

Calculation of the Leading Order Hadronic Vacuum Polarization on HISQ Ensembles with 4 flavors

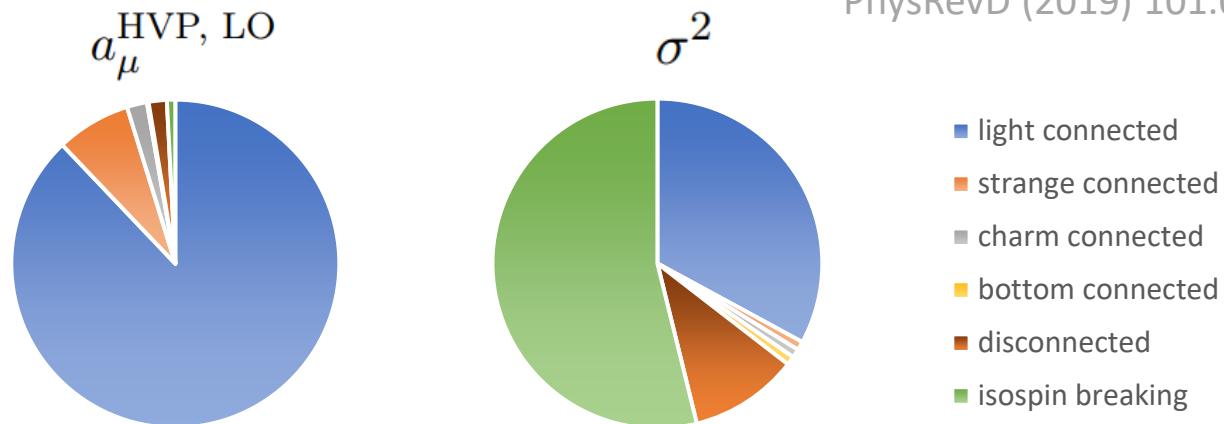
Muon $g-2$ theory initiative workshop,
KEK - June 28-July 2, 2021

Shaun Lahert – University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign
on behalf of the Fermilab Lattice, HPQCD, and MILC collaborations.

30-Jun-21

$$10^{10} a_{\mu}^{\text{HVP,LO}} = 699(15)_{u,d}(1)_{s,c,b}$$

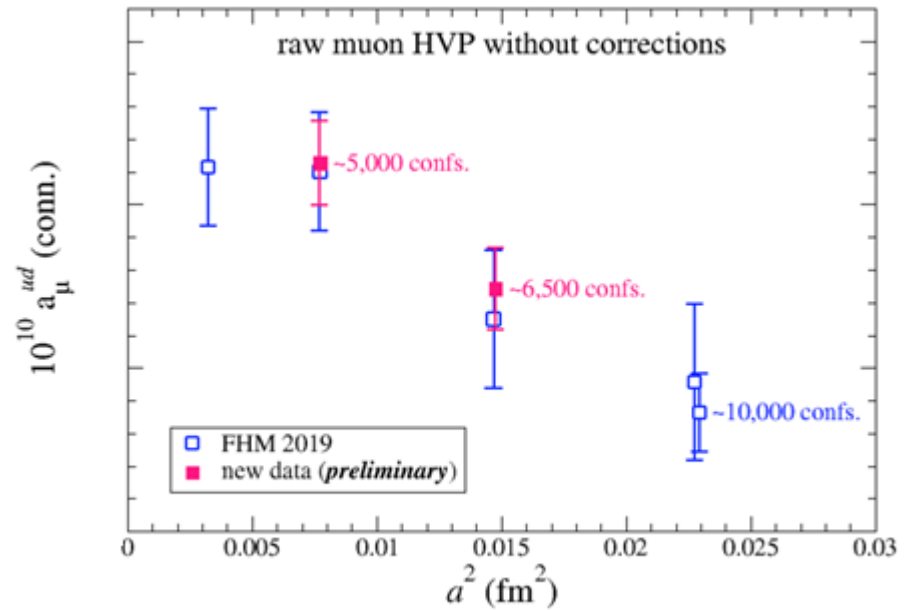
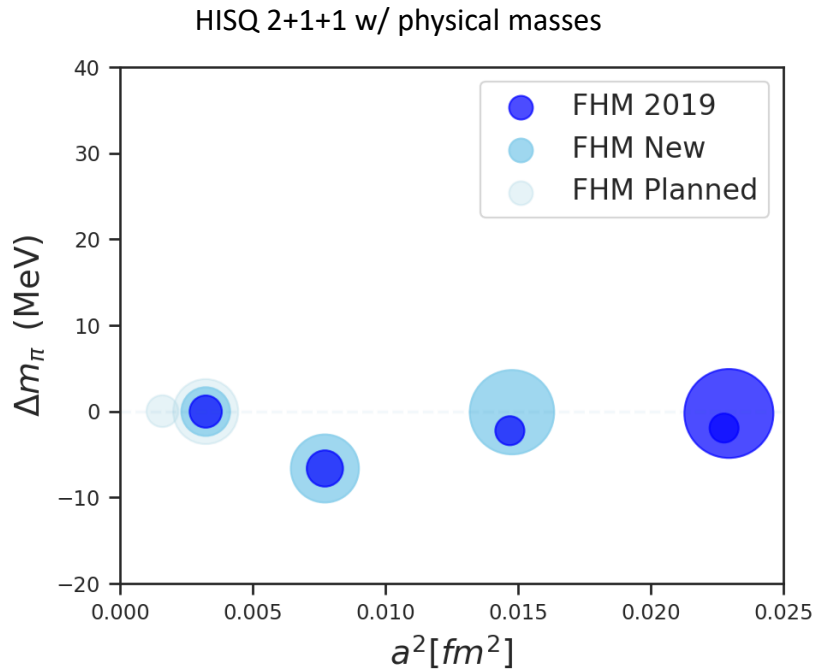
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- ❖ Error on light-quark, connected contribution dominated by scale-setting uncertainty, statistics, continuum extrapolation & finite volume effect estimates.
- ❖ Isospin breaking & disconnected errors due to large uncertainties from phenomenological model estimates. Dedicated lattice calculations to address these contributions.

Plan for reducing **statistical & continuum extrapolation** uncertainty.

- ❖ Increase statistics on current ensembles, focusing on 0.06 fm.
- ❖ Move to 0.042 fm



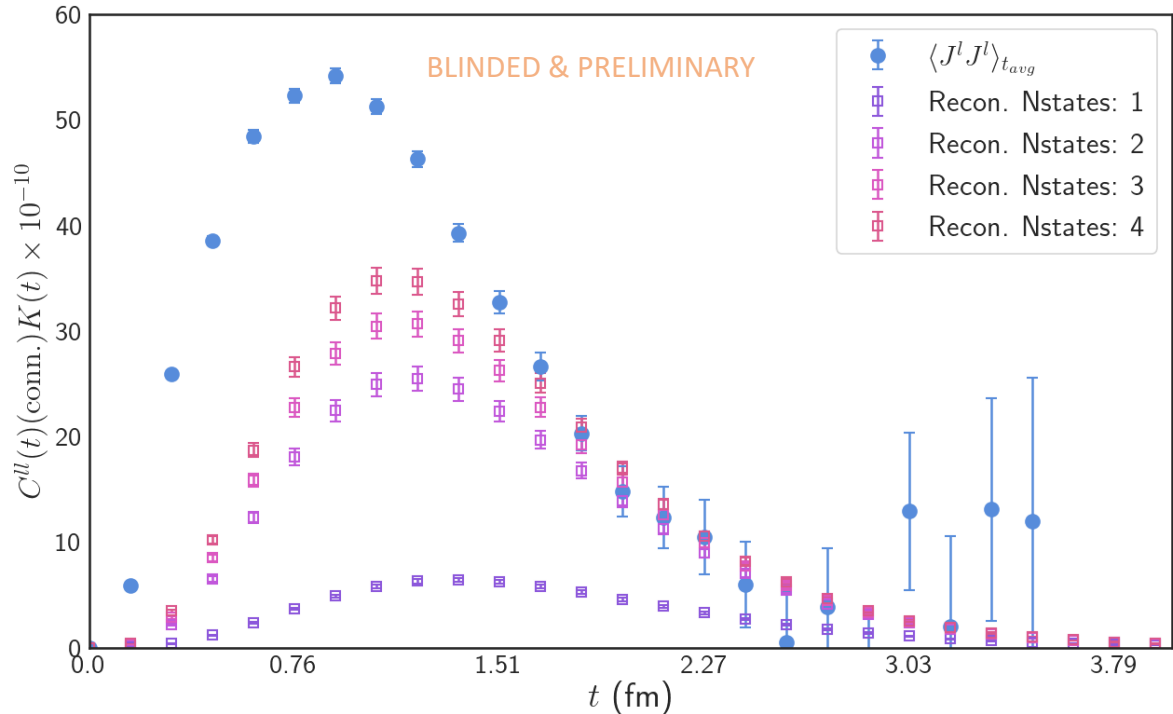
Ongoing analysis on SIB at 0.15fm (1710.11212) & 0.12fm.

Light quark, connected - two pion contribution

Pilot study to reduce uncertainty in the tail of the light-quark, connected correlator with spectral reconstruction of the (staggered) two-pion states.

$$a_{\mu}^{ll}(\text{conn.}) = 4\alpha^2 \int_0^{\infty} dt C^{ll}(t)(\text{conn.}) \tilde{K}(t)$$

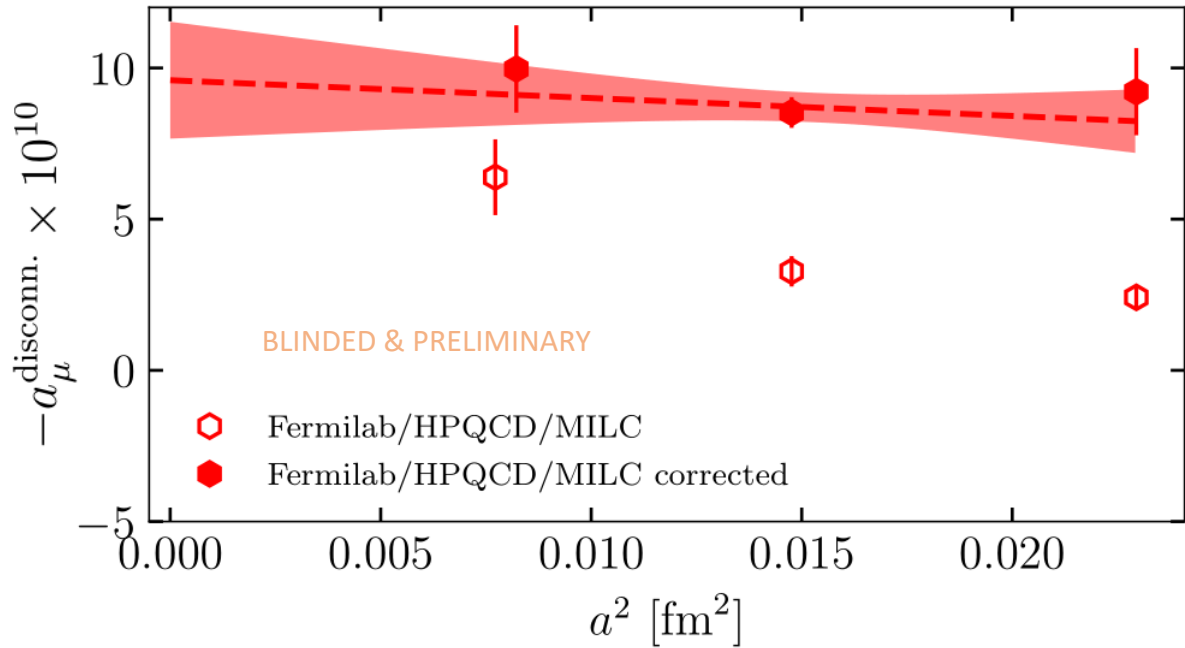
$$\mathbf{C}(t) = \begin{pmatrix} C(t)_{J, \bar{J} \rightarrow J, \bar{J}} & C(t)_{J, \bar{J} \rightarrow \pi\pi} \\ C(t)_{\pi\pi \rightarrow J, \bar{J}} & C(t)_{\pi\pi \rightarrow \pi\pi} \end{pmatrix} \quad C^{ll}(t)(\text{conn.}) = \sum_n |\langle 0 | J_l | \pi\pi_n \rangle|^2 e^{-E_n t}$$



$a=0.15\text{fm}$ 3500 configs, factor ~ 3 gain over bounding method.

Generating data at 0.12 fm with plans to move to smaller lattice spacing.

Disconnected contribution



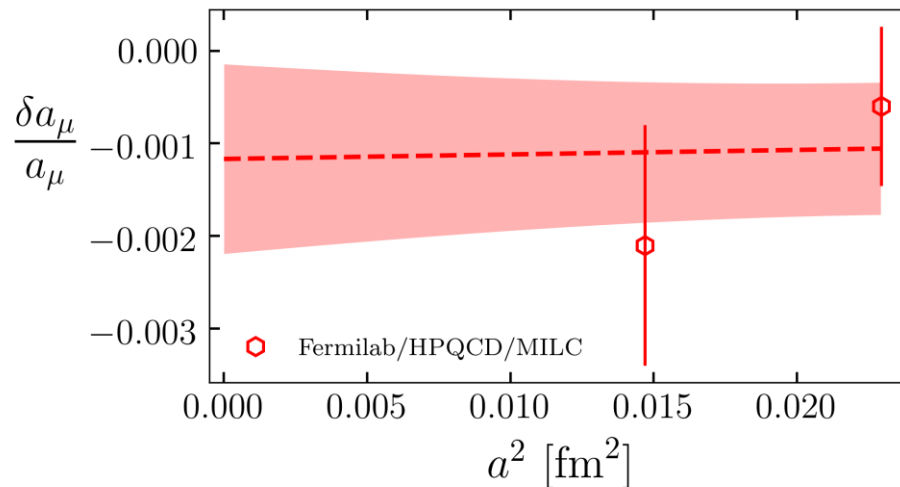
$a=0.15\text{fm}$ Yamamoto et al., 1811.06058 Lattice 2018
 $a=0.12\text{fm}$ DeTar et al., 1912.04382 Lattice 2019
 $a=0.09\text{fm}$ Correlator generation ongoing

- ❖ Overall goal is <10% error.
- ❖ Plan to move to 0.06 fm.
- ❖ SIB disconnected correlators at 0.15, 0.12 & 0.09 fm, analysis ongoing.

Poster at Lattice 2021, Craig McNeile

We are using two approaches:

1. Quenched QED with QCD (Sea quarks are neutral).



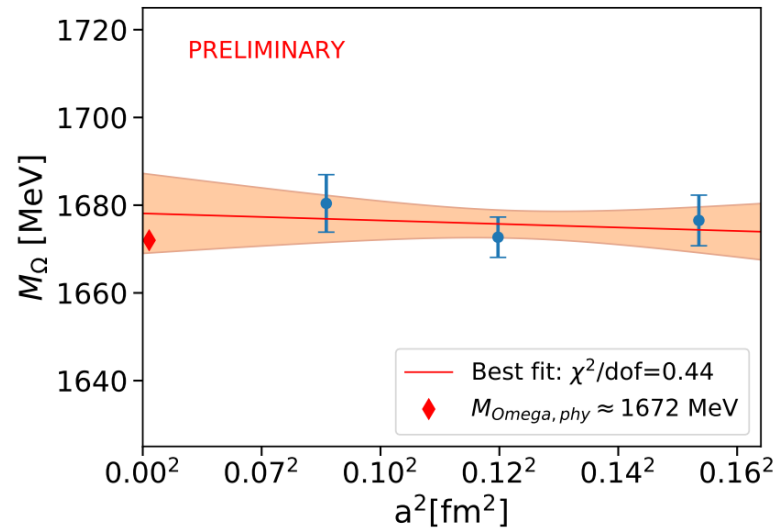
- ❖ Preliminary results at two lattice spacings, 0.15 & 0.12 fm. Correlator generation ongoing at current lattice spacings with plans for 0.09fm.
- ❖ Supplement with separate perturbative calculation of charged sea quark effects.

2. Fully dynamical QED+QCD

- ❖ 0.15fm ensemble & correlation function generation and ongoing.
- ❖ Serve as crosscheck on first approach

Absolute scale parameter M_Ω

- ❖ Insensitive to isospin breaking effects compared with f_π .
- ❖ M_Ω at 0.15, 0.12 and 0.09 fm, C Hughes et al., 1912.00028.
- ❖ Increasing statistics & extending to 0.06 fm.

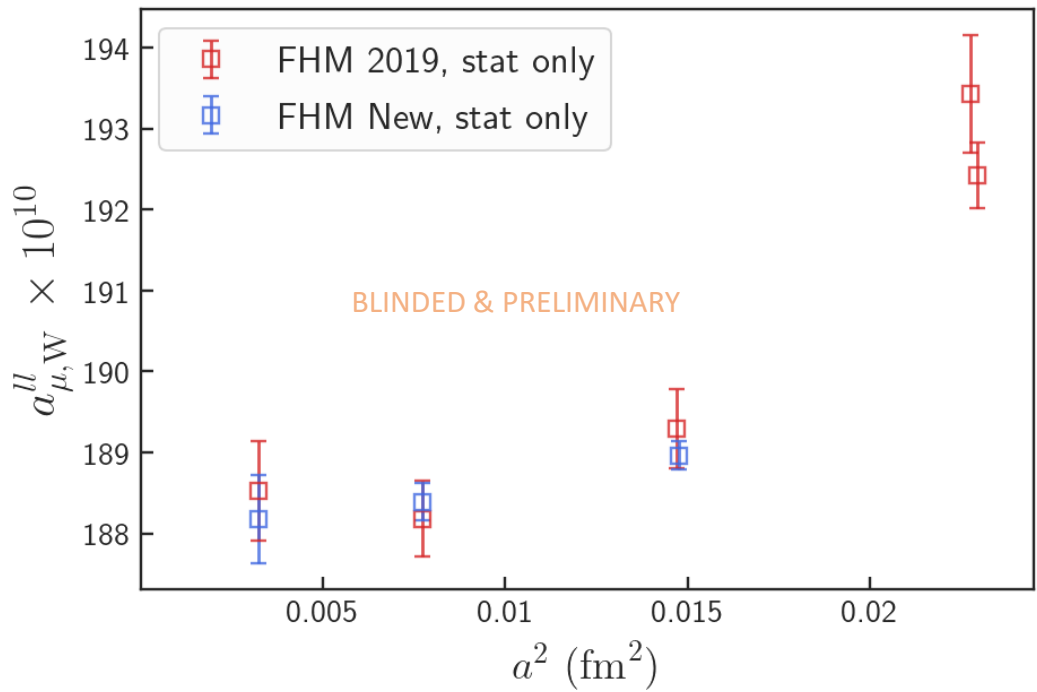


Relative scale parameter w_0/a

- ❖ Ongoing high statistics gradient flow study on all HISQ ensembles.
- ❖ 6 combinations of ensemble/flow/observable action discretization to study & quantify cut-off effects.

Window Quantities & Blinding

Intermediate window, 0.4-1 fm



❖ Blinding window quantities independently.

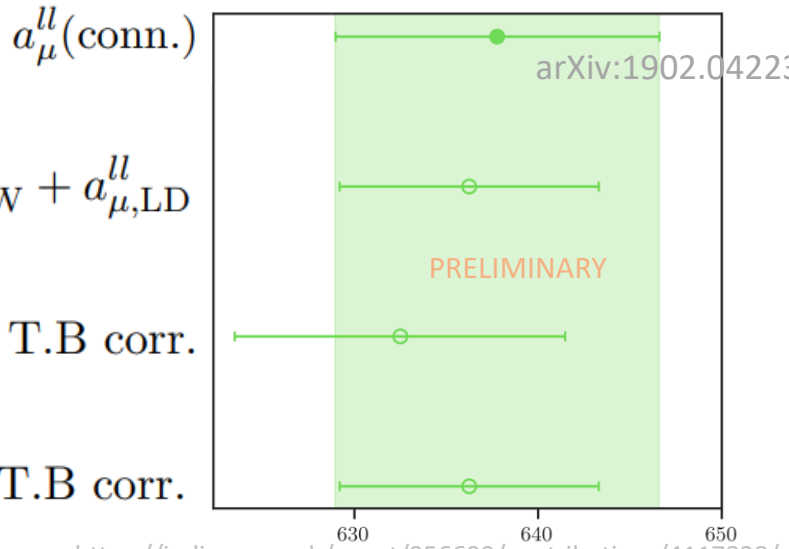
Self-consistency

$$a_{\mu}^{ll}(\text{conn.}) = a_{\mu,SD}^{ll} + a_{\mu,W}^{ll} + a_{\mu,LD}^{ll}$$

$$a_{\mu,SD}^{ll} + a_{\mu,W}^{ll} + a_{\mu,LD}^{ll}$$

$$a_{\mu}^{ll}(\text{conn.}) \text{ w/o T.B corr.}$$

$$a_{\mu,SD}^{ll} + a_{\mu,W}^{ll} + a_{\mu,LD}^{ll} \text{ w/o T.B corr.}$$



<https://indico.cern.ch/event/956699/contributions/4117838/>

Conclusions

Our goal is to compute the HVP contribution to $g-2$ using lattice QCD with an uncertainty of $<0.5\%$. Our plans to achieve this are

- ❖ Reduce uncertainty on light-quark, connected contribution (90% of contrib.).
 - ❖ Increase statistics at finest lattice spacings.
 - ❖ Add a 5th lattice spacing (0.042 fm) to analysis.
 - ❖ Compute two-pion tail exclusively.
- ❖ Disconnected contribution: goal $<10\%$ total.
 - ❖ Increase statistics at 0.09 fm.
- ❖ IB effects: goal is explicit calculation of all leading-order effects.
 - ❖ Extend study of SIB effects on connected contribution to more lattice spacings.
 - ❖ Incorporate SIB to disconnected calculation.
 - ❖ Calculate QED effects.
- ❖ Reducing scale setting uncertainty through absolute & relative scale calculations.

Thank you