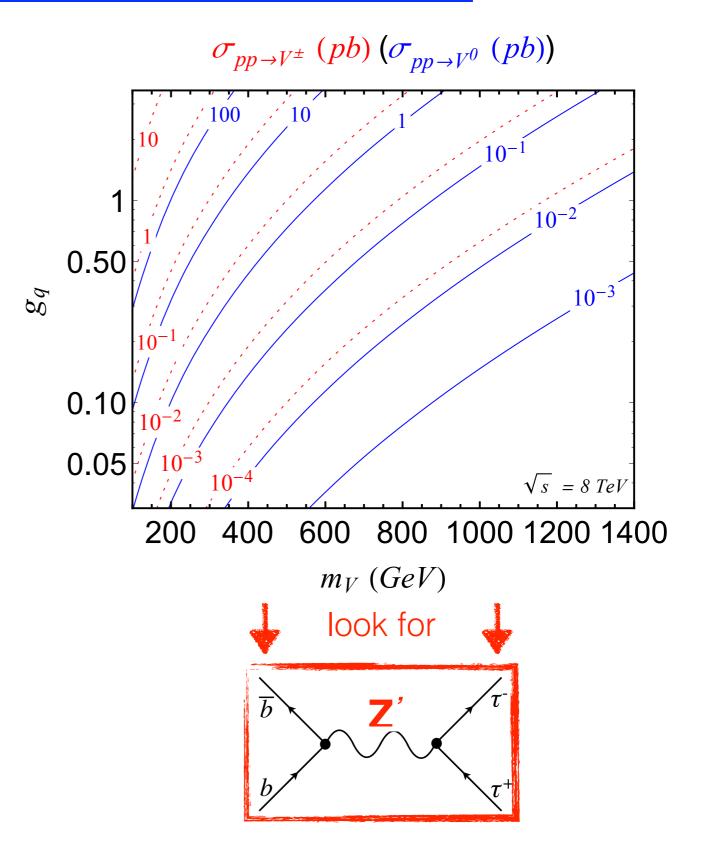
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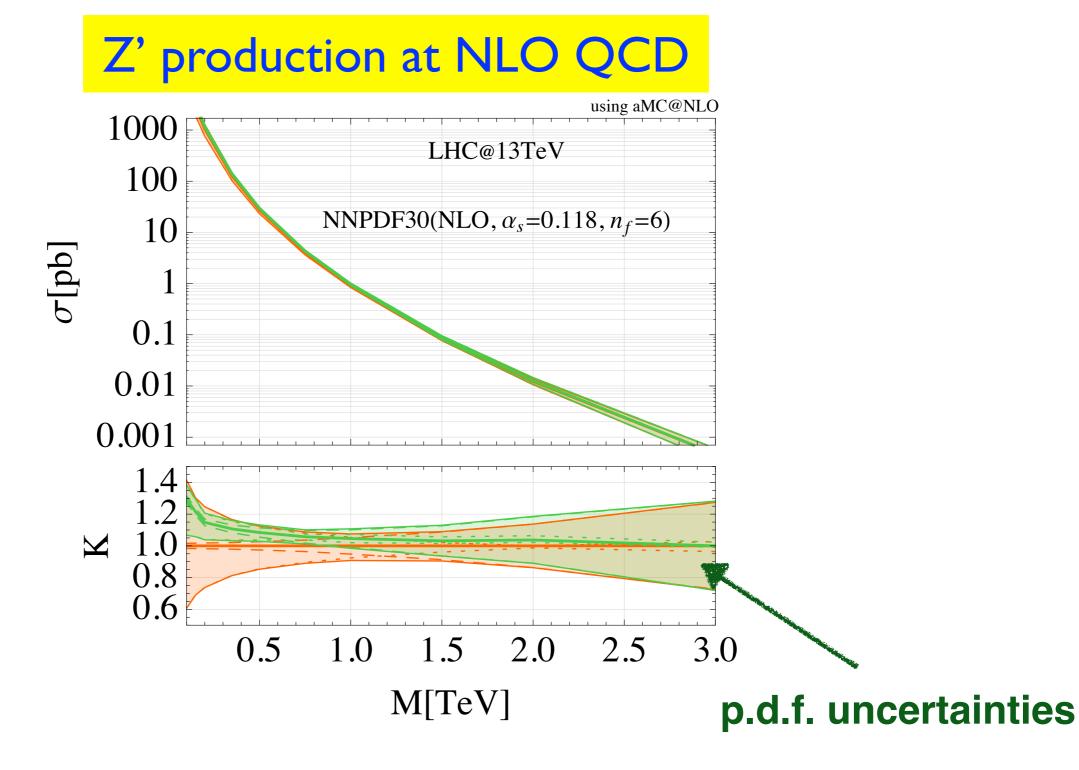
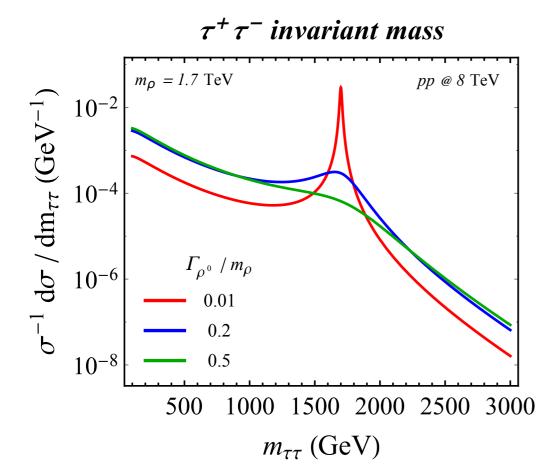
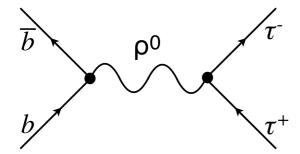


Figure 3: Next-to-leading order QCD corrections for a narrow Z' production via bottom-bottom fusion.

### LHC phenomenology: Vector Triplet Model





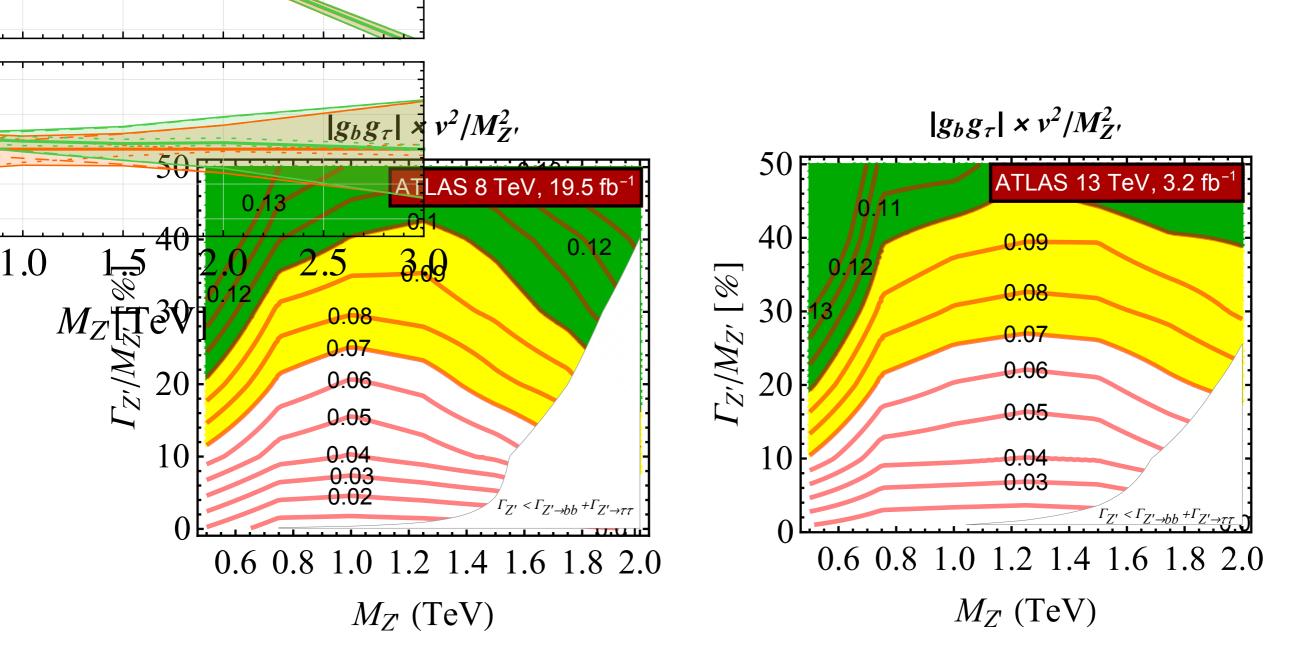
[Buttazzo, AG, Isidori, Marzocca] JHEP 1608 (2016) 035

- Important to optimise searches for the broad resonances
- Careful extraction of the bounds is in order (recast)

[Faroughy, <u>AG</u>, F. Kamenik] Phys.Lett. B764 (2017) 126-134

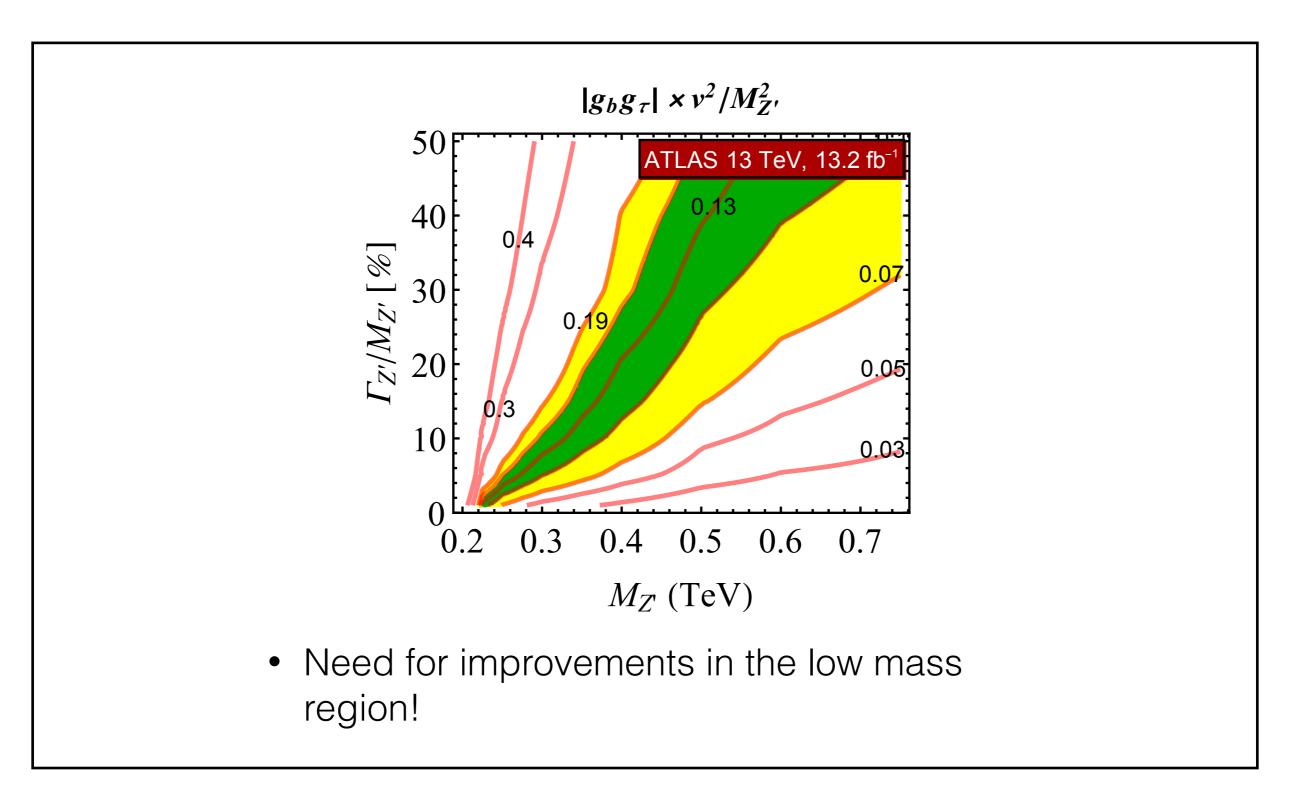
Set a limit on  $|g_bg_\tau|$  as a function of the Z' mass and the total width

### Vector triplet model: 8 & 13 TeV recast bounds



 Recast of the ATLAS TT searches at 8 TeV, 19.5 fb<sup>-1</sup> (left) and 13 TeV, 3.2 fb<sup>-1</sup> (right)

### Vector triplet model: 8 & 13 TeV recast bounds

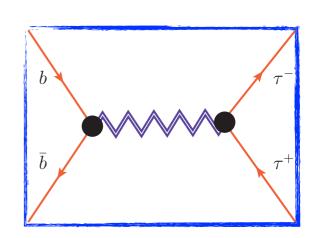


# Two Higgs doublet model

$$H' \sim (H^+, (H^0 + iA^0)/\sqrt{2})$$

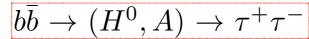
$$\mathcal{L}_{H'} = |D^{\mu}H'|^2 - M_{H'}^2 |H'|^2 - \lambda_{H'}|H'|^4 - \delta V(H', H)$$

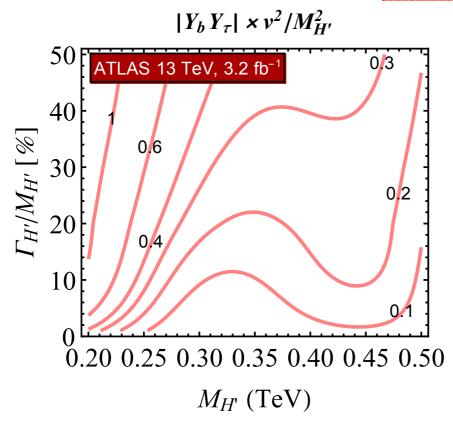
$$- Y_b \bar{Q}_3 H' b_R - Y_c \bar{Q}_3 \tilde{H}' c_R - Y_\tau \bar{L}_3 H' \tau_R + \text{h.c.},$$

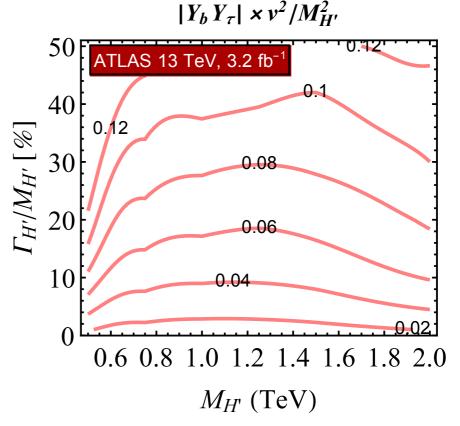


#### Fit to R(D\*) anomaly

$$Y_b Y_\tau^* \times v^2 / M_{H^+}^2 = (2.9 \pm 0.8)$$







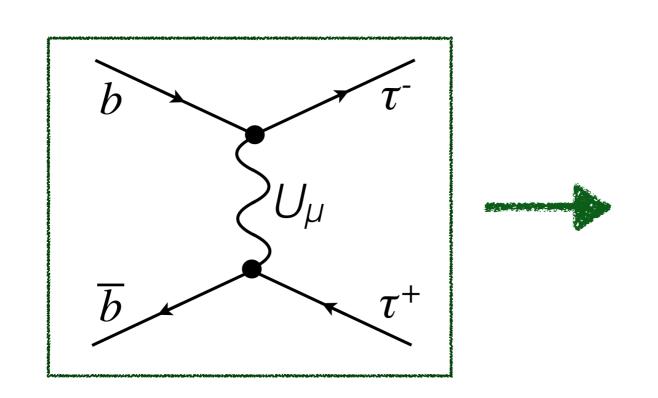
[Faroughy, <u>AG</u>, F. Kamenik] Phys.Lett. B764 (2017) 126-134

## Vector Leptoquark: (3,1,2/3)

$$\mathcal{L}_U \supset -rac{1}{2}U^\dagger_{\mu
u}U^{\mu
u} + m_U^2U^\dagger_\mu U^\mu + (J^\mu_U U_\mu + \mathrm{h.c.}),$$
  $J^\mu_U \equiv g_U \; eta_{ij} \; ar{Q}_i \gamma^\mu L_j \; .$  [Barbieri, Isidori, Pattori, Senia] Eur.Phys.J. C76 (2016) no.2, 67

#### Integrating out the LQ

$$\mathcal{L}_{U}^{\text{eff}} \supset -\frac{|g_{U}|^{2}}{M_{U}^{2}} \left[ V_{cb}(\bar{c}_{L}\gamma^{\mu}b_{L})(\bar{\tau}_{L}\gamma_{\mu}\nu_{L}) + (\bar{b}_{L}\gamma^{\mu}b_{L})(\bar{\tau}_{L}\gamma_{\mu}\tau_{L}) \right]$$



# Vector LQ exclusion ATLAS ττ: 13 TeV, 3.2 fb<sup>-1</sup> ATLAS $\tau\tau$ : 8 TeV, 19.5 fb<sup>-1</sup> 13TeV, 300 fb 0.5 1.0 2.0 $M_U$ (TeV)

## Scalar Leptoquark: (3,2,1/6)

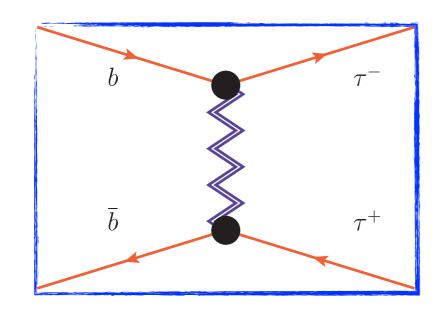
\*with the right-handed neutrino

$$\mathcal{L}_{\Delta} \supset Y_L^{ij} \bar{d}_i (i\sigma_2 \Delta^*)^{\dagger} L_j + Y_R^{i\nu} \bar{Q}_i \Delta \nu_R + \text{h.c.}$$
.

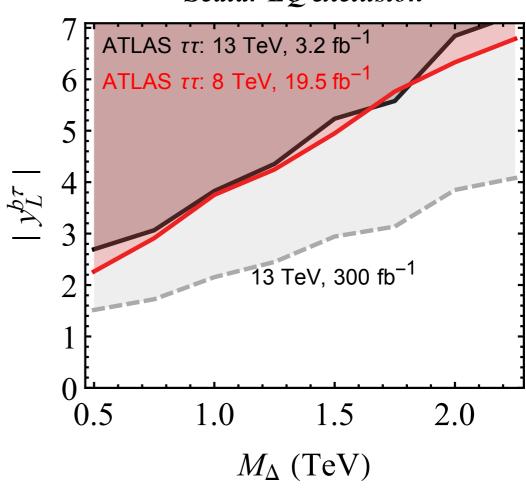
[Becirevic, Fajfer, Sumensari, Kosnik] Phys.Rev. D94 (2016) no.11, 115021

#### Fit to R(D\*) anomaly

$$\left(\frac{Y_R^{b\nu} Y_L^{b\tau*}}{g_w^2}\right) \left(\frac{M_W}{M_\Delta}\right)^2 = 1.2 \pm 0.3$$

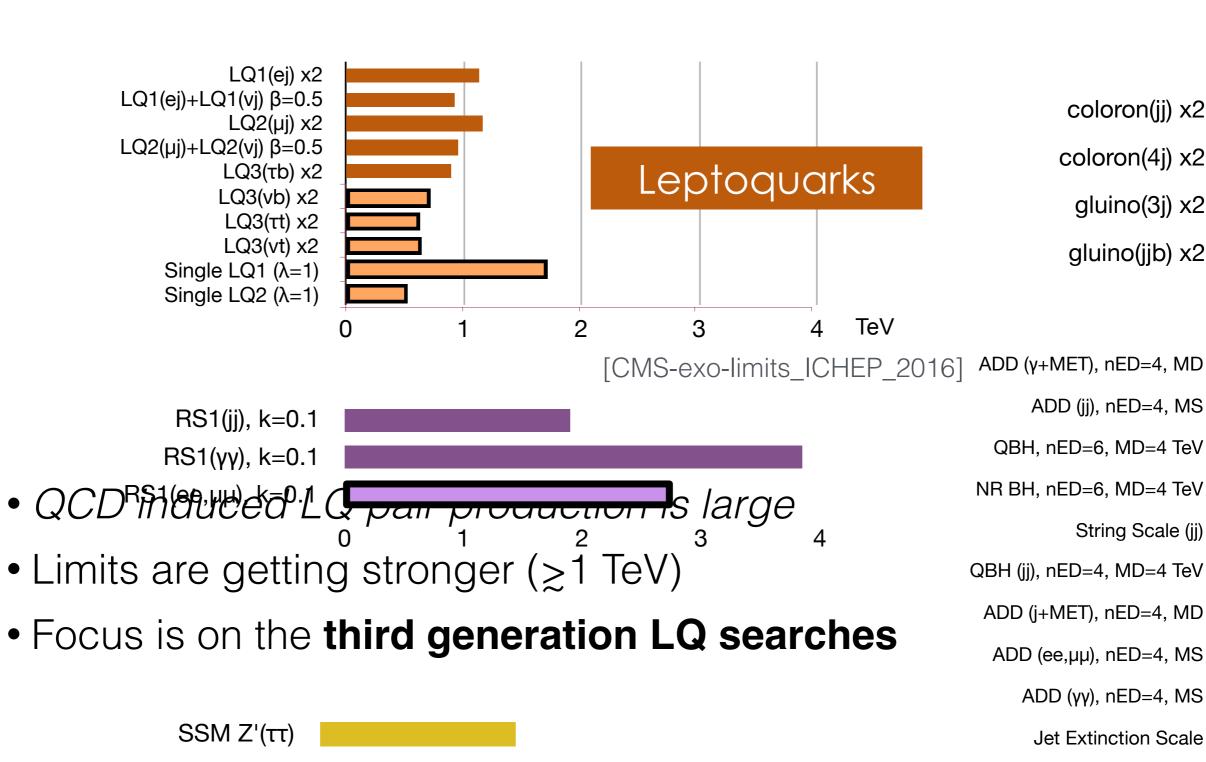


#### Scalar LQ exclusion



 $Y_{R}^{b au}$  is pushed to non-perturbative values

# Other signatures at the LHC



SSM Z'(jj)

SSM  $Z'(ee)+Z'(\mu\mu)$ 

coloron(jj) x2

coloron(4j) x2

gluino(3j) x2

gluino(jjb) x2

String Scale (jj)

# Summary: Models subject to T+T- search limits

	Operator		Fierz identity	Allowed Current	$\delta \mathcal{L}_{ ext{int}}$	
$\overline{\mathcal{O}_{V_L}}$	$(\bar{c}\gamma_{\mu}P_{L}b)(\bar{\tau}\gamma^{\mu}P_{L} u)$			$({f 1},{f 3})_0$	$(g_q \bar{q}_L \boldsymbol{\tau} \gamma^{\mu} q_L + g_{\ell} \bar{\ell}_L \boldsymbol{\tau} \gamma^{\mu} \ell_L) W'_{\mu}  \blacktriangleleft$	- YES
$\mathcal{O}_{V_R}$	$(\bar{c}\gamma_{\mu}P_{R}b)(\bar{\tau}\gamma^{\mu}P_{L}\nu)$					
$\mathcal{O}_{S_R}$	$(\bar{c}P_Rb)(\bar{\tau}P_L u)$			\(1.0)		4 VEC
$\mathcal{O}_{{S}_L}$	$\left(ar{c}P_Lb ight)\left(ar{ au}P_L u ight)$			$\rangle$ (1, 2) <sub>1/2</sub>	$(\lambda_d ar{q}_L d_R \phi + \lambda_u ar{q}_L u_R i  au_2 \phi^\dagger + \lambda_\ell ar{\ell}_L e_R \phi)$	YES
$\mathcal{O}_T$	$(\bar{c}\sigma^{\mu\nu}P_Lb)(\bar{\tau}\sigma_{\mu\nu}P_L\nu)$					
$\mathcal{O}'_{V_L}$	$(\bar{\tau}\gamma_{\mu}P_{L}b)(\bar{c}\gamma^{\mu}P_{L}\nu)$	$\longleftrightarrow$	$\mathcal{O}_{V_L}$	$(3,3)_{2/3}$	$\lambda ar{q}_L oldsymbol{ au} \gamma_\mu \ell_L oldsymbol{U}^\mu$	- YES
			\	$(3,1)_{2/3}$	$(\lambda \bar{q}_L \gamma_\mu \ell_L + \tilde{\lambda} \bar{d}_R \gamma_\mu e_R) U^\mu$	YES
$\mathcal{O}'_{V_R}$	$(ar{ au}\gamma_{\mu}P_Rb)(ar{c}\gamma^{\mu}P_L u)$	$\longleftrightarrow$	$-2\mathcal{O}_{S_R}$	/(=,=/2/3	(* 12  μ-1   * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
$\mathcal{O}_{S_R}'$	$(ar{ au}P_Rb)(ar{c}P_L u)$	$\longleftrightarrow$	$-rac{1}{2}\mathcal{O}_{V_R}$	()	() = () = (° - () > 0 - 0 - 1	d <b>4</b> !1
$\mathcal{O}'_{{}^{S}L}$	$(\bar{\tau}P_Lb)(\bar{c}P_L\nu)$		$-\frac{1}{2}\mathcal{O}_{S_L} - \frac{1}{8}\mathcal{O}_T$	$(3,2)_{7/6}$	$(\lambda  ar{u}_R \ell_L +  ilde{\lambda}  ar{q}_L i  au_2 e_R) R$ not	a good tit
$\mathcal{O}_T'$	$(\bar{\tau}\sigma^{\mu\nu}P_Lb)(\bar{c}\sigma_{\mu\nu}P_L\nu)$	$\longleftrightarrow$	$-6\mathcal{O}_{S_L} + \frac{1}{2}\mathcal{O}_T$			
$\mathcal{O}_{V_L}''$	$\left(ar{ au}\gamma_{\mu}P_{L}c^{c} ight)\left(ar{b}^{c}\gamma^{\mu}P_{L} u ight)$	$\longleftrightarrow$	$-\mathcal{O}_{V_R}$			
$\mathcal{O}_{V_R}''$	$(ar{ au}\gamma_{\mu}P_Rc^c)(ar{b}^c\gamma^{\mu}P_L u)$	$\longleftrightarrow$	$-2\mathcal{O}_{S_R}$	$(\bar{\bf 3},{f 2})_{5/6}$	$(\lambdaar{d}_R^c\gamma_\mu\ell_L+ ilde{\lambda}ar{q}_L^c\gamma_\mu e_R)V^\mu$	- YES
$\mathcal{O}_{S_R}^{\prime\prime}$	$(ar{ au}P_Rc^c)(ar{b}^cP_L u)$	$\longleftrightarrow$	$rac{1}{2}\mathcal{O}_{V_L}\Big\langle$	$(\bar{\bf 3},{\bf 3})_{1/3}$	$\lambdaar{q}_L^c i au_2oldsymbol{ au}\ell_Loldsymbol{S}$	YES
(D)	$(=D \circ c) (\overline{L}c D \dots)$	, ,	\	$\langle \bar{3}, 1 \rangle_{1/3}$	$(\lambdaar{q}_L^c i au_2\ell_L +  ilde{\lambda}ar{u}_R^c e_R)S$	
$\mathcal{O}_{S_L}^{\prime\prime}$	$(\bar{\tau}P_Lc^c)(\bar{b}^cP_L\nu)$		$-\frac{1}{2}\mathcal{O}_{S_L} + \frac{1}{8}\mathcal{O}_T$	/ ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` `		No
$\mathcal{O}_T''$	$\left[ \left( ar{ au} \sigma^{\mu  u} P_L c^c  ight) \left( ar{b}^c \sigma_{\mu  u} P_L  u  ight)$	$\longleftrightarrow$	$-6\mathcal{O}_{S_L} - \frac{1}{2}\mathcal{O}_T$			110

Table taken from [Freytsis, Ligeti, Ruderman] Phys.Rev. D92 (2015) no.5, 054018 For the last model, see [Bauer, Neubert] Phys.Rev.Lett. 116 (2016) no.14, 141802

### Conclusions

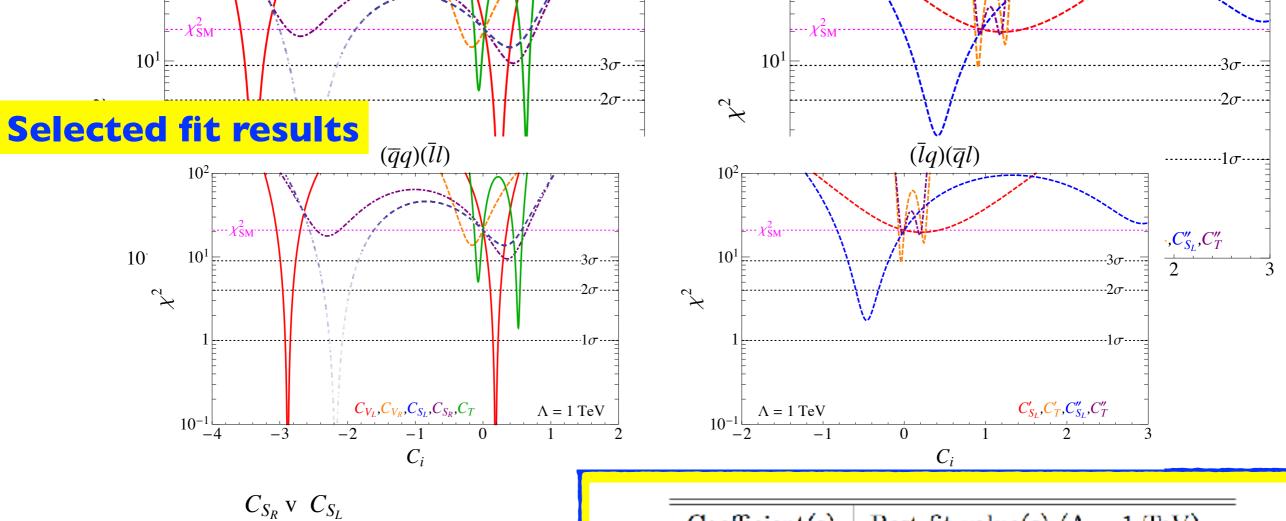
- R(D<sup>(\*)</sup>) excess implies signal in the Tau-Tau searches at high p<sub>T</sub>
- Do not miss wide (or light) resonances, nor tails

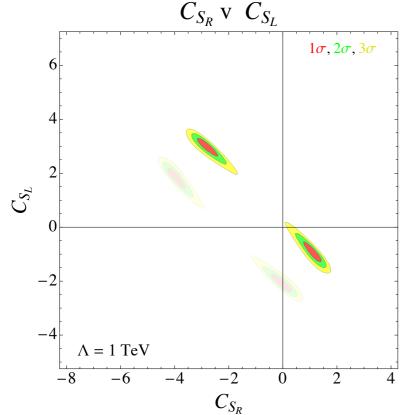
# Final talk's optimism

 Maybe BSM in the interplay of flavour and collider physics in years to come...



# Backup slides



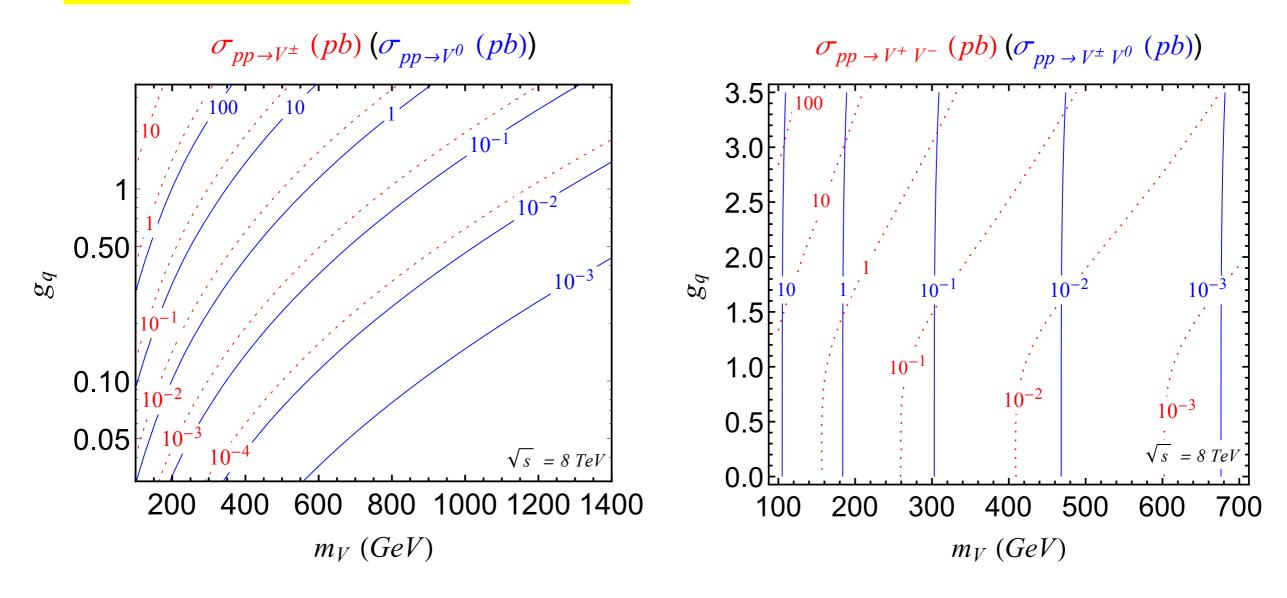


Coefficient(s)	Best fit value(s) $(\Lambda = 1 \text{ TeV})$		
$C_{V_L}$	$0.18 \pm 0.04, -2.88 \pm 0.04$		
$C_T$	$0.52 \pm 0.02,  -0.07 \pm 0.02$		
$C_{S_L}^{\prime\prime}$	$-0.46 \pm 0.09$		
$(C_R,C_L)$	(1.25, -1.02), (-2.84, 3.08)		
$(C_{V_R}^\prime,C_{V_L}^\prime)$	(-0.01, 0.18), (0.01, -2.88)		
$(C_{S_R}^{\prime\prime},C_{S_L}^{\prime\prime})$	(0.35, -0.03), (0.96, 2.41),		
	(-5.74, 0.03), (-6.34, -2.39)		

TABLE III. Best-fit operator coefficients with acceptable  $q^2$  spectra and  $\chi^2_{\rm min}$  < 5.

### LHC phenomenology: Vector Triplet Model

### Production cross sections:



- <u>Left</u>: single *V* production ( $bb \rightarrow V^0$ ,  $bc \rightarrow V^+$ )
- Right: pair production

### VTM: Low-energy flavour physics

SU(2), triplet current:

$$J_{\mu}^{a} = g_{q} \lambda_{ij}^{q} \left( \bar{q}_{L}^{i} \gamma_{\mu} \tau^{a} q_{L}^{j} \right) + g_{\ell} \lambda_{ij}^{\ell} \left( \bar{\ell}_{L}^{i} \gamma_{\mu} \tau^{a} \ell_{L}^{j} \right)$$

$$\tau^{a} = \sigma^{a}/2$$

$$\Delta \mathcal{L}_{4f}^{(T)} = -\frac{1}{2m_V^2} J_\mu^a J_\mu^a$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{quark x lepton} & \Delta\mathcal{L}_{\mathrm{c.c.}}^{(T)} = -\frac{g_q g_\ell}{2m_V^2} \left[ (V \lambda^q)_{ij} \lambda_{ab}^\ell \left( \bar{u}_L^i \gamma_\mu d_L^j \right) \left( \bar{\ell}_L^a \gamma_\mu \nu_L^b \right) + \mathrm{h.c.} \right] \,, \\ & \Delta\mathcal{L}_{\mathrm{FCNC}}^{(T)} = -\frac{g_q g_\ell}{4m_V^2} \lambda_{ab}^\ell \left[ \lambda_{ij}^q \left( \bar{d}_L^i \gamma_\mu d_L^j \right) - (V \lambda^q V^\dagger)_{ij} \left( \bar{u}_L^i \gamma_\mu u_L^j \right) \right] \left( \bar{\ell}_L^a \gamma_\mu \ell_L^b - \bar{\nu}_L^a \gamma_\mu \nu_L^b \right) \\ & \mathrm{quark} \times \mathrm{quark} & \Delta\mathcal{L}_{\Delta F=2}^{(T)} = -\frac{g_q^2}{8m_V^2} \left[ (\lambda_{ij}^q)^2 \left( \bar{d}_L^i \gamma_\mu d_L^j \right)^2 + (V \lambda^q V^\dagger)_{ij}^2 \left( \bar{u}_L^i \gamma_\mu u_L^j \right)^2 \right] \,, \\ & \mathrm{lepton} \times \mathrm{lepton} & \Delta\mathcal{L}_{\mathrm{LFV}}^{(T)} = -\frac{g_\ell^2}{8m_V^2} \lambda_{ab}^\ell \lambda_{cd}^\ell (\bar{\ell}_L^a \gamma_\mu \ell_L^b) (\bar{\ell}_L^c \gamma_\mu \ell_L^d) \,, \\ & \Delta\mathcal{L}_{\mathrm{LFU}}^{(T)} = -\frac{g_\ell^2}{8m_V^2} (-2 \lambda_{ab}^\ell \lambda_{cd}^\ell + 4 \lambda_{ad}^\ell \lambda_{cb}^\ell) (\bar{\ell}_L^a \gamma_\mu \ell_L^b) (\bar{\nu}_L^c \gamma_\mu \nu_L^d) \,. \end{array}$$

# VTM: Combined fit to low-energy data

• Fit parameters: 
$$\epsilon_{\ell,q} \equiv \frac{g_{\ell,q} \, m_W}{g \, m_V} \approx g_{\ell,q} \frac{122 \, {
m GeV}}{m_V}$$
  $[\lambda_{bs}^{ar q}, \lambda_{\mu\mu}^{\ell}, \lambda_{\tau\mu}^{\ell}]$ 

• 2 flavour universal

$$[\lambda_{bs}^q,\,\lambda_{\mu\mu}^\ell,\,\lambda_{ au\mu}^\ell]$$

• 3 flavour dependent

Data:

	Obs. $\mathcal{O}_i$	Exp. bound $(\mu_i \pm \sigma_i)$	Def. $\mathcal{O}_i(x_\alpha)$
4\  - \	$R_0(D^*)$	$0.14 \pm 0.04$	$\epsilon_\ell\epsilon_q$
1) b→c τ v	$R_0(D)$	$0.19 \pm 0.09$	$\epsilon_\ell \epsilon_q$
2) b→ cv <i>µ(e)</i>	$\Delta R_{b  o c}^{\mu e}$	$0.00 \pm 0.01$	$2\epsilon_{\ell}\epsilon_{q}\lambda_{\mu\mu}^{\ell}$
3) <i>B</i> <sub>s</sub> mix	$\Delta R_{B_s}^{\Delta F=2}$	$0.0 \pm 0.1$	$\epsilon_q^2  \lambda_{bs}^q ^2 ( V_{tb}^* V_{ts} ^2 R_{SM}^{loop})^{-1}$
4) b→s μ μ	$\Delta C_9^\mu$	$-0.53 \pm 0.18$	$-(\pi/\alpha_{\rm em})\lambda_{\mu\mu}^{\ell}\epsilon_{\ell}\epsilon_{q}\lambda_{bs}^{q}/ V_{tb}^{*}V_{ts} $
5) $\tau \rightarrow vv\mu(e)$	$\Delta R_{ au  o \mu/e}$	$0.0040 \pm 0.0032$	$2\epsilon_\ell^2 \left(\lambda_{\mu\mu}^\ell - \frac{1}{2} \lambda_{\tau\mu}^\ell ^2\right)$
6) $\tau \rightarrow 3\mu$	$\Lambda_{ au\mu}^{-2}$	$0.0 \pm 4.1 \times 10^{-9} [\text{GeV}^{-2}]$	$(G_F/\sqrt{2})\epsilon_\ell^2\lambda_{\mu\mu}^\ell\lambda_{ au\mu}^\ell$
7) <i>D</i> mix	$\Lambda_{uc}^{-2}$	$(0.0 \pm 5.6) \times 10^{-14}  [\text{GeV}^{-2}]$	$(G_F/\sqrt{2})\epsilon_q^2 V_{ub}V_{cb}^* ^2$

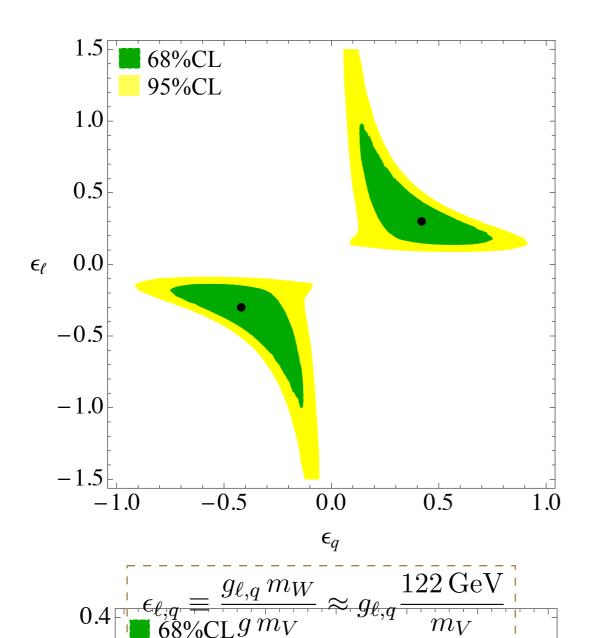
$$\chi^{2}(x_{\alpha}) = \sum_{i} \frac{(\mathcal{O}_{i}(x_{\alpha}) - \mu_{i})^{2}}{\sigma_{i}^{2}}$$
  $\chi^{2}(x_{\text{SM}}) - \chi^{2}(x_{\text{BF}}) = 18.6$ 

$$\chi^2(x_{\rm SM}) - \chi^2(x_{\rm BF}) = 18.6$$

# VTM: Combined fit to low-energy data

The fit is driven by

$$R_0(D^*) = \epsilon_\ell \epsilon_q$$



95%CL

• Some tension with  $\Delta C_9^\mu = -\Delta C_{10}^\mu = -0.53 \pm 0.18$ 

