

Development of Amplifier with Pulse Shaper for High Rate MWPC

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The KOTO Experiment

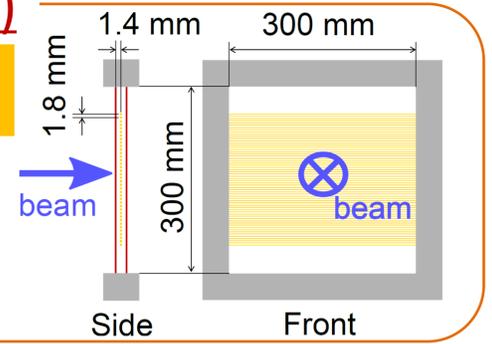
Search for $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$

- suppressed in SM (BR $\sim 2 \times 10^{-11}$)
- small theoretical uncertainty (2%)
- ➔ Sensitive to New Physics

Beam Hole Charged Veto(BHCV)

- Thin gap MWPC
 - low mass
 - high detection efficiency
- high rate γ, n flux (~ 1 GHz)
- hit rate: 700 kHz/channel (max.)

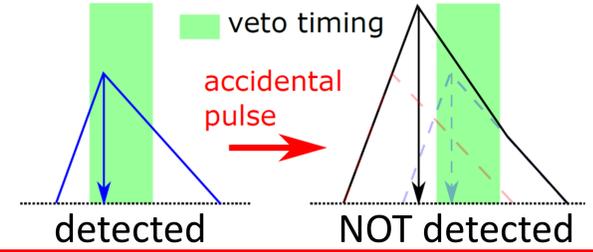
for more details:
Poster of K.Nakagiri



pulse pile-up

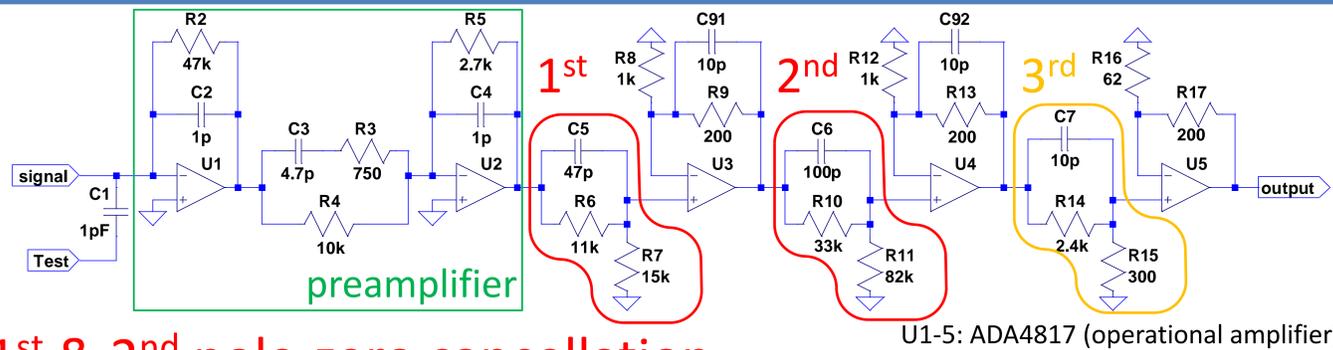
get wrong signal timing due to accidental pulse

➔ worse detection efficiency



SOLUTION: pulse shortening circuits (waveform shaper)
make an "exponential" waveform w/ short time constant

Design Technique: Three Successive Pole-Zero Cancellation



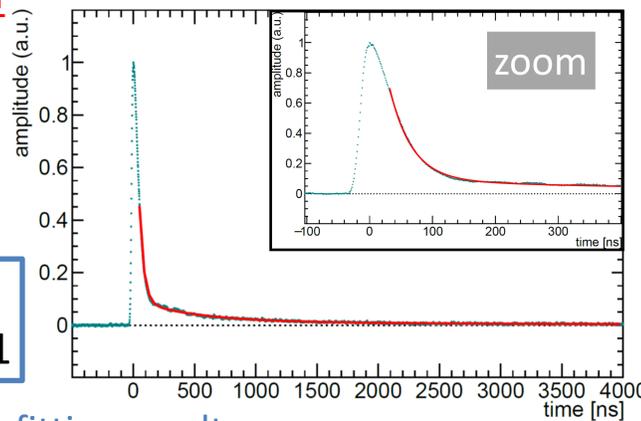
1st & 2nd pole-zero cancellation

tail region of preamplifier output is approximated by three exponentials
 $A \exp(-t/\tau_a) + B \exp(-t/\tau_b) + C \exp(-t/\tau_c)$
 τ_b and τ_c can be removed by these

$A = 1.493$ $\tau_a = 35.4$ ns
 $B = 0.0831$ $\tau_b = 500$ ns
 $C = 0.0131$ $\tau_c = 3.4$ μ s

C5, R6, R7
C6, R10, R11

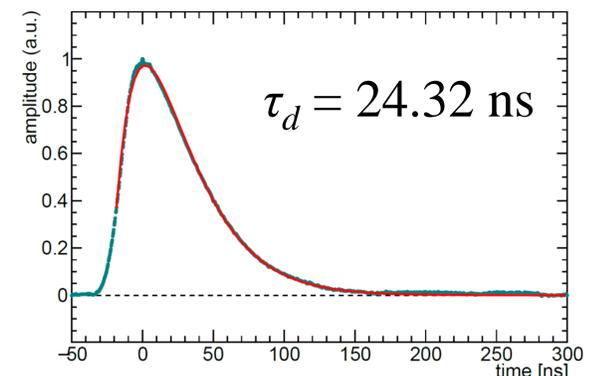
circuit parameters are determined from fitting results



3rd pole-zero cancellation

output of 2nd pole-zero cancellation

$$D(t - t_0) \exp(- (t - t_0) / \tau_d)$$



this function can be reduced to a single exponential ($\tau = 24$ ns) by setting parameters as

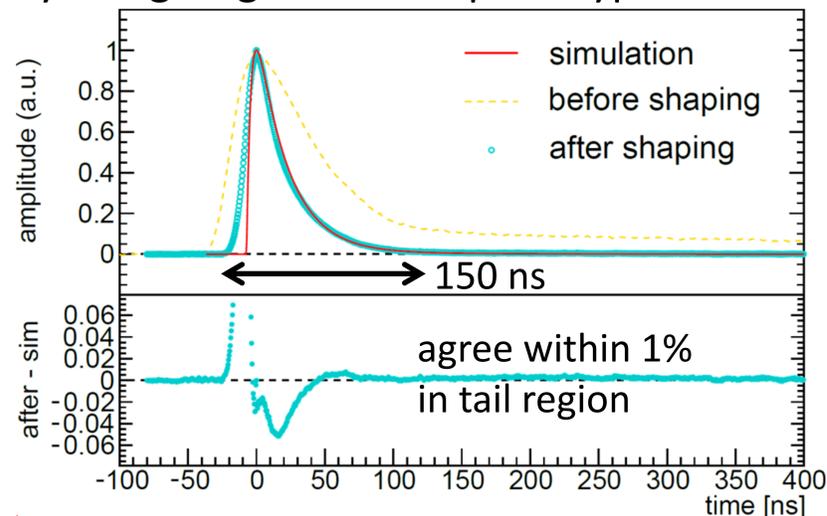
$$C7 \times R14 = \tau_d$$

$$C7 \times (R14 + R15) = 3 \text{ ns}$$

* 3 ns is the time constant of preamp

Performance Test w/ Prototype

Performance of pulse shaper was checked by using single channel prototype BHCV

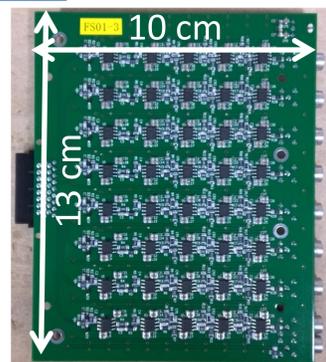
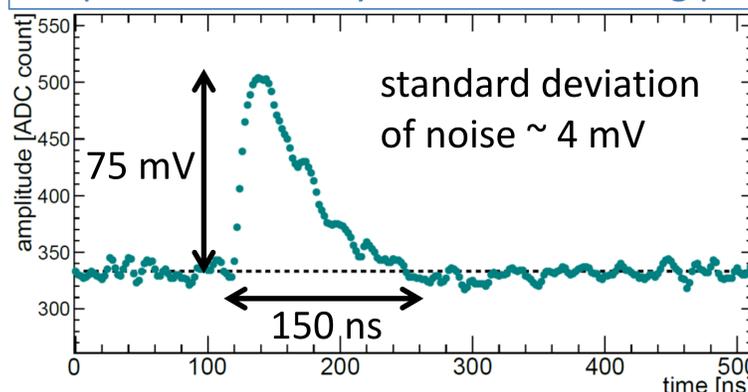


- ✓ The long tail was fully suppressed
- ✓ Waveform was almost the same as the design
- ➔ pulse w/ time const. of 24 ns was achieved!

Development of Actual Amplifier

Using the same design as the prototype, actual multi-channel amplifier have been developed and started its operation in the KOTO experiment

output waveform by minimum ionizing particle



- ✓ The width was almost the same width of prototype
- ✓ Noise level was enough low for the operation of BHCV
- ➔ The shapers well worked in the KOTO experiment!

Conclusion

- ◆ The amplifier with waveform shaper was developed for a high rate MWPC
- ◆ The circuit parameters were determined by fitting the waveforms to be processed
- ◆ The actual amplifiers have already developed and started its operation in the KOTO Experiment