

Searches for Beyond Standard Model Physics at the LHC: Run1 Summary and Run2 Prospects.

On behalf of the CMS and ATLAS Collaborations

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**Flavor Physics and CP Violation
Conference 2015, Nagoya, Japan**

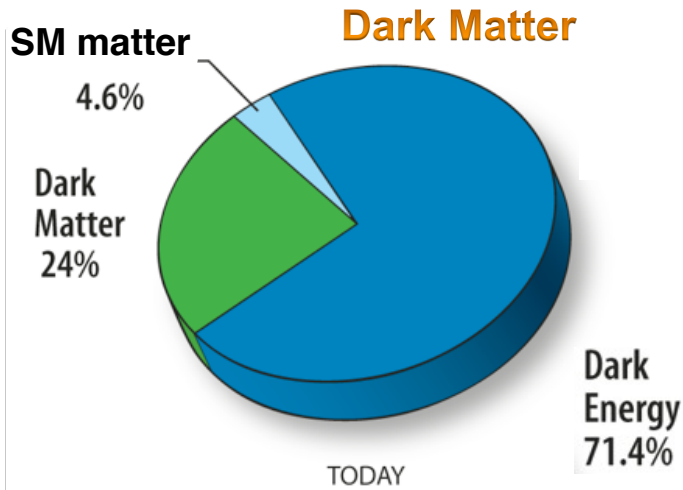


Introduction

- ❑ Despite all its successes, the SM is likely to be an effective theory, i.e. the limit (energies and effective couplings) of a more fundamental theory, with new degrees of freedom
- ❑ The discovery of new physics beyond the Standard Model is one of the highest priorities for the current and future Large Hadron Collider (LHC) program
- ❑ This talk: Discuss recent results for Beyond the Standard Model searches at the CMS and ATLAS collaborations



Overview of Beyond the Standard Model Searches



Naturalness and fine tuning

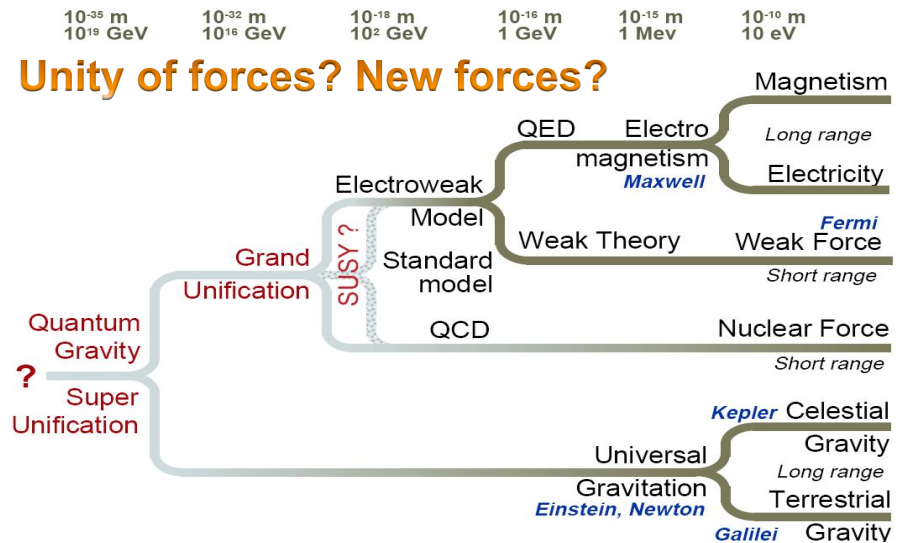
$$m_h^2 = (m_h^2)_0 - \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \lambda^2 \Lambda^2$$

Classical: \times

Quantum: \bigcirc (loop with λ and f)

Origin of SM matter and flavor? Are particles elementary or composite?

	mass → ≈2.3 MeV/c ²	≈1.275 GeV/c ²	≈173.07 GeV/c ²	0	≈126 GeV/c ²
charge →	2/3	2/3	2/3	0	0
spin →	1/2	1/2	1/2	1	0
	u up	c charm	t top	g gluon	H Higgs boson
QUARKS					
	≈4.8 MeV/c ²	≈95 MeV/c ²	≈4.18 GeV/c ²	0	0
	-1/3	-1/3	-1/3	0	0
	1/2	1/2	1/2	1	1
	d down	s strange	b bottom	γ photon	
GAUGE BOSONS					
	0.511 MeV/c ²	105.7 MeV/c ²	1.777 GeV/c ²	91.2 GeV/c ²	
	-1	-1	-1	0	0
	1/2	1/2	1/2	1	1
	e electron	μ muon	τ tau	Z Z boson	
LEPTONS					
	<2.2 eV/c ²	≈0.17 MeV/c ²	<15.5 MeV/c ²	80.4 GeV/c ²	
	0	0	0	±1	±1
	1/2	1/2	1/2	1	1
	ν_e electron neutrino	ν_μ muon neutrino	ν_τ tau neutrino	W W boson	



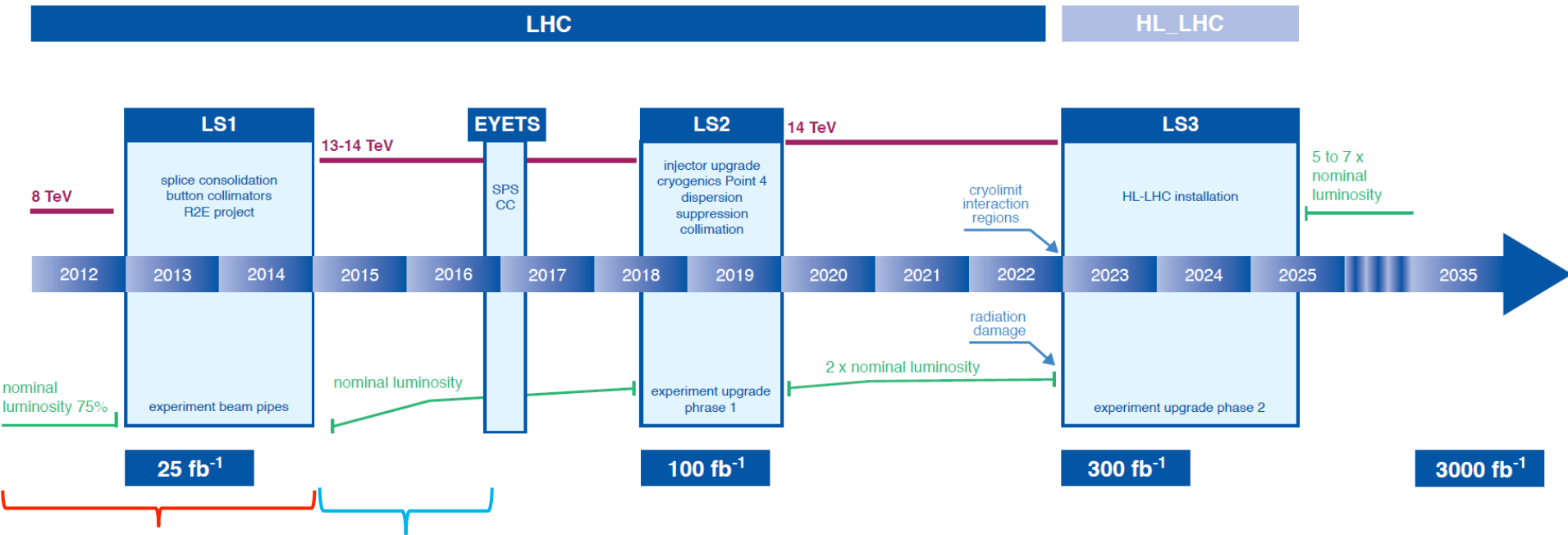
Most interesting theories offer solutions to open problems of the SM?



Large Hadron Collider Schedule

Proton-Proton collisions in 2010-2012 at 50ns bunch spacing

- 7 TeV in 2010, 2011: $\sim 5.1/\text{fb}$
- 8 TeV in 2012 : $\sim 21/\text{fb} \rightarrow$ **Excellent data quality for both experiments!**



Run 1 – Today talk
Summary for BSM
Searches

Run 2

New physics can be just around corner!



Searches for Beyond the Standard Model at the LHC

Searches for Supersymmetry (SUSY)

- ❑ Third generation squarks in fully hadronic final states at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV
 - **CMS Collaboration arXiv: 1503.08037**
- ❑ Same-flavor opposite-sign dilepton pair, jets, and large missing transverse momentum (MET) at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV
 - **ATLAS Collaboration arXiv: 1503.03290**

All public results, including some new ones I will not cover in this talk:

- <https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/PhysicsResultsSUS>
- <https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/SupersymmetryPublicResults>
- <https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/PhysicsResultsEXO>
- <https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/ExoticsPublicResults>
- <https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/PhysicsResultsB2G>

Searches for Exotics (EXO)

- ❑ Third generation scalar leptoquarks in the top-tau channel
 - **CMS Collaboration arXiv: 1503.09049**
- ❑ b-jets and a pair of leptons of the same charge in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV
 - **ATLAS Collaboration arXiv: 1504.04605**
- ❑ High mass resonances decaying to Z and Higgs bosons
 - **CMS Collaboration arXiv: 1502.04994**
- ❑ High-mass diphoton resonances in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV
 - **ATLAS Collaboration arXiv: 1504.05511**
- ❑ DM in association with top-quark pairs in the single lepton channel
 - **CMS Collaboration arXiv: 1504.03198**



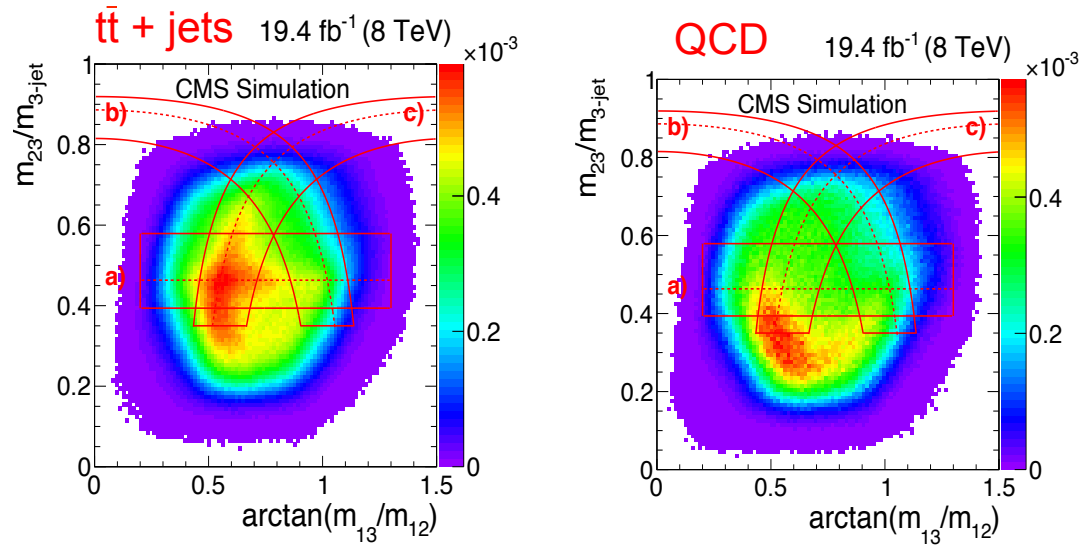
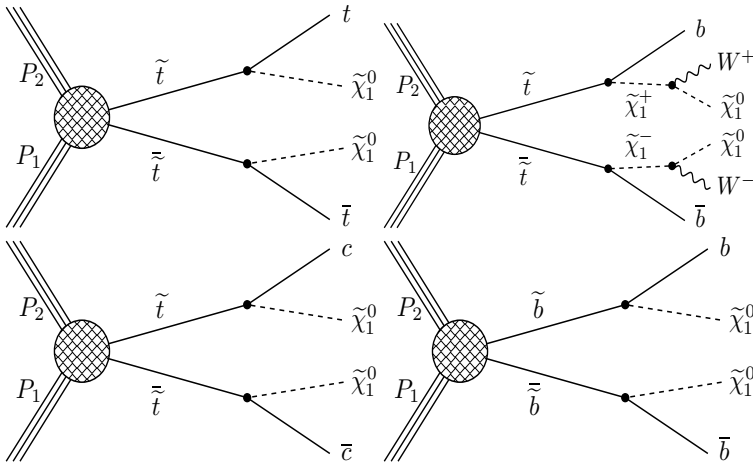
SUSY: 3rd generation squarks in fully hadronic final states

Motivation → Three mutually exclusive searches are discussed

- ① multijet search requiring **one fully reconstructed top quark**
- ② dijet search requiring **one or two jets originating from b quarks**
- ③ **monojet search**

Signal Topologies and Top recons.

➤ The collection of five or more jets is divided into all possible sets of three jets and a remnant, where the remnant must contain at least one b-tagged jet.



- (a) $0.2 < \arctan\left(\frac{m_{13}}{m_{12}}\right) < 1.3$ and $R_{\min} < \frac{m_{23}}{m_{3\text{-jet}}} < R_{\max}$,
- (b) $R_{\min}^2 \left[1 + \left(\frac{m_{13}}{m_{12}}\right)^2\right] < 1 - \left(\frac{m_{23}}{m_{3\text{-jet}}}\right)^2 < R_{\max}^2 \left[1 + \left(\frac{m_{13}}{m_{12}}\right)^2\right]$ and $\frac{m_{23}}{m_{3\text{-jet}}} > 0.35$,
- (c) $R_{\min}^2 \left[1 + \left(\frac{m_{12}}{m_{13}}\right)^2\right] < 1 - \left(\frac{m_{23}}{m_{3\text{-jet}}}\right)^2 < R_{\max}^2 \left[1 + \left(\frac{m_{12}}{m_{13}}\right)^2\right]$ and $\frac{m_{23}}{m_{3\text{-jet}}} > 0.35$.

$$R_{\min} = 0.85(m_W/m_t), R_{\max} = 1.25(m_W/m_t), m_W = 80.4 \text{ GeV}, m_t = 173.4 \text{ GeV}$$



arXiv: 1503.08037
CMS Collaboration



SUSY: 3rd generation squarks in fully hadronic final states

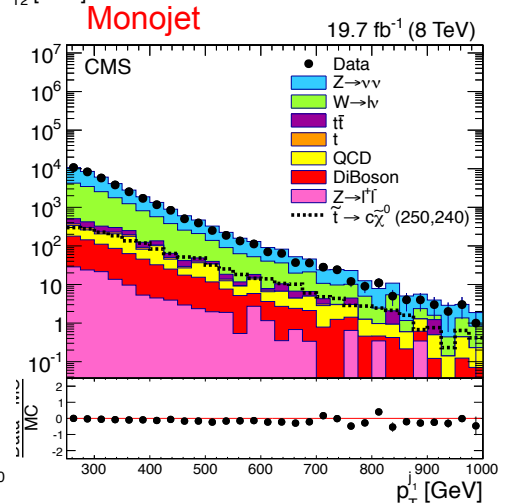
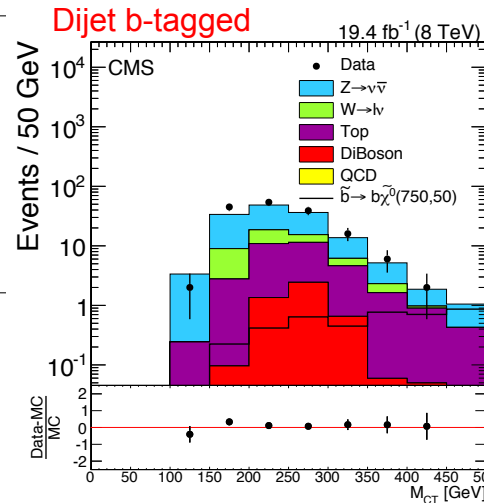
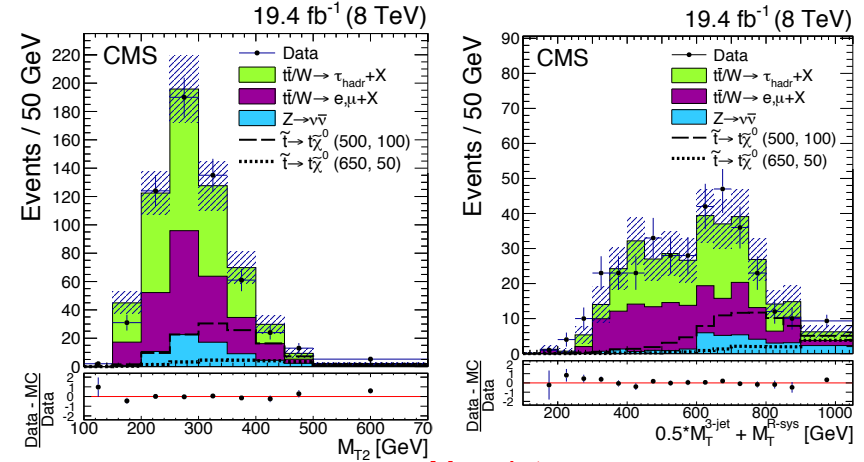
Results for Multijet Top tagging, dijet b-tagged and monojet

$$M_{T2}(m_X) = \min_{\vec{p}_T^{X(1)} + \vec{p}_T^{X(2)} = \vec{p}_T^{\text{miss}}} \left[\max(M_T^{(1)}, M_T^{(2)}) \right] \quad (M_T^{3\text{-jet}})^2 = (m^{3\text{-jet}})^2 + 2(E_T^{3\text{-jet}} p_T^{\text{miss}} - p_T^{3\text{-jet}} p_T^{\text{miss}} \cos \Delta\phi)$$

Multijet top-tagging

Search regions	$N_{b \text{ jets}}$				
	≥ 0	1	2		
Multijet t-tagged search		SM Pred.	Obs.	SM Pred.	Obs.
$p_T^{\text{miss}} \in [200, 350] \text{ GeV}$		148_{-24}^{+29}	141	81_{-12}^{+13}	68
$p_T^{\text{miss}} > 350 \text{ GeV}$		$33.4_{-7.8}^{+7.0}$	30	$8.6_{-2.4}^{+2.6}$	15
Dijet b-tagged search		SM Pred.	Obs.	SM Pred.	Obs.
$M_{CT} < 250 \text{ GeV}$		1540 ± 100	1560	93 ± 10	101
$M_{CT} \in [250, 350] \text{ GeV}$		754 ± 68	807	50.0 ± 6.4	55
$M_{CT} \in (350, 450] \text{ GeV}$		85 ± 10	101	6.5 ± 1.7	8
$M_{CT} > 450 \text{ GeV}$		16.0 ± 4.1	23	1.0 ± 0.9	1
ISR		356 ± 41	359	26.0 ± 4.1	28
Monojet search	SM Pred.	Obs.			
$p_T^{j1} > 250 \text{ GeV}$	35900 ± 1500	36600			
$p_T^{j1} > 300 \text{ GeV}$	17400 ± 800	17600			
$p_T^{j1} > 350 \text{ GeV}$	8060 ± 440	8120			
$p_T^{j1} > 400 \text{ GeV}$	3910 ± 250	3900			
$p_T^{j1} > 450 \text{ GeV}$	2100 ± 160	1900			
$p_T^{j1} > 500 \text{ GeV}$	1100 ± 110	1000			
$p_T^{j1} > 550 \text{ GeV}$	563 ± 71	565			

$$(M_{CT})^2 = [E_T^{j1} + E_T^{j2}]^2 - [\vec{p}_T^{j1} - \vec{p}_T^{j2}]^2 = 2p_T^{j1} p_T^{j2} [1 + \cos \phi(j_1, j_2)]$$

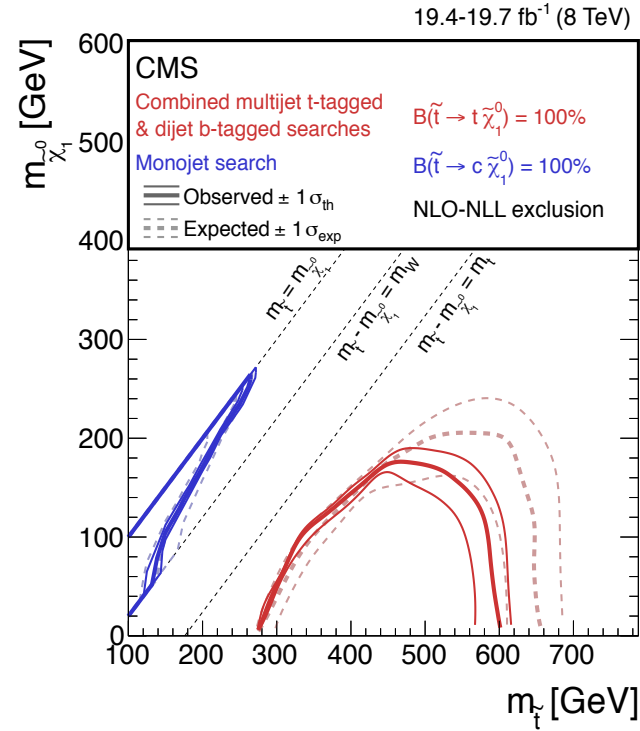


arXiv: 1503.08037
CMS Collaboration



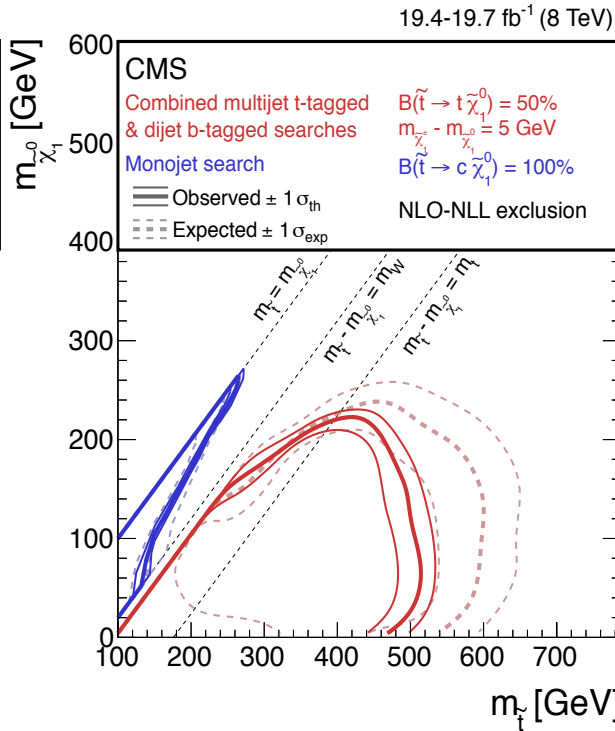
SUSY: 3rd generation squarks in fully hadronic final states

Interpretations of the results



$$B(\tilde{t} \rightarrow t \tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 100\%$$

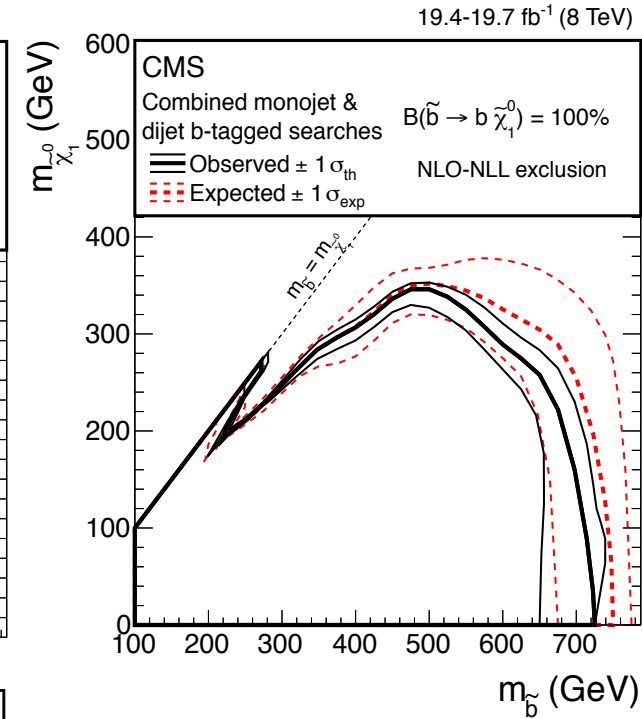
$$B(\tilde{t} \rightarrow c \tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 100\%$$



$$B(\tilde{t} \rightarrow t \tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 50\%$$

$$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^+} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 5 \text{ GeV}$$

$$B(\tilde{t} \rightarrow c \tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 100\%$$



$$B(\tilde{b} \rightarrow b \tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 100\%$$



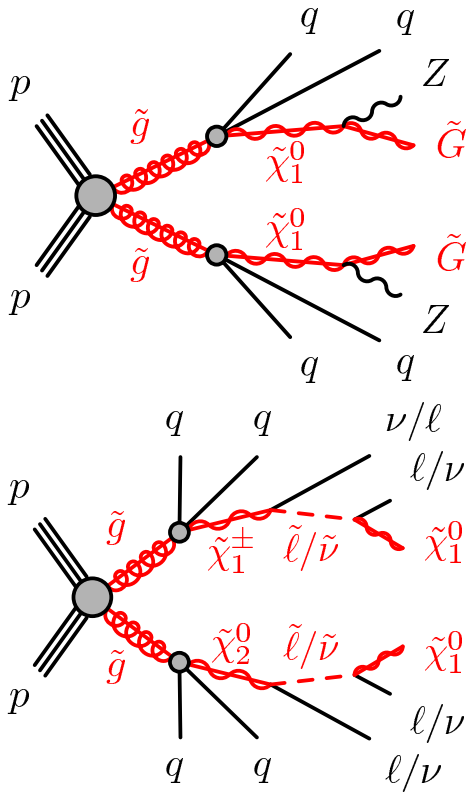
arXiv: 1503.08037
 CMS Collaboration



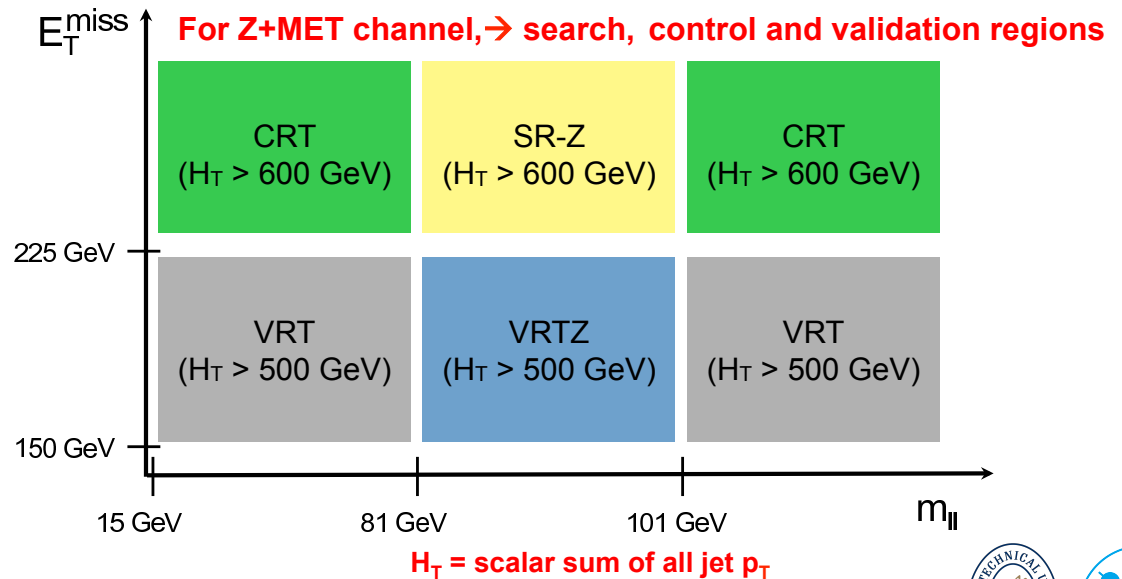
SUSY: Same-flavour opp.-sign dilepton pair, jets, and MET

Motivation → Two leptonic production mechanism considered

- ① decays of squarks and gluinos with Z bosons in the final state
- ② decays of neutralinos resulting in a kinematic endpoint in the dilepton invariant mass distribution



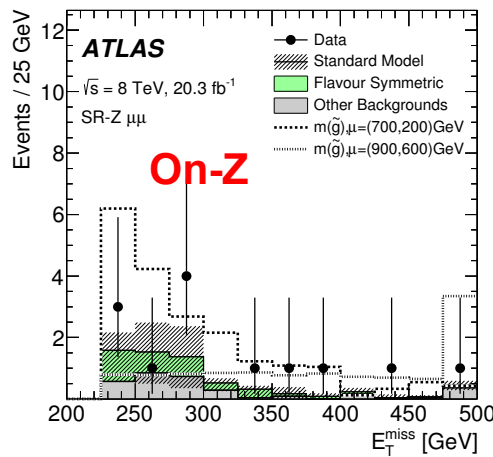
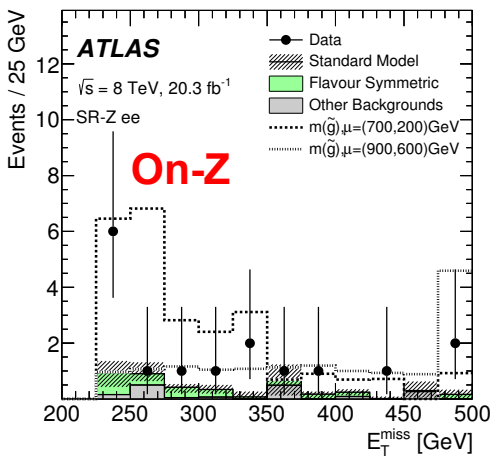
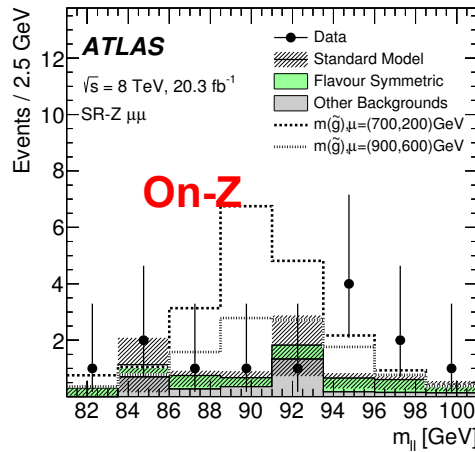
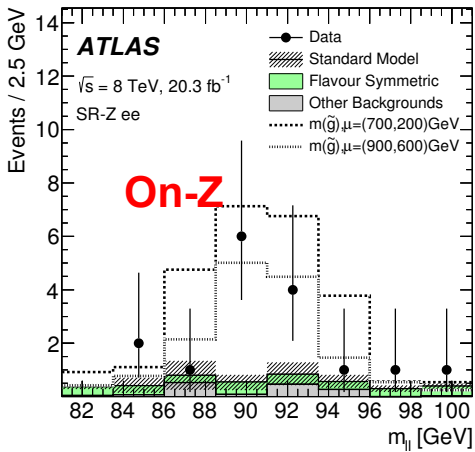
- Various decay chains can give 2l+jets+MET
- $t\bar{t}$ (main background) estimated from data using $e\mu$ events with the same cuts as the signal region (SR), cross checked **using Z side-bands**



SUSY: Same-flavour opp.-sign dilepton pair, jets, and MET

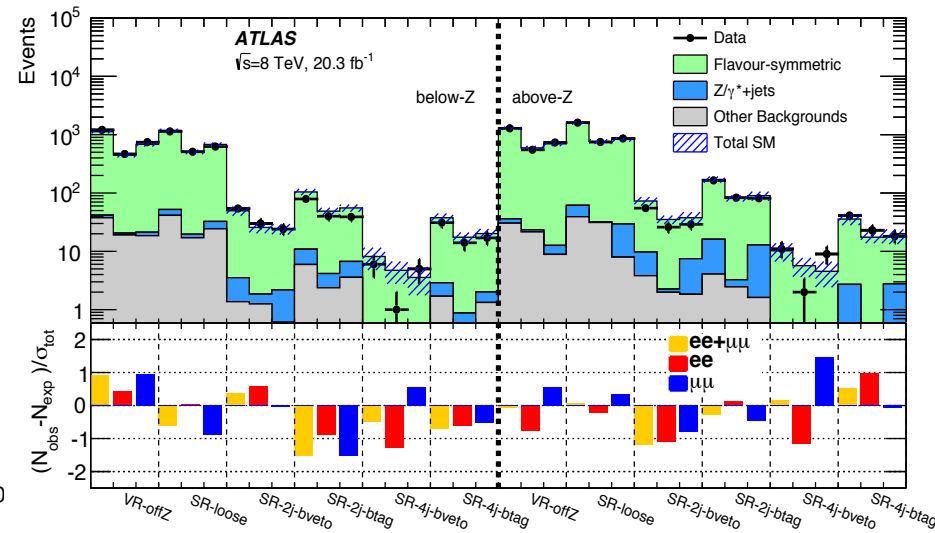
Electron
 Data: 16
 Bkgd: 4.2 ± 1.6
 p-value: 3.0σ

Muon
 Data: 13
 Bkgd: 6.4 ± 2.2
 p-value: 1.7σ



For the on-Z analysis, the data exceeds the background expectations in the ee ($\mu\mu$) channel with a significance of 3 (1.7) σ deviations.

Channel	SR-Z ee	SR-Z $\mu\mu$	SR-Z same-flavour combined
Observed events	16	13	29
Expected background events	4.2 ± 1.6	6.4 ± 2.2	10.6 ± 3.2
Flavour-symmetric backgrounds	2.8 ± 1.4	5.3 ± 1.6	6.0 ± 2.6
Z/ γ^* + jets (jet-smearing)	0.05 ± 0.04	$0.02^{+0.03}_{-0.02}$	0.07 ± 0.05
Rare top	0.18 ± 0.06	0.17 ± 0.06	0.35 ± 0.12
WZ/ZZ diboson	1.2 ± 0.5	1.7 ± 0.6	2.9 ± 1.0
Fake leptons	$0.1^{+0.7}_{-0.1}$	$1.2^{+1.3}_{-1.2}$	$1.3^{+1.7}_{-1.3}$



Search bins for Off-Z



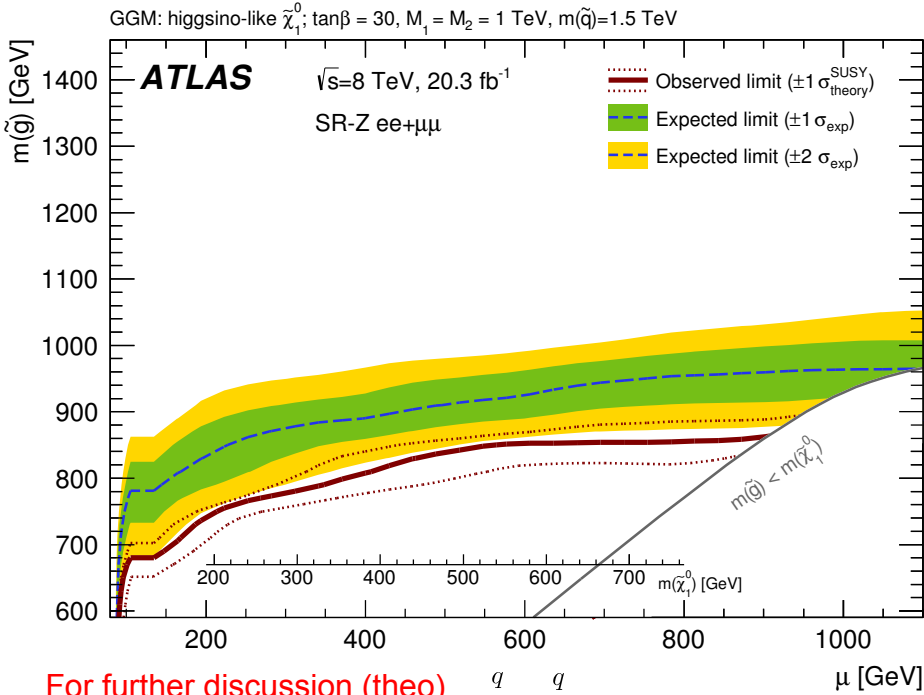
arXiv: 1503.03290
 ATLAS Collaboration

Similar analysis from CMS Collaboration → arXiv: 1503.08089

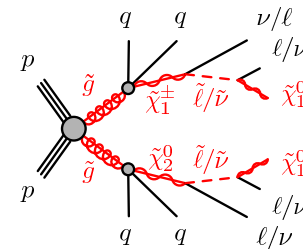
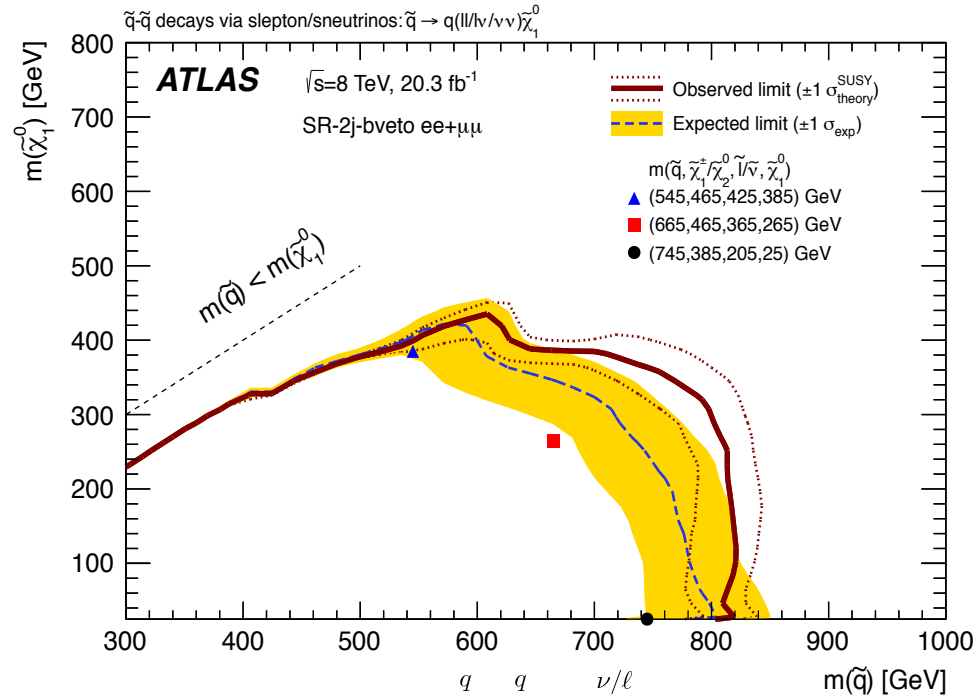
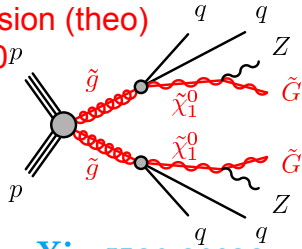


SUSY: Same-flavour opp.-sign dilepton pair, jets, and MET

The results are interpreted in a **supersymmetric model of general gauge mediation** and the expected background contribution to the SR the number of events in data is higher than anticipated (left). The second search targets events with a **lepton pair with invariant mass inconsistent with Z boson decay** (right)



For further discussion (theo)
arXiv:1504.04390



arXiv:1503.03290
ATLAS Collaboration

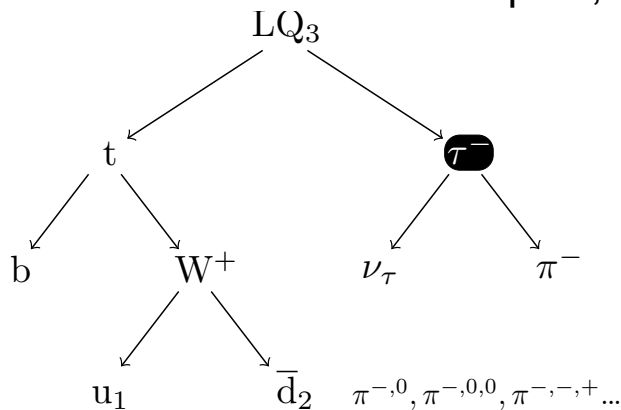
Similar analysis from CMS Collaboration → arXiv:1503.08089



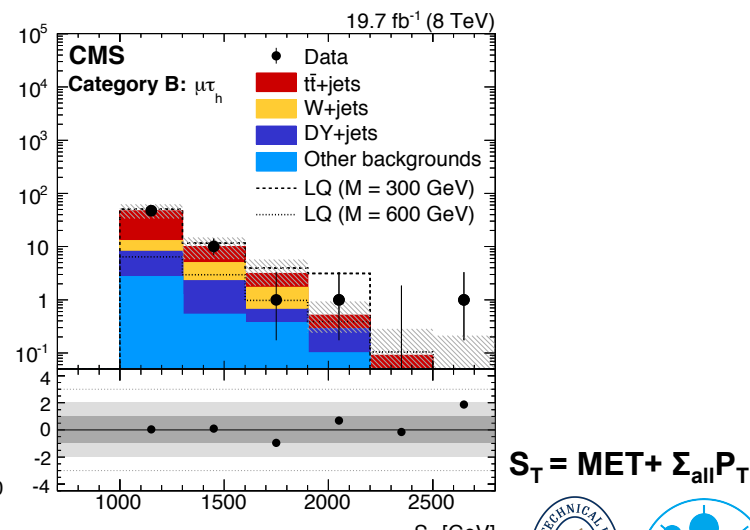
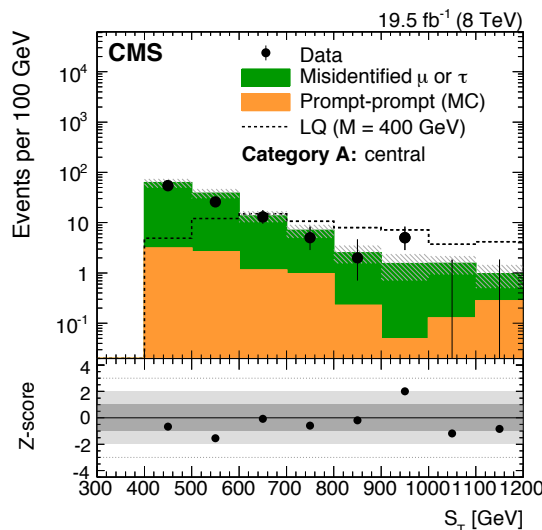
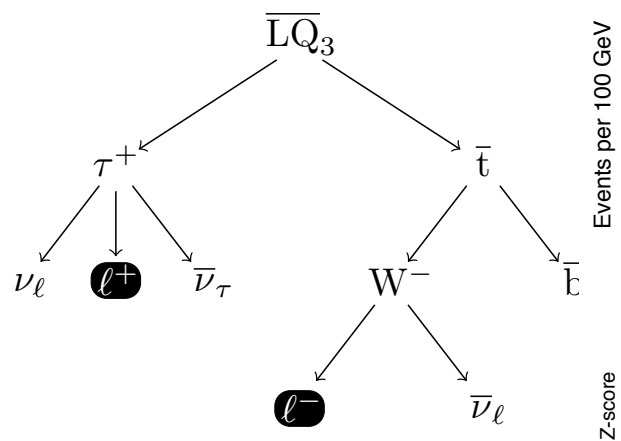
EXO: Third-generation scalar leptoquarks in the $t\tau$ channel

Motivation → pair production of third-generation scalar **leptoquarks** decaying to top quark and tau lepton pairs

➤ **Signal topology:** an electron or a muon, a hadronically decaying tau lepton, and two or more jets.



	Category A	Category B
Lepton selection	Same-sign $\mu\tau_h$ pair	$\mu\tau_h$ or $e\tau_h$ pair (category A events are removed)
Jet selection	At least two jets	At least three jets
E_T^{miss} requirement	No E_T^{miss} requirement	$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 50$ GeV
S_T and τ lepton p_T requirements	Optimized for each LQ mass hypothesis	$S_T > 1000$ GeV, $p_T^\tau > 20$ GeV
Background estimation	Main component containing misidentified muons & τ leptons estimated using data events	Estimated via simulation, corrections applied for τ lepton misidentification rate and top quark and W p_T distributions
Search regions	2 search regions binned in $ \eta $	8 search regions in 4 τ lepton p_T regions for $\mu\tau_h$ and $e\tau_h$ channels



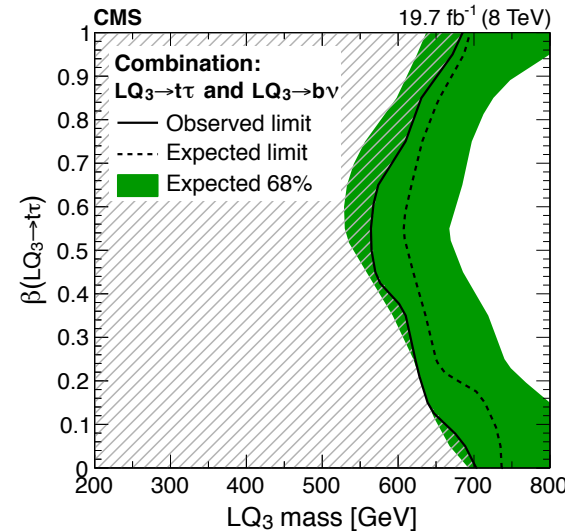
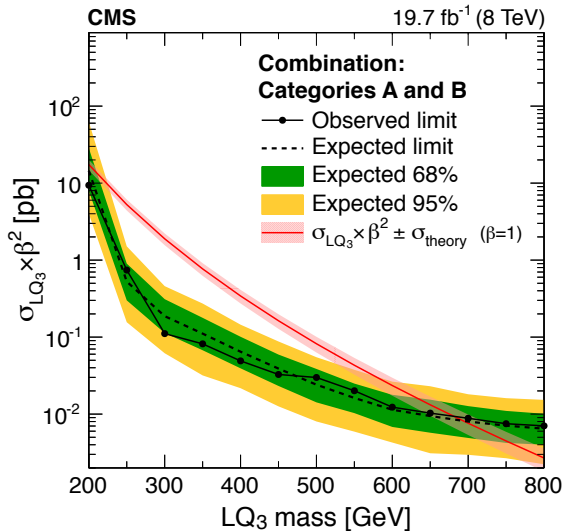
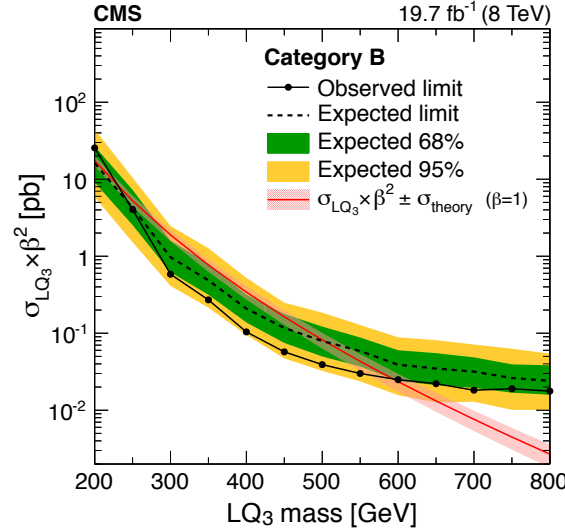
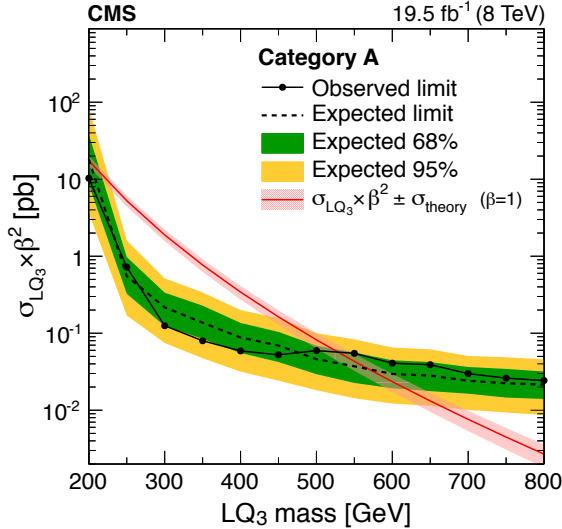
$$S_T = \text{MET} + \sum_{\text{all}} P_T$$



arXiv: 1503.09049
 CMS Collaboration



EXO: Third-generation scalar leptoquarks in the $t\tau$ channel



□ The exclusion limits at 95% CL on the LQ₃ pair production cross section times β^2 in category and the combination (upper row).

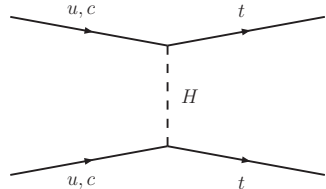
□ The expected and observed limits on the LQ branching fraction β as a function of the LQ mass (lower right).

□ the mass limit can be directly applicable to pair produced bottom squarks decaying via the RPV coupling λ'_{333}

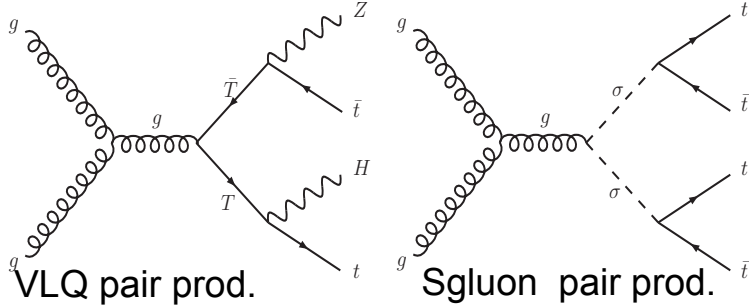
$\beta \rightarrow$ BR parameter for quark and charged lepton with the same generation in LQ: assumed to be 1 for 100% BR to the top quark and tau decays

EXO: Events with b-jets and a pair of leptons of the same charge in proton-proton collisions

Motivation → the existence of vector-like quarks, an enhancement of the four-top quarks production cross section, the existence of a fourth generation of chiral quarks, or production of two positively charged top quarks.



BSM Flavor changing Higgs coupling

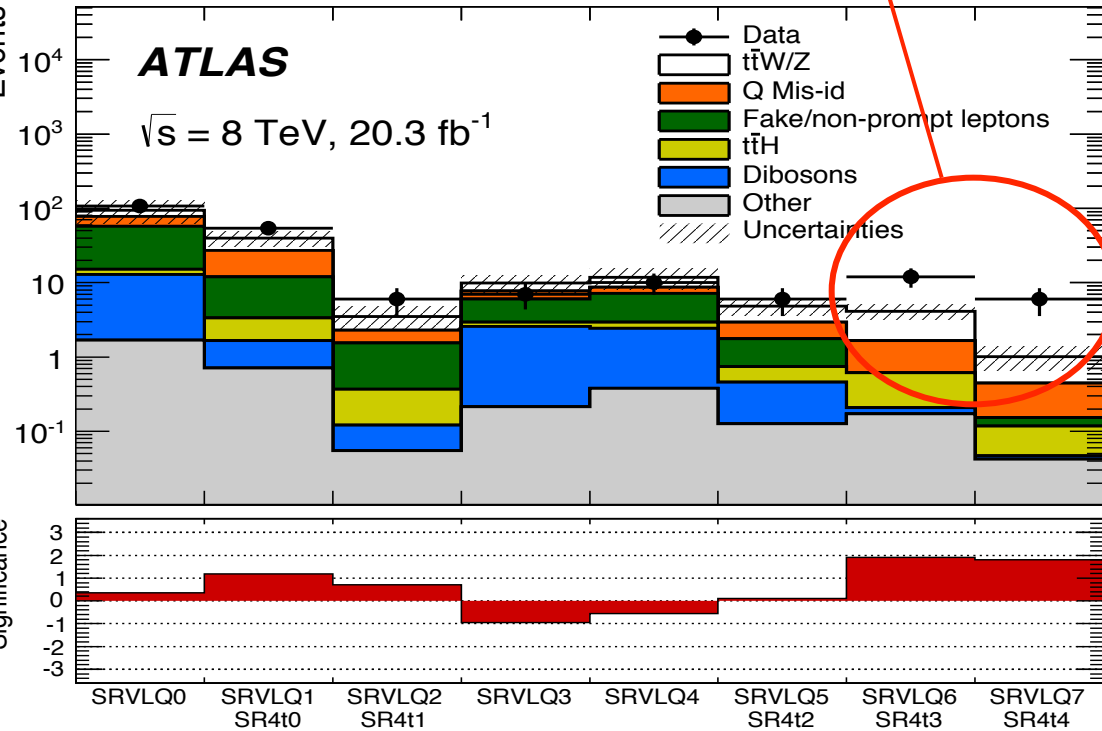


VLQ pair prod.

Sgluon pair prod.

→ vector-like quarks (VLQ)

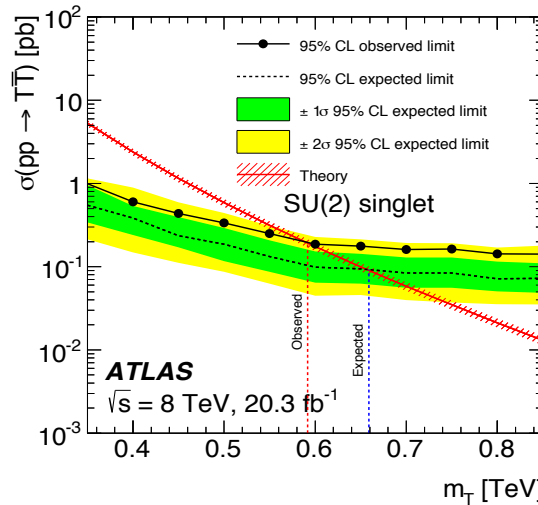
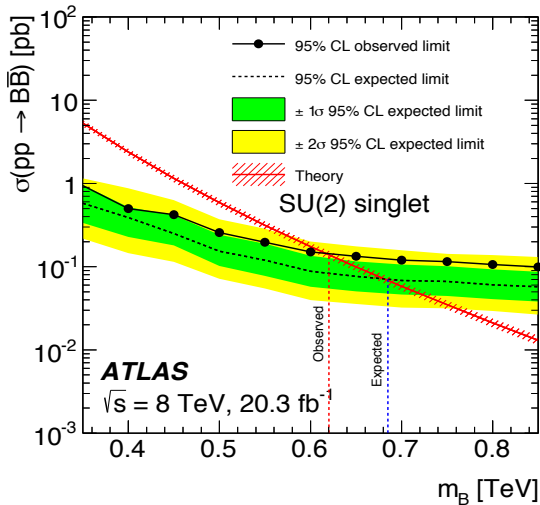
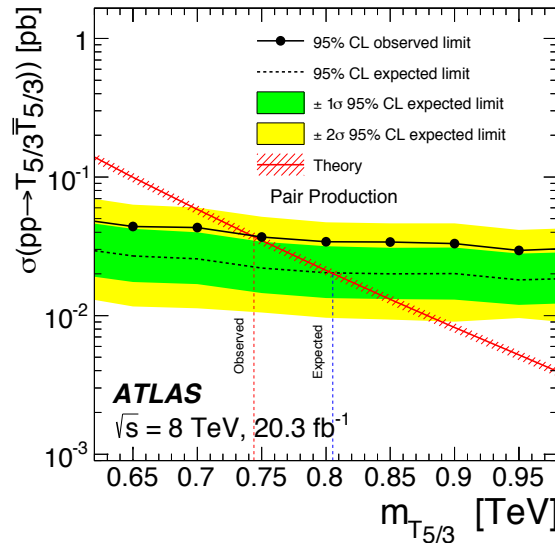
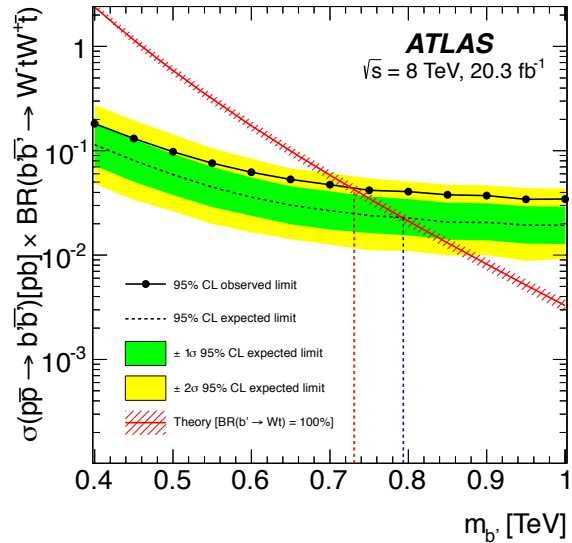
p-value 2.5 σ



Definition		Name	
$e^+e^+ + e^+\mu^+ + \mu^+\mu^+ + eee + ee\mu + e\mu\mu + \mu\mu\mu, N_j \geq 2$			
$400 < H_T < 700 \text{ GeV}$	$N_b = 1$	$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 40 \text{ GeV}$	SRVLQ0
	$N_b = 2$		SRVLQ1 SR4t0
	$N_b \geq 3$		SRVLQ2 SR4t1
$H_T \geq 700 \text{ GeV}$	$N_b = 1$	$40 < E_T^{\text{miss}} < 100 \text{ GeV}$	SRVLQ3
		$E_T^{\text{miss}} \geq 100 \text{ GeV}$	SRVLQ4
	$N_b = 2$	$40 < E_T^{\text{miss}} < 100 \text{ GeV}$	SRVLQ5 SR4t2
		$E_T^{\text{miss}} \geq 100 \text{ GeV}$	SRVLQ6 SR4t3
		$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 40 \text{ GeV}$	SRVLQ7 SR4t4
$e^+e^+, e^+\mu^+, \mu^+\mu^+, N_j \in [2, 4], \Delta\phi_{\ell\ell} > 2.5$			
$H_T > 450 \text{ GeV}$	$N_b \geq 1$	$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 40 \text{ GeV}$	SRttee, SRttem, SRttμμ



EXO: Events with b-jets and a pair of leptons of the same charge in proton-proton collisions



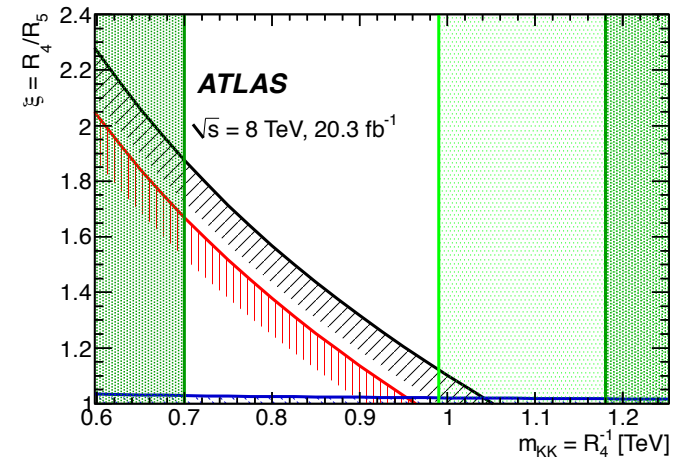
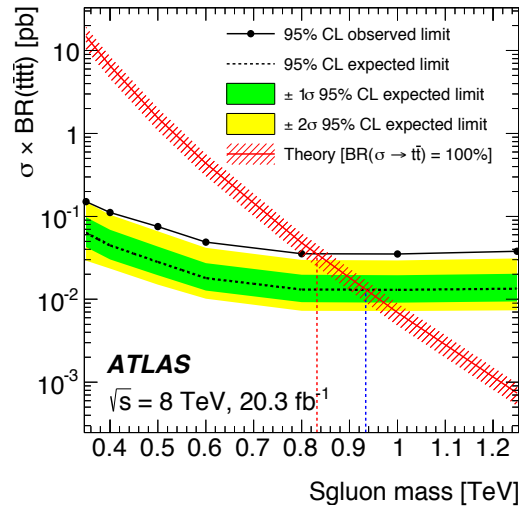
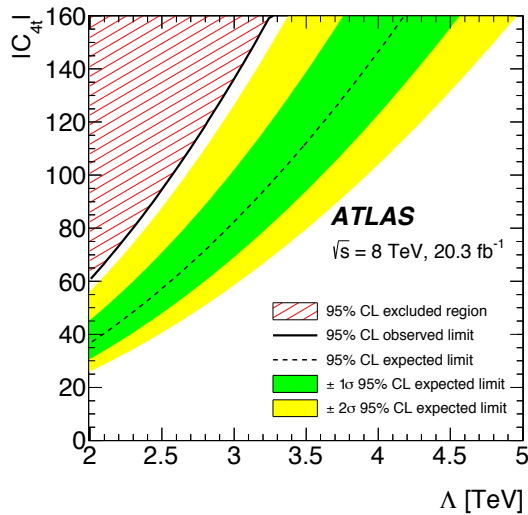
□ Observed and expected limits on the pair production cross section as a function of

- mass for b' -quark pair
- $T_{5/3}$ pair production
- vector-like B
- vector-like T quarks

□ The **vertical dashed lines** indicate the expected and observed limits on the masses, and the shaded band around the theory cross section indicates the total uncertainty on the calculation



EXO: Events with b-jets and a pair of leptons of the same charge in proton-proton collisions



ATLAS exclusion at 95% CL

Expected from tier (1,1) alone

with BR($A^{(1,1)} \rightarrow t\bar{t}$) = 1

Observed from tier (1,1) alone

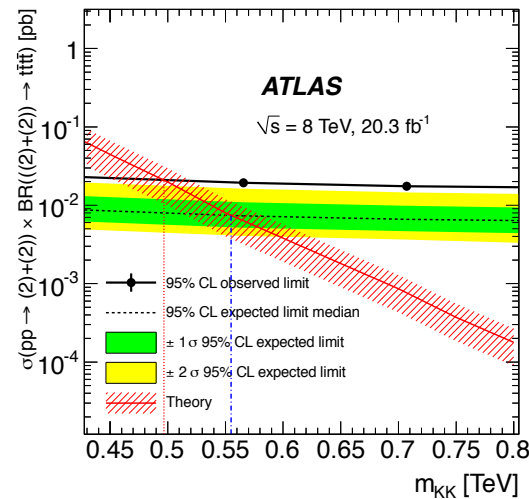
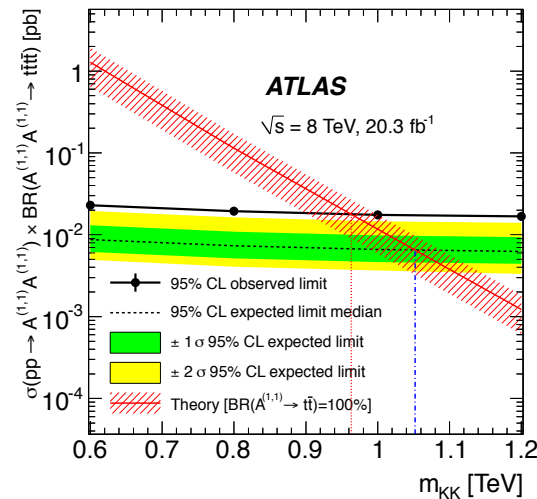
with BR($A^{(1,1)} \rightarrow t\bar{t}$) = 1

Cosmology exclusion at 99.7% CL

Symmetric case

General asymmetric case

Excluded if no fine-tuning of m_{loc}



Four fermion contact interaction

$$\mathcal{L}_{4t} = \frac{C_{4t}}{\Lambda^2} (\bar{t}_R \gamma^\mu t_R) (\bar{t}_R \gamma_\mu t_R)$$



arXiv: 1504.04605
 ATLAS Collaboration

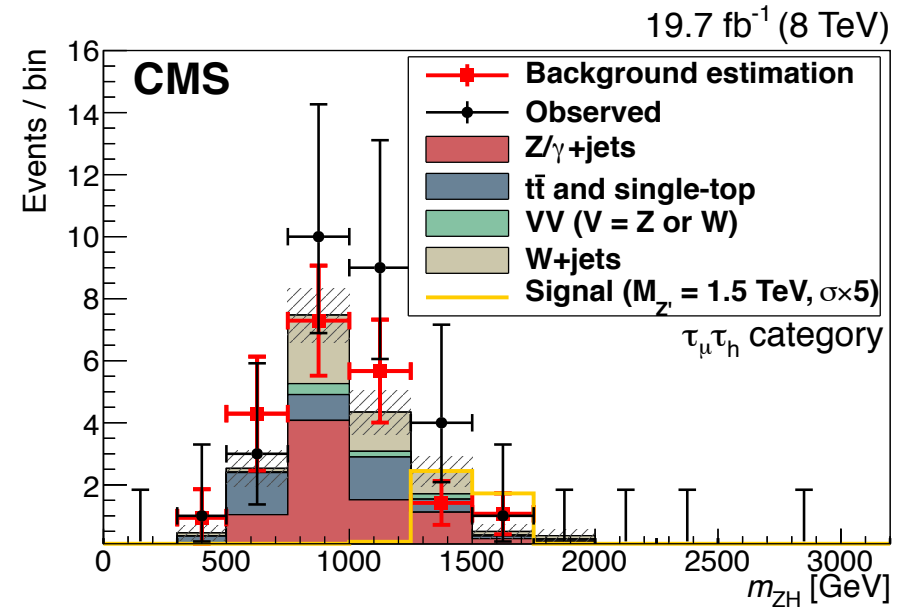
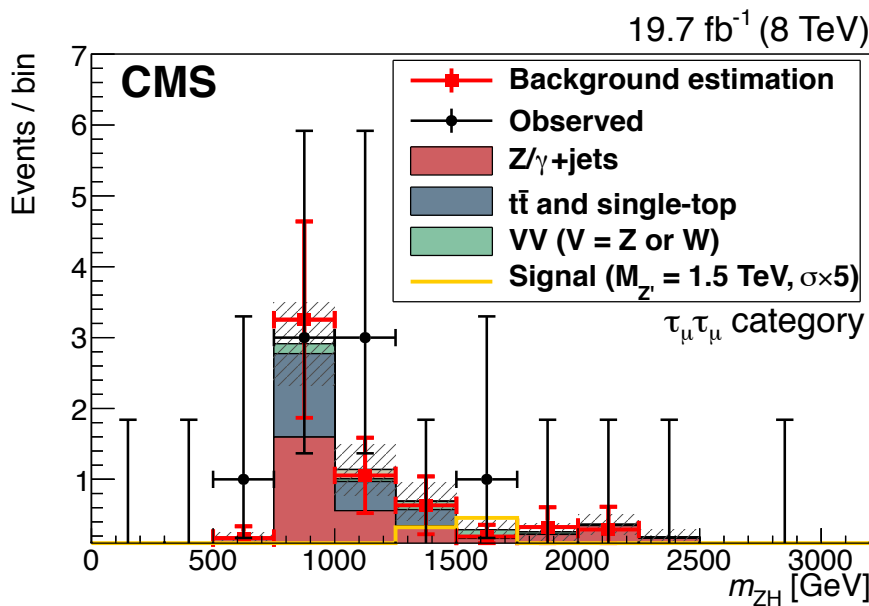


EXO: Search for narrow high-mass resonances decaying to Z and Higgs bosons

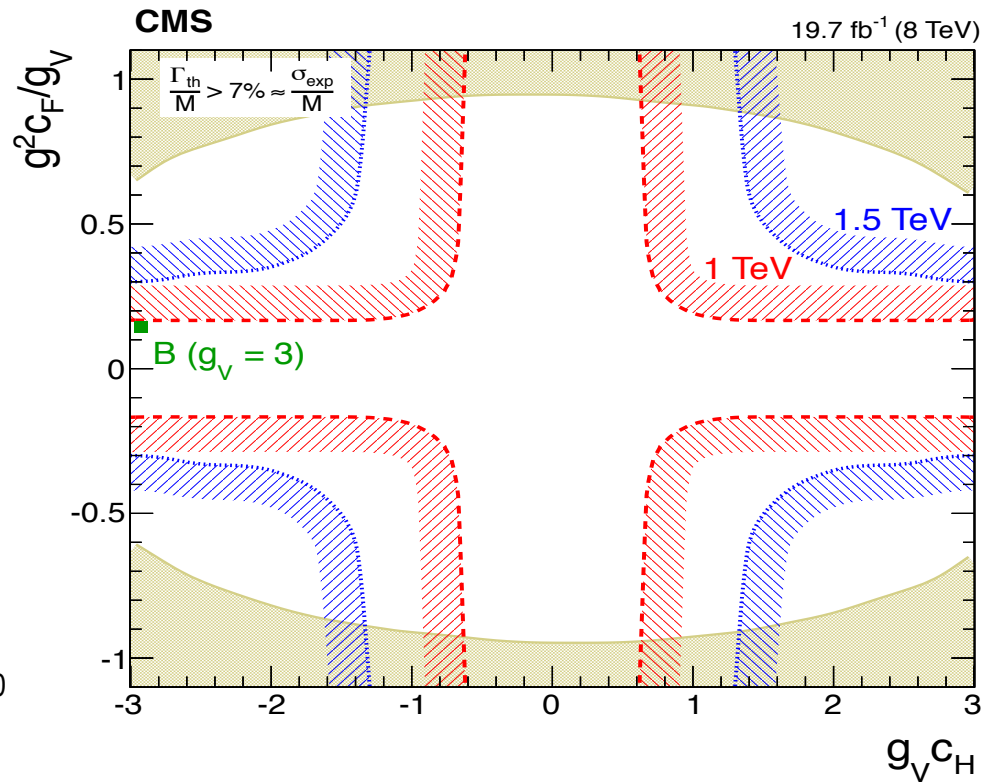
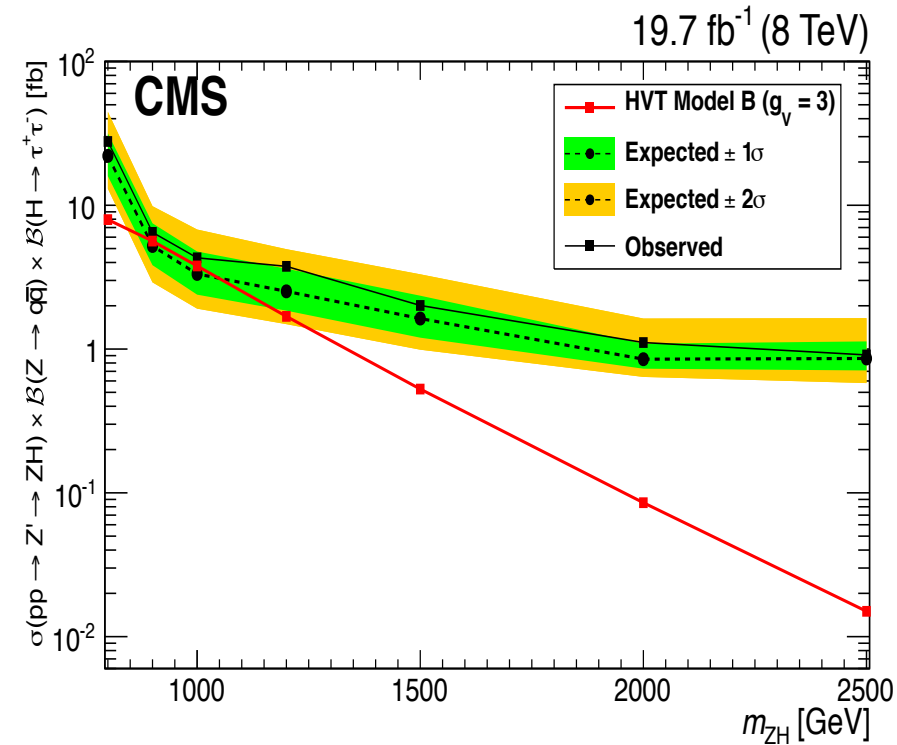
Motivation → The final state consists of a merged jet pair and a τ pair resulting from the decays of Z and H bosons

Selection	$\tau_e\tau_e, \tau_e\tau_\mu, \tau_\mu\tau_\mu$	$\tau_e\tau_h, \tau_\mu\tau_h$	$\tau_h\tau_h$
$ \vec{p}_T^{\text{miss}} $	>100 GeV	>50 GeV	>80 GeV
$p_{T,\ell}^{\text{leading}}$	—	>35 GeV	>50 GeV
$N_{b\text{-tagged jet}}$	=0	=0	—
$\Delta R_{\ell\ell}$	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
$m_{\tau\tau}$	—	—	105–180 GeV

➤ the final products of the two quarks or the two leptons must be detected within a small angular interval



EXO: Search for narrow high-mass resonances decaying to Z and Higgs bosons



Expected and observed upper limit on the
 $\sigma(Z') \mathcal{B}(Z' \rightarrow ZH)$

for the six analysis channels combined

$$\tau_e \tau_e, \tau_e \tau_\mu, \tau_\mu \tau_\mu \quad \tau_e \tau_h, \tau_\mu \tau_h \quad \tau_h \tau_h$$

Exclusion regions in the plane of the HVT-model coupling constants for two resonance masses, 1.0 and 1.5 TeV



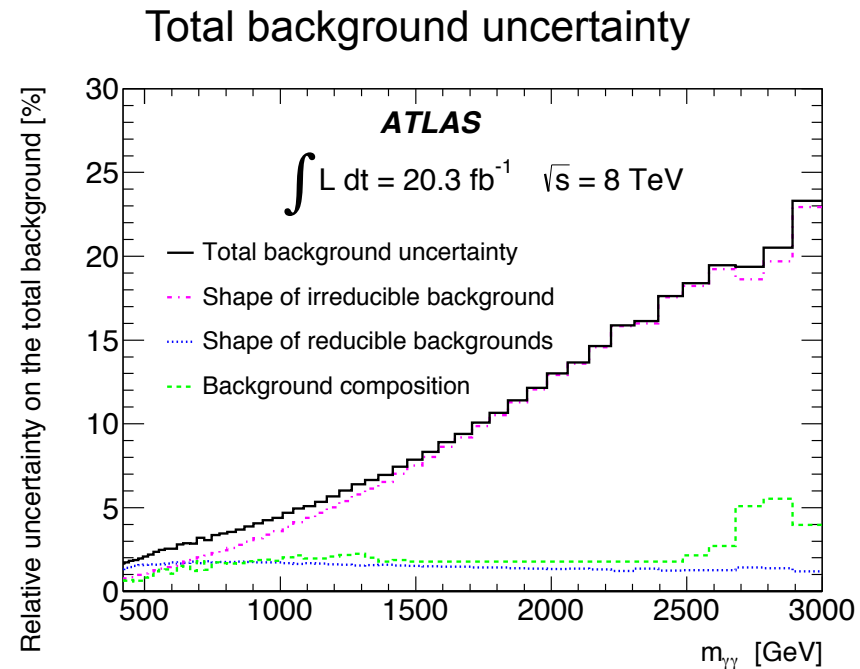
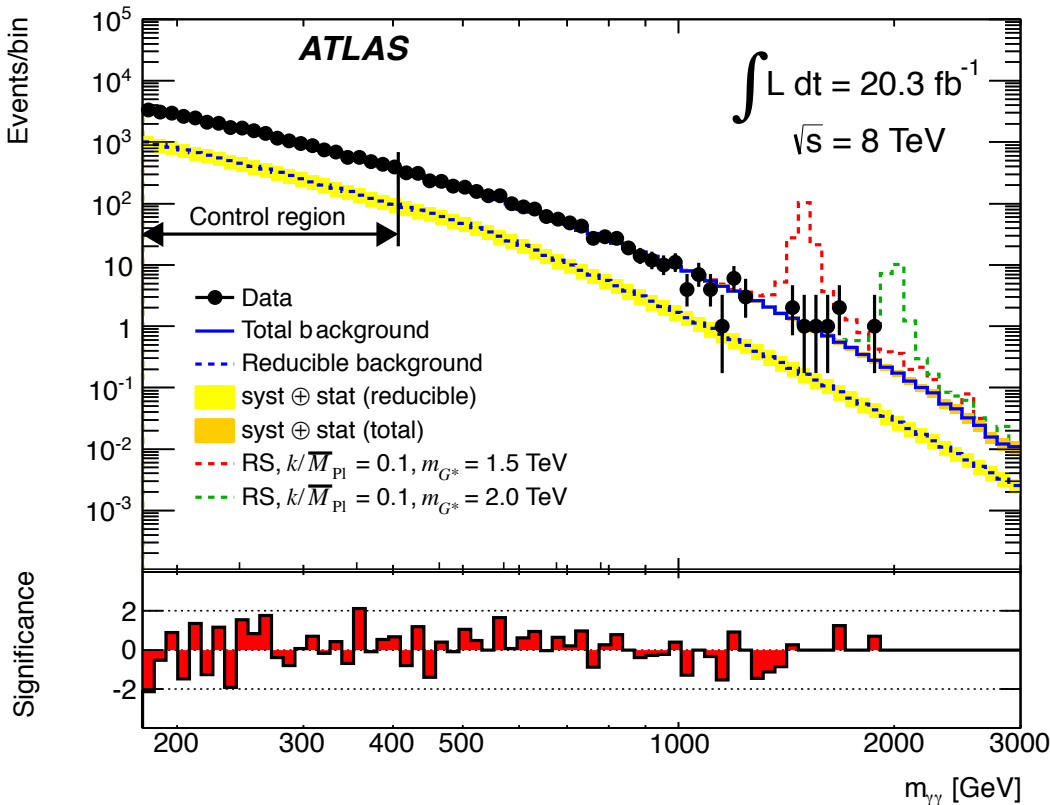
arXiv: 1502.04994
CMS Collaboration

Similar analysis from ATLAS Collaboration → arXiv: 1503.08089



EXO: Search for high-mass diphoton resonances

- Motivation** → Search for high mass resonances decaying to pair of photons
- a clean experimental signature: excellent mass resolution and modest backgrounds



RS → Randall-Sundum Model



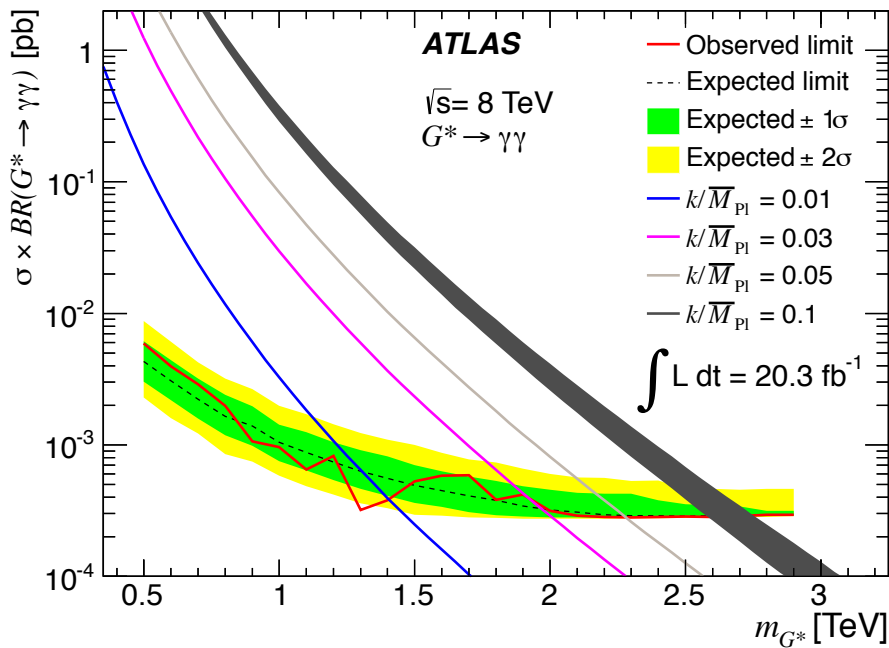
arXiv: 1505.05511
 ATLAS Collaboration

Similar analysis from CMS Collaboration → arXiv: 1503.08089

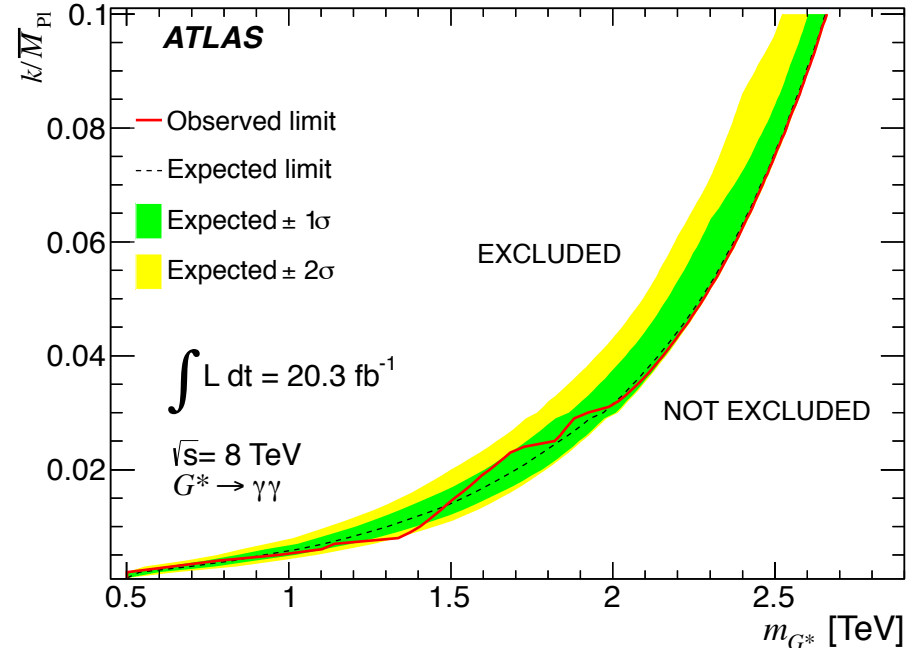


EXO: Search for high-mass diphoton resonances

- As no evidence for a signal is found, upper limits at 95% confidence level are set on the production cross section times branching ratio, $\sigma \times BR(G^* \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$, for the lightest RS graviton



Expected and observed upper limits on $\sigma \times BR(G^* \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$ expressed at 95% CL, as a function of the assumed value of the graviton mass.

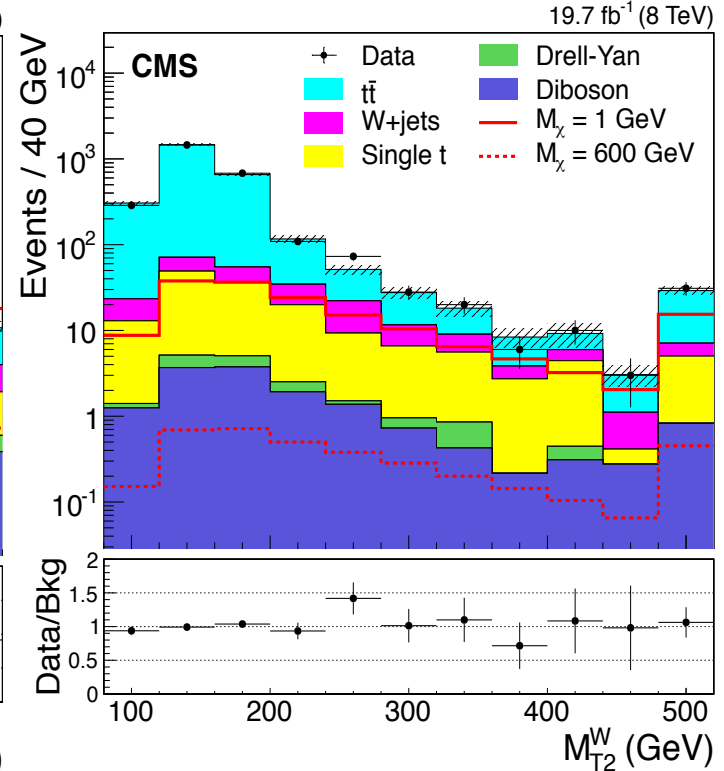
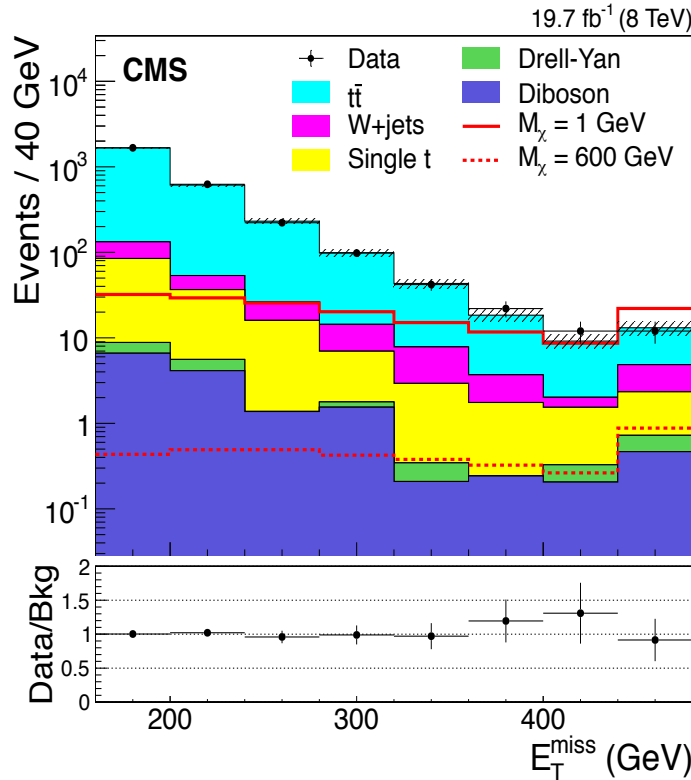
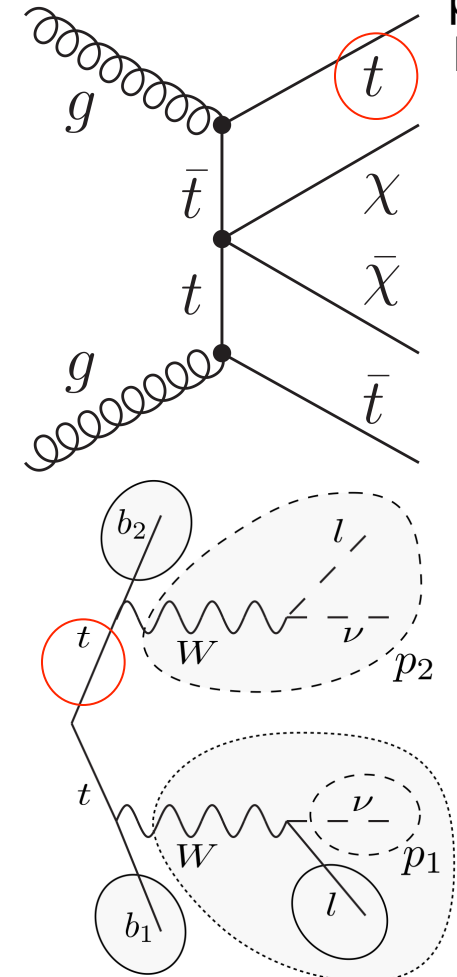


Expected and observed upper limits on k/M_{Pl} expressed at 95% CL, as a function of the assumed value of the graviton mass.



B2G: Dark Matter in association with top-quark pairs in the single lepton final state

Motivation → Search for the production of DM particles in association with a pair of top quarks, and consider only **the scalar contact interaction between fermionic dark matter and top quarks**



The search requires one lepton, multiple-jets and large MET

$$M_{T2}^W = \min \left(m_y \text{ consistent with: } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \vec{p}_1^T + \vec{p}_2^T = \vec{p}_1^{\text{miss}}, p_1^z = 0, (p_1 + p_\ell)^2 = p_2^2 = M_W^2 \\ (p_1 + p_\ell + p_{b1})^2 = (p_2 + p_{b2})^2 = m_y^2 \end{array} \right\} \right) \rightarrow \text{arXiv: 1203.4813}$$

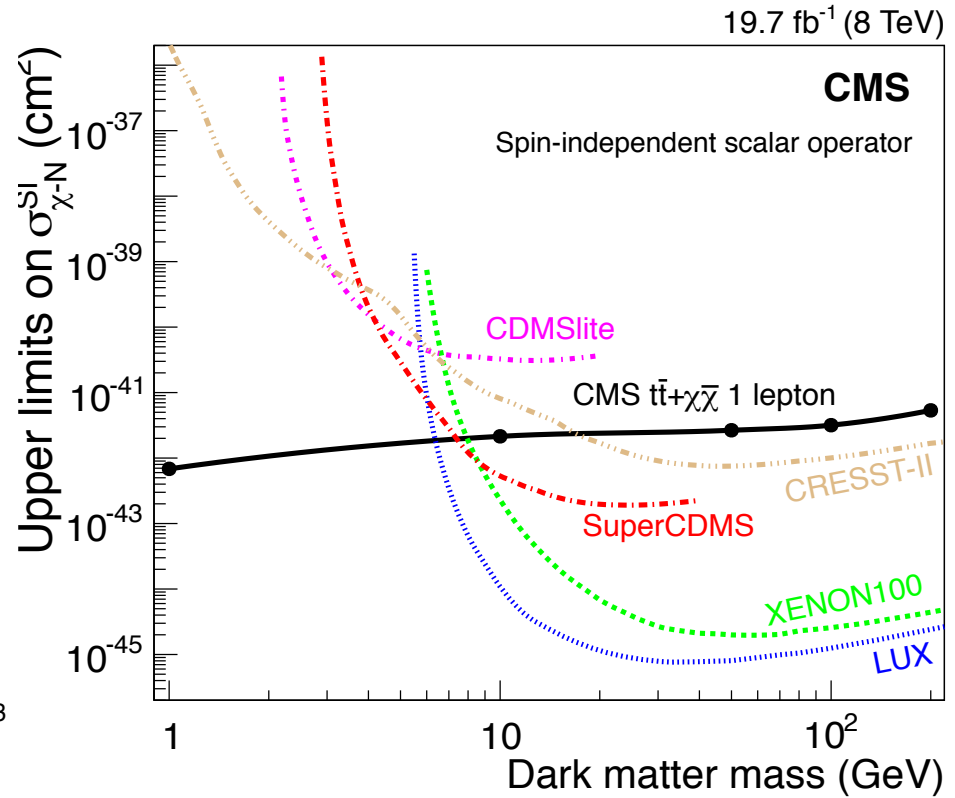
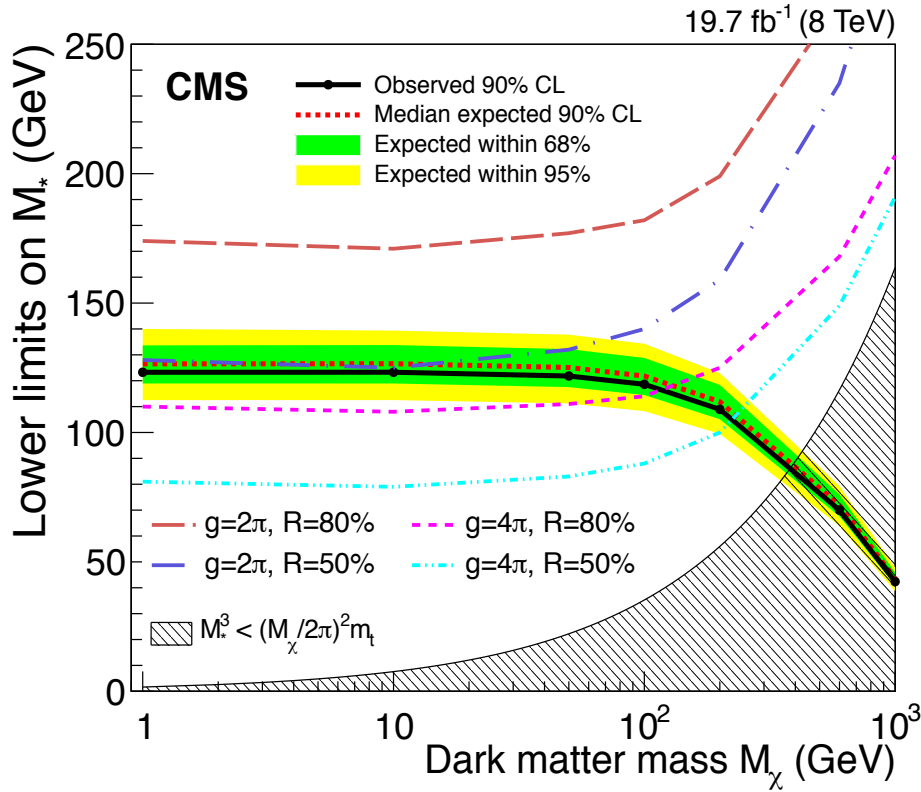
arXiv: 1504.03198

CMS Collaboration

Similar analysis from ATLAS → arXiv: 1410.4031



B2G: Dark Matter in association with top-quark pairs in the single lepton final state



$$L_{\text{int}} = \sum_q \sum_i C_{qi} (\bar{q} \Gamma_i^q q) (\bar{\chi} \Gamma_i^\chi \chi)$$

$$L_{\text{int}} = \frac{m_q}{M_*^3} \bar{q} q \bar{\chi} \chi$$

The 90% CL upper limits on the DM-nucleon spin-independent scattering cross section as a function of the DM particle mass for the scalar operator



arXiv: 1504.03198

CMS Collaboration

Similar analysis from ATLAS → arXiv: 1410.4031



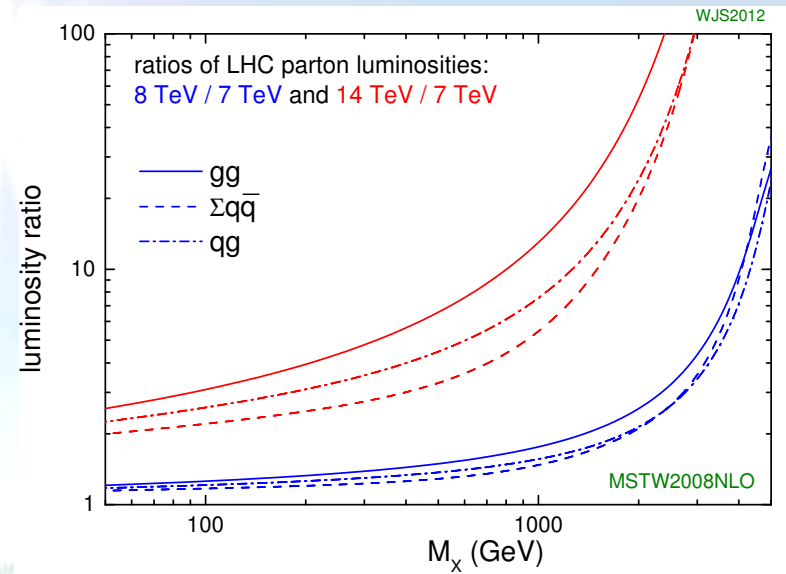
Summary

- ❑ **Search for physics beyond the Standard Model is one of the main motivations for the LHC experiments**
- ❑ **The CMS and ATLAS Collaborations have very rich new physics programs**
- ❑ **So far, no significant deviation from the Standard Model observed**
 - Stringent limits on almost all SUSY scenarios and Exotic particles
 - Great progress in addressing “missing holes” as well as new models
 - There are some indications that Run 2 may show new physics just around the corner!
- ❑ **In June 2015, the LHC will restart at a centre-of-mass energy of 13 TeV - almost double that used for Run 1. This will affect the cross-sections of all physics processes, both Standard Model and Beyond Standard Model.**
 - The ratio of cross sections 2-2.5 times larger for Higgs processes, 4-5 times larger for $t\bar{t}$
 - Stop pair production expects to see a boost of around a factor 10, and gluino production even higher ~ 20 -30 times the cross section in Run 1.
 - BSM signatures Z' , excited quarks etc. are predicted a factor between 10-100
- ❑ **New era will greatly improve the discovery potential of many BSM searches, giving a very optimistic outlook for the LHC Run 2!**



Outlook and Prospects for Run II

- ❑ High expectations from dramatic energy and luminosity increase
- ❑ Challenges for the new era (TeV leptons boosted objects, higher pile-up etc.)
- ❑ Will need to start with the foundations (detector conditions, physics objects)
→ continue the SM precision measurements effort, focus on Higgs and the Top quark
- ❑ Look fast for new physics hints in the obvious directions once enough data collected



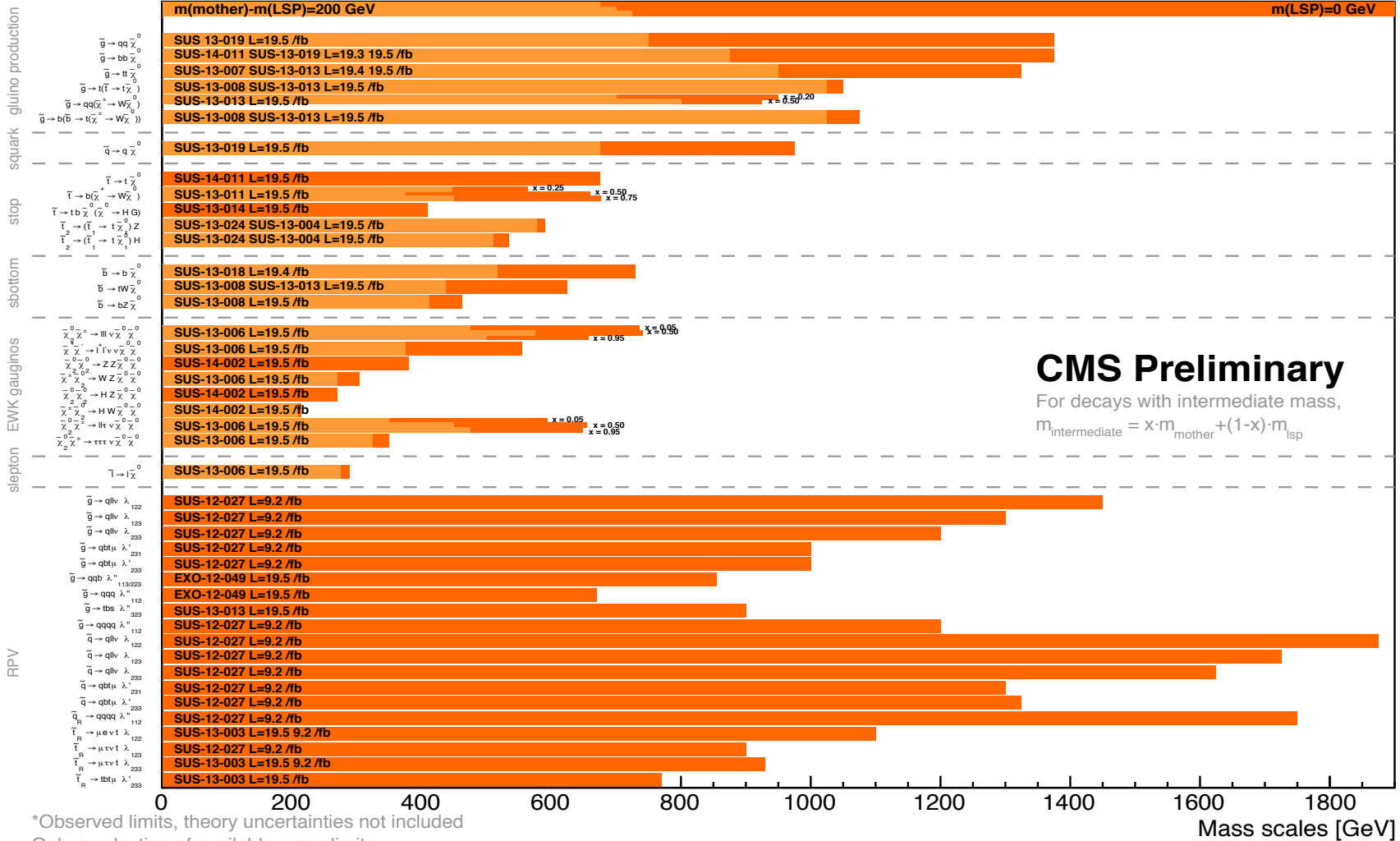
ありがとうございます



SUSY Summary: The CMS Collaboration

Summary of CMS SUSY Results* in SMS framework

ICHEP 2014



CMS Preliminary
 For decays with intermediate mass,
 $m_{\text{intermediate}} = x \cdot m_{\text{mother}} + (1-x) \cdot m_{\text{LSP}}$

*Observed limits, theory uncertainties not included
 Only a selection of available mass limits
 Probe *up to* the quoted mass limit



SUSY Summary: The ATLAS Collaboration

ATLAS SUSY Searches* - 95% CL Lower Limits

Status: Feb 2015

ATLAS Preliminary

$\sqrt{s} = 7, 8 \text{ TeV}$

Model	e, μ, τ, γ	Jets	E_T^{miss}	$\int \mathcal{L} dL [\text{fb}^{-1}]$	Mass limit	Reference	
Inclusive Searches	MSUGRA/CMSSM	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{q}, \tilde{g} 1.7 TeV	$m(\tilde{q})=m(\tilde{g})$
	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow q\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{q} 850 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}, m(1^{\text{st}} \text{ gen. } \tilde{q})=m(2^{\text{nd}} \text{ gen. } \tilde{q})$
	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow q\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ (compressed)	1 γ	0-1 jet	Yes	20.3	\tilde{q} 250 GeV	$m(\tilde{q})-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = m(c)$
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow q\tilde{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g} 1.33 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow q\tilde{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow qqW^\pm\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1 e, μ	3-6 jets	Yes	20	\tilde{g} 1.2 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<300 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{\chi}^\pm)=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)+m(\tilde{g}))$
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow qq(\ell\ell/\ell\nu/\nu\nu)\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	0-3 jets	-	20	\tilde{g} 1.32 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$
	GMSB ($\tilde{\ell}$ NLSP)	1-2 $\tau + 0-1 \ell$	0-2 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g} 1.6 TeV	$\tan\beta > 20$
	GGM (bino NLSP)	2 γ	-	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g} 1.28 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)>50 \text{ GeV}$
	GGM (wino NLSP)	1 $e, \mu + \gamma$	-	Yes	4.8	\tilde{g} 619 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)>50 \text{ GeV}$
	GGM (higgsino-bino NLSP)	γ	1 b	Yes	4.8	\tilde{g} 900 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)>220 \text{ GeV}$
GGM (higgsino NLSP)	2 e, μ (Z)	0-3 jets	Yes	5.8	\tilde{g} 690 GeV	$m(\text{NLSP})>200 \text{ GeV}$	
Gravitino LSP	0	mono-jet	Yes	20.3	$F^{1/2}$ scale 865 GeV	$m(\tilde{G})>1.8 \times 10^{-4} \text{ eV}, m(\tilde{g})=m(\tilde{q})=1.5 \text{ TeV}$	
3^{rd} gen. \tilde{g} med.	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow b\tilde{b}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	3 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{g} 1.25 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<400 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	7-10 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g} 1.1 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 350 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{b}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0-1 e, μ	3 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{g} 1.34 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<400 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow b\tilde{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0-1 e, μ	3 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{g} 1.3 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<300 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow b\tilde{b}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	3 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{g} 1.3 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<300 \text{ GeV}$
3^{rd} gen. squarks direct production	$\tilde{b}_1\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{b}_1 100-620 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<90 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{b}_1\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ (SS)	0-3 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{b}_1 275-440 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=2m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1-2 e, μ	1-2 b	Yes	4.7	\tilde{t}_1 110-167 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=2m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=55 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow Wb\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ or $t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	0-2 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1 90-191 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=1 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0-1 e, μ	1-2 b	Yes	20	\tilde{t}_1 210-640 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=1 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow c\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	mono-jet/c-tag	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1 90-240 GeV	$m(\tilde{t}_1)-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<85 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$ (natural GMSB)	2 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1 150-580 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)>150 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{t}_2\tilde{t}_2, \tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow t_1 + Z$	3 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_2 290-600 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<200 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_2, \tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow t_1 + Z$	3 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_2 290-600 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<200 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_2, \tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow t_1 + Z$	3 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_2 290-600 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<200 \text{ GeV}$
EW direct	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_2, \tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow t_1 + Z$	3 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_2 290-600 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<200 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_2, \tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow t_1 + Z$	3 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_2 290-600 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<200 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_2, \tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow t_1 + Z$	3 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_2 290-600 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<200 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_2, \tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow t_1 + Z$	3 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_2 290-600 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<200 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_2, \tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow t_1 + Z$	3 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_2 290-600 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<200 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_2, \tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow t_1 + Z$	3 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_2 290-600 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<200 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_2, \tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow t_1 + Z$	3 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_2 290-600 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<200 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_2, \tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow t_1 + Z$	3 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_2 290-600 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<200 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_2, \tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow t_1 + Z$	3 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_2 290-600 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<200 \text{ GeV}$
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_2, \tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow t_1 + Z$	3 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_2 290-600 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<200 \text{ GeV}$
$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_2, \tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow t_1 + Z$	3 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_2 290-600 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<200 \text{ GeV}$	
Long-lived particles	Direct $\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ prod., long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	Disapp. trk	1 jet	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ 270 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=160 \text{ MeV}, \tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=0.2 \text{ ns}$
	Stable, stopped \tilde{g} R-hadron	0	1-5 jets	Yes	27.9	\tilde{g} 832 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=100 \text{ GeV}, 10 \mu\text{s} < \tau(\tilde{g}) < 1000 \text{ s}$
	Stable \tilde{g} R-hadron	trk	-	-	19.1	\tilde{g} 1.27 TeV	1411.6795
	GMSB, stable $\tilde{\tau}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}(\tilde{e}, \tilde{\mu}) + \tau(e, \mu)$	1-2 μ	-	-	19.1	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ 537 GeV	$10 < \tan\beta < 50$
	GMSB, $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma\tilde{G}$, long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 γ	-	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ 435 GeV	$2 < \tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 3 \text{ ns}, \text{SPS8 model}$
	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow qq\mu$ (RPV)	1 μ , displ. vtx	-	-	20.3	\tilde{q} 1.0 TeV	$1.5 < c\tau < 156 \text{ mm}, \text{BR}(\mu)=1, m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=108 \text{ GeV}$
	LFV $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_\tau + X, \tilde{\nu}_\tau \rightarrow e + \mu$	2 e, μ	-	-	4.6	$\tilde{\nu}_\tau$ 1.61 TeV	$\lambda'_{311}=0.10, \lambda'_{132}=0.05$
	LFV $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_\tau + X, \tilde{\nu}_\tau \rightarrow e(\mu) + \tau$	1 $e, \mu + \tau$	-	-	4.6	$\tilde{\nu}_\tau$ 1.1 TeV	$\lambda'_{311}=0.10, \lambda'_{1(2)33}=0.05$
	Bilinear RPV CMSSM	2 e, μ (SS)	0-3 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{q}, \tilde{g} 1.35 TeV	$m(\tilde{q})=m(\tilde{g}), c\tau_{LSP} < 1 \text{ mm}$
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow e\tilde{\nu}_e, e\mu\tilde{\nu}_e$	4 e, μ	-	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ 750 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)>0.2 \times m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm), \lambda'_{121} \neq 0$
$\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tau\tilde{\nu}_\tau, e\tau\tilde{\nu}_\tau$	3 $e, \mu + \tau$	-	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ 450 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)>0.2 \times m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm), \lambda'_{133} \neq 0$	
$\tilde{g} \rightarrow qq\tilde{q}$	0	6-7 jets	-	20.3	\tilde{g} 916 GeV	$\text{BR}(\tau)=\text{BR}(b)=\text{BR}(c)=0\%$	
$\tilde{g} \rightarrow t_1 t_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b s$	2 e, μ (SS)	0-3 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g} 850 GeV	1404.250	
Other	Scalar charm, $\tilde{c} \rightarrow c\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2 c	Yes	20.3	\tilde{c} 490 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<200 \text{ GeV}$

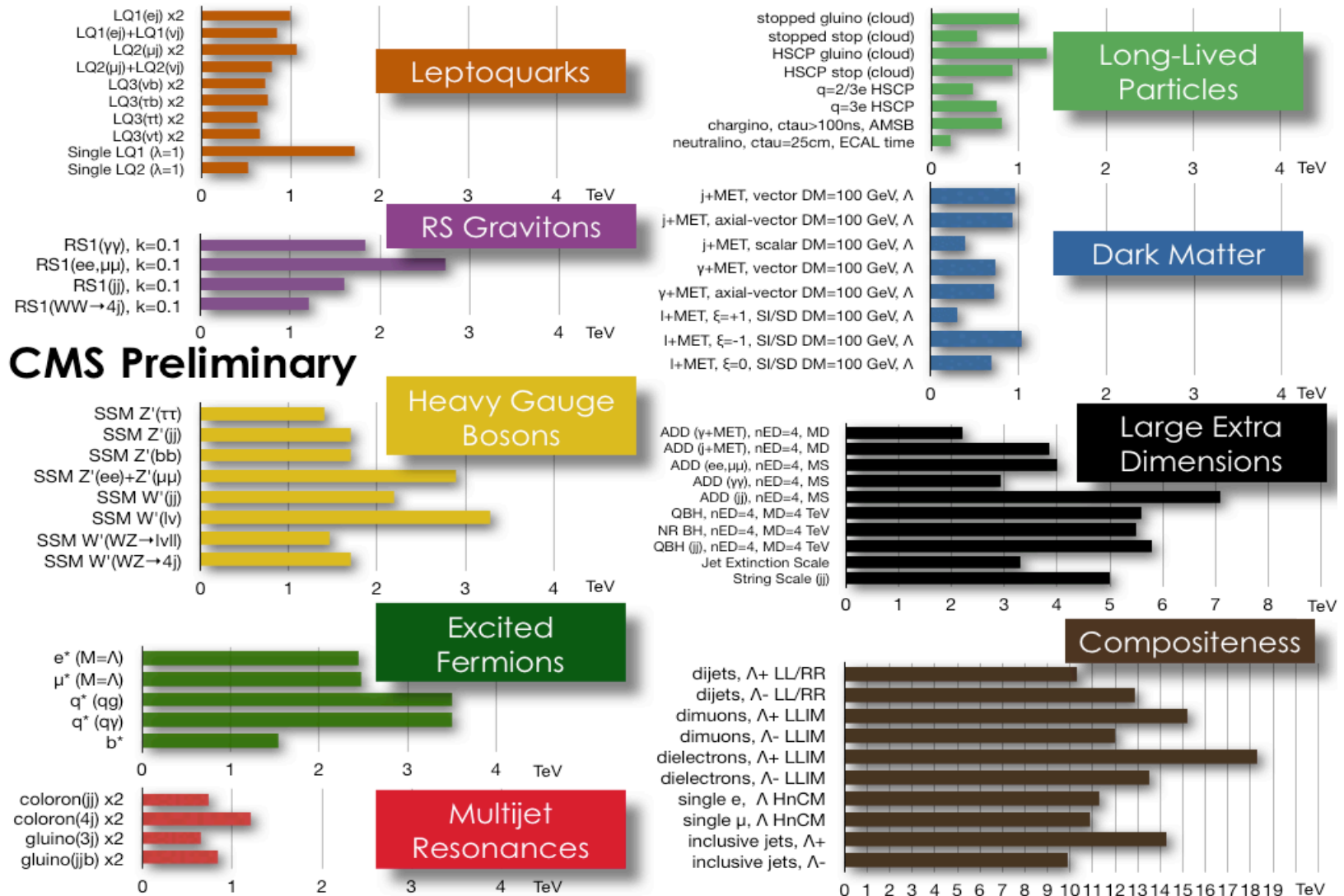
$\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$ full data $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ partial data $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ full data

10⁻¹ 1 Mass scale [TeV]

*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown. All limits quoted are observed minus 1 σ theoretical signal cross section uncertainty.



EXOTICA Summary: The CMS Collaboration



CMS Exotica Physics Group Summary – Moriond, 2015



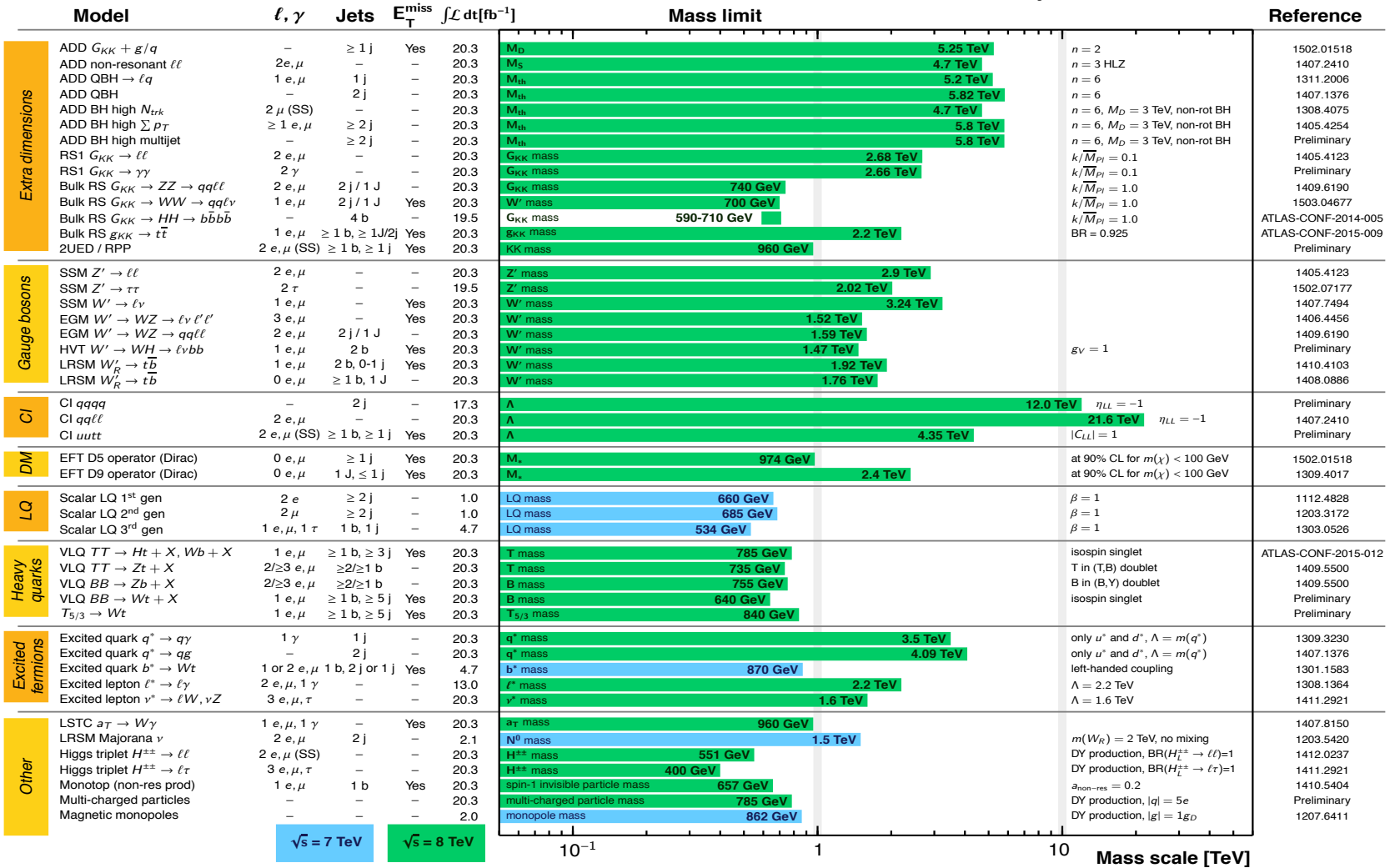
EXOTICA Summary: The ATLAS Collaboration

ATLAS Exotics Searches* - 95% CL Exclusion

Status: March 2015

ATLAS Preliminary

$$\int \mathcal{L} dt = (1.0 - 20.3) \text{ fb}^{-1} \quad \sqrt{s} = 7, 8 \text{ TeV}$$



$\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$

$\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$

10^{-1}

1

10

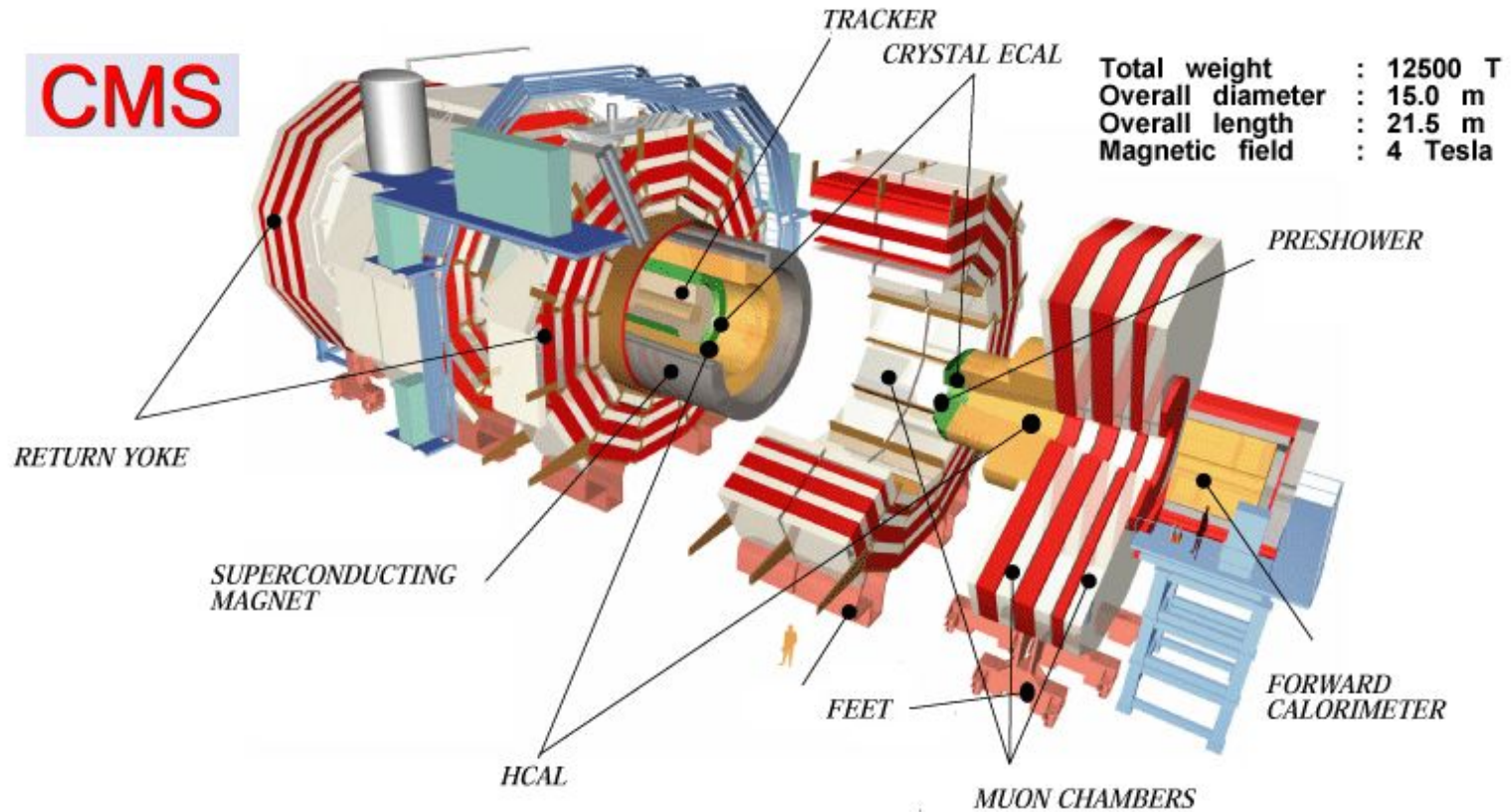
Mass scale [TeV]

*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown.

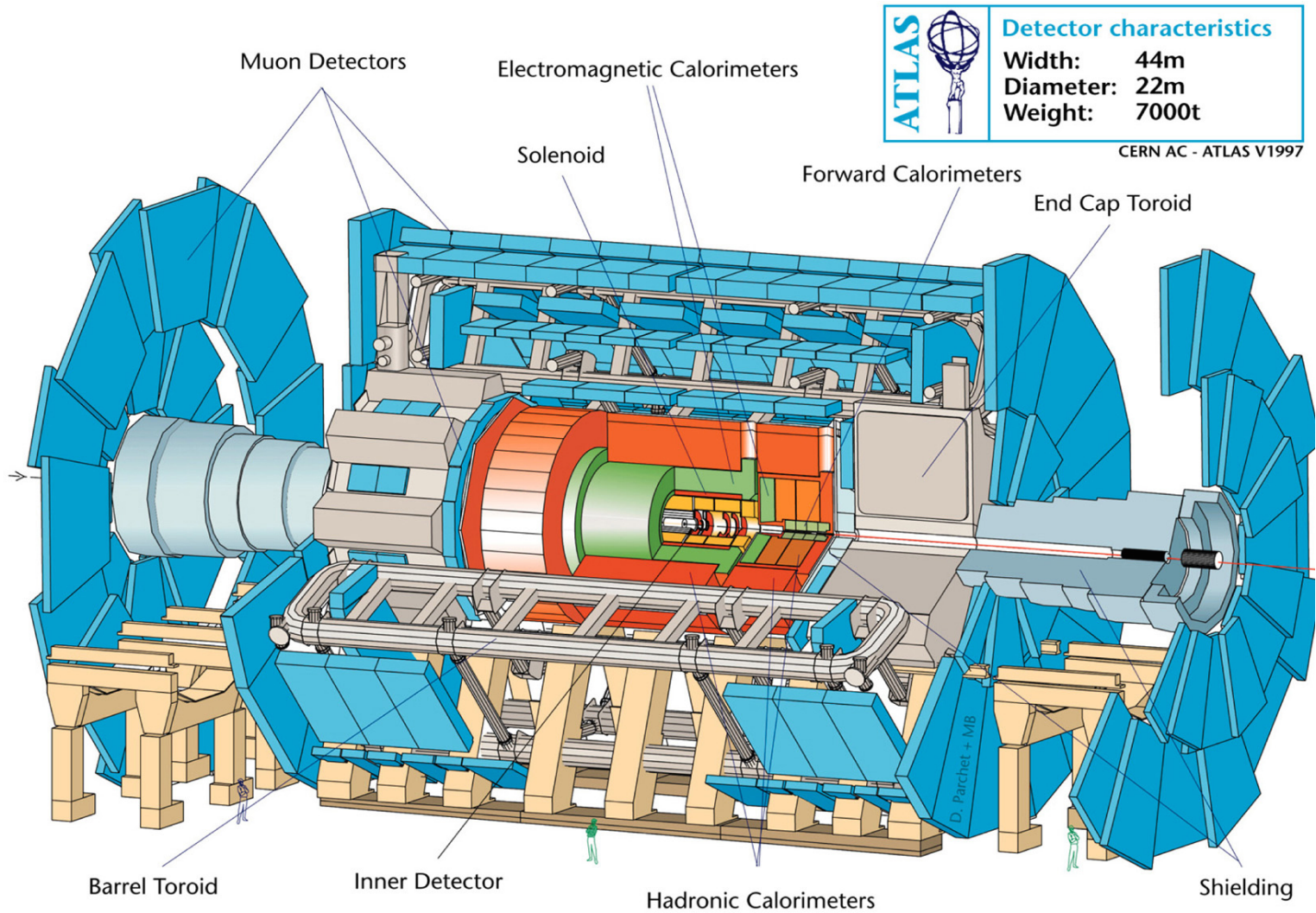




The CMS Detector



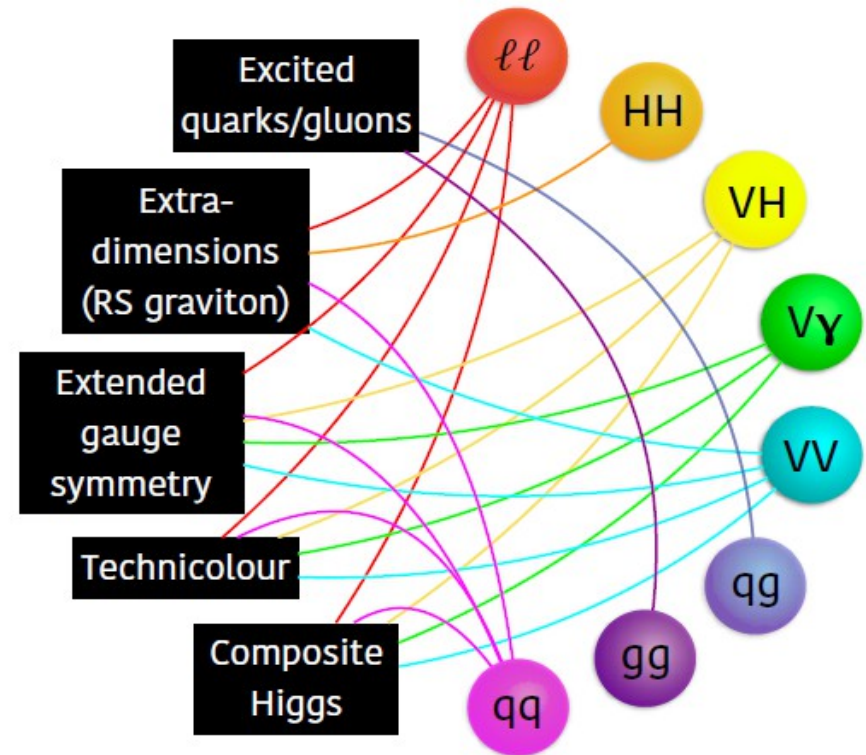
The ATLAS Detector



Other models

- Composite Higgs / Little Higgs \rightarrow **Vector-like quarks (T,B)**
 - Can cancel Higgs mass divergences from top loops
 - Color-triplet spin-1/2 fermions
 - Left and right handed under SU(2)

- These and other models can also predict **new resonances**
- Great way to find BSM!

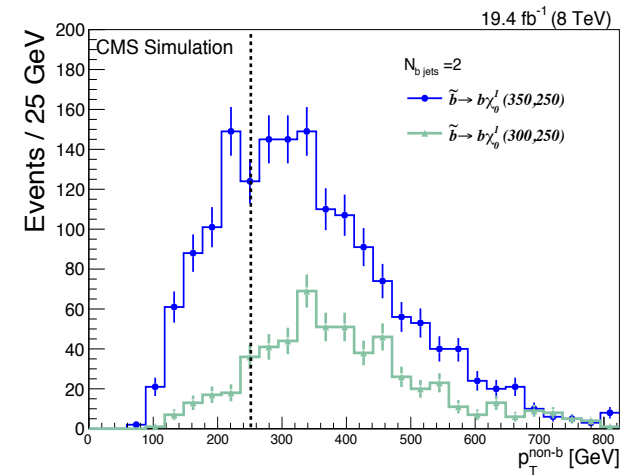
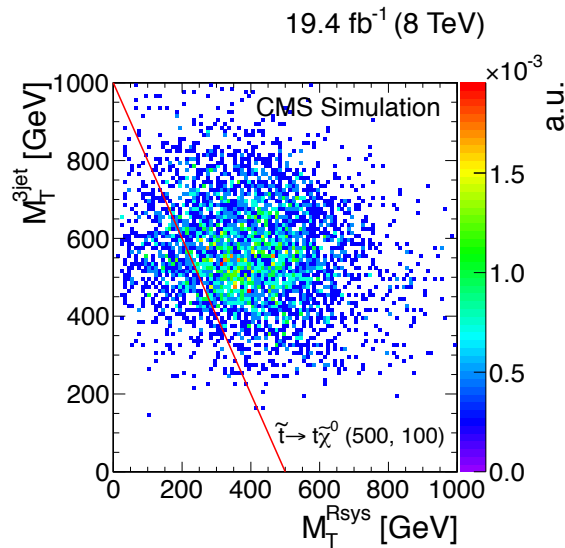
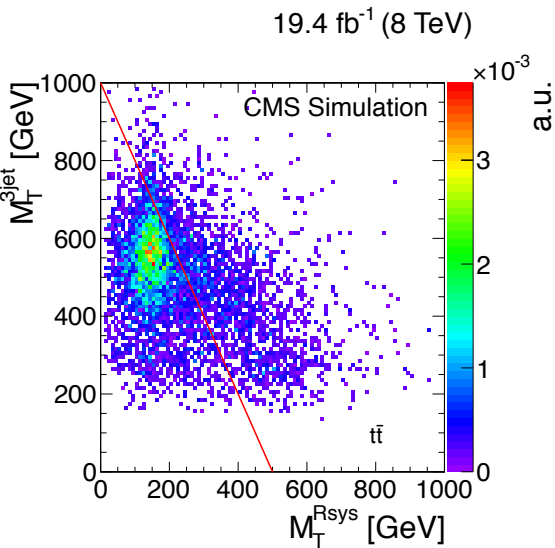
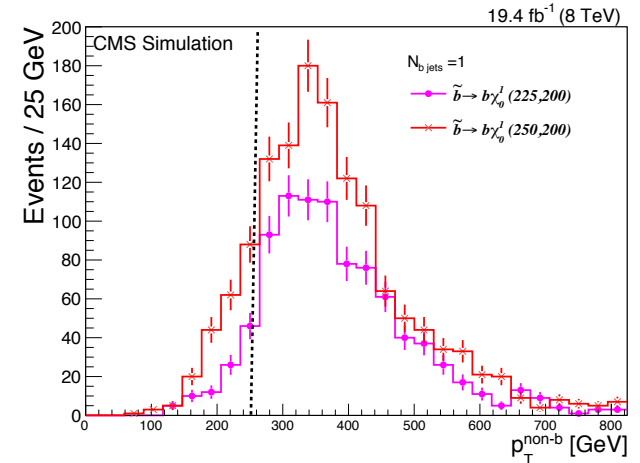
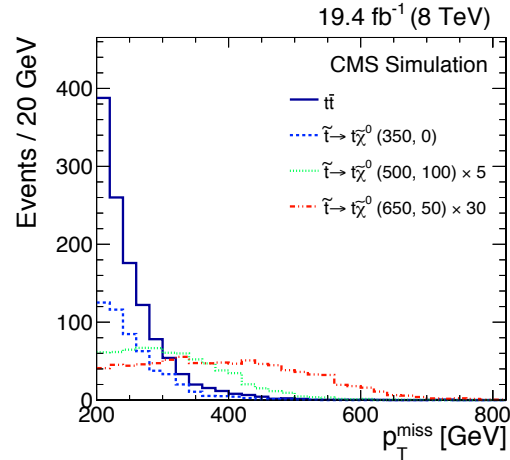
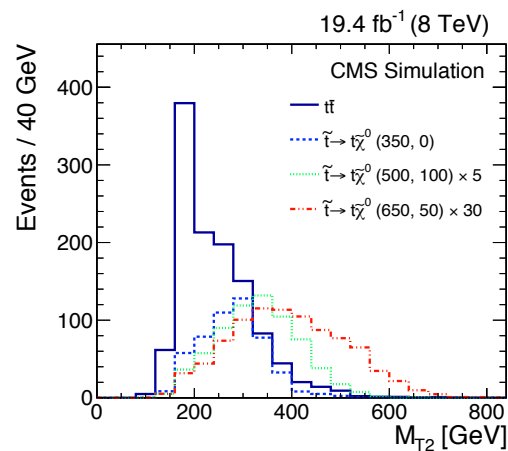


*Courtesy Andy Haas



SUSY: 3rd generation squarks in fully hadronic final states

Backup slides

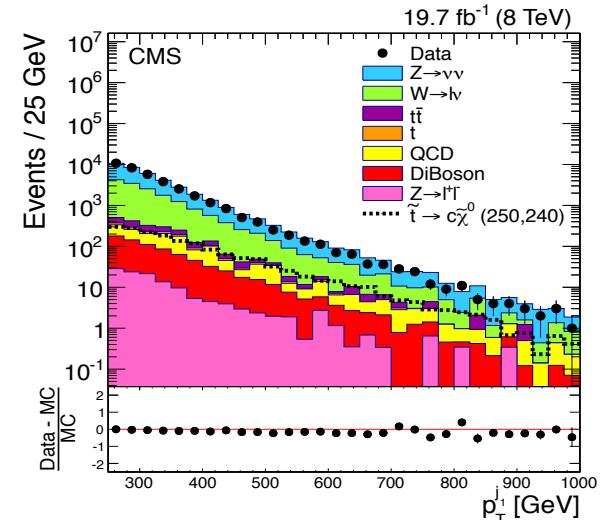
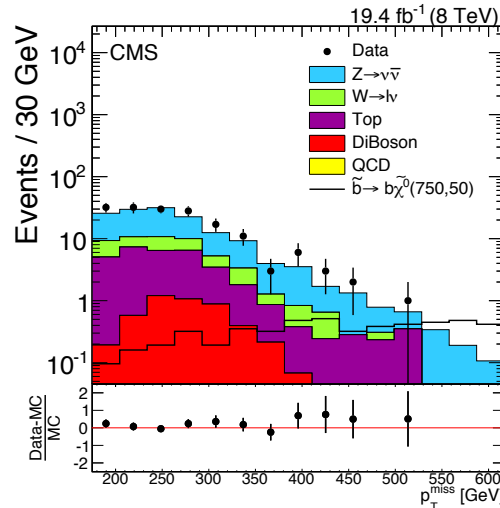
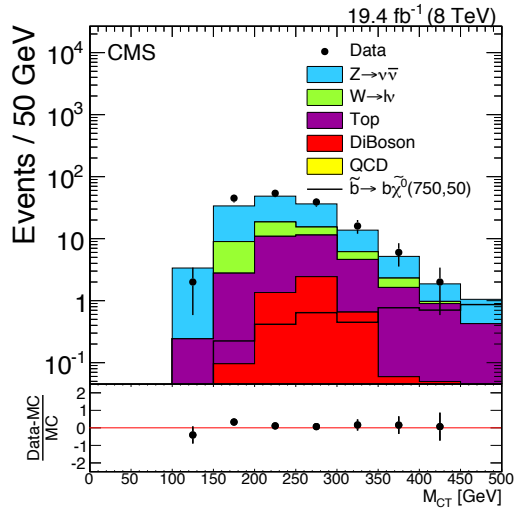
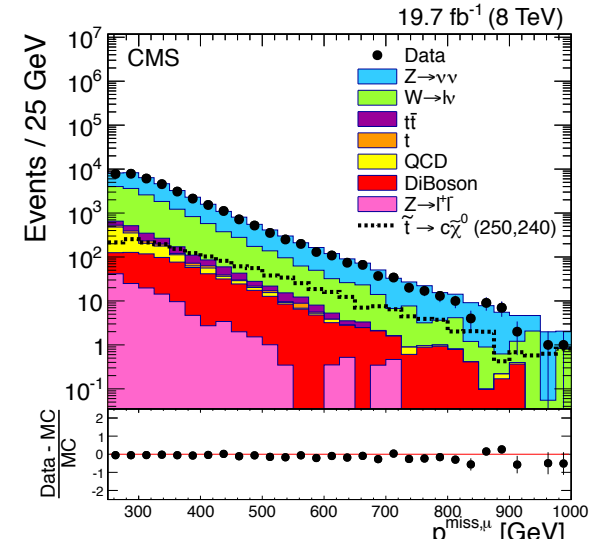
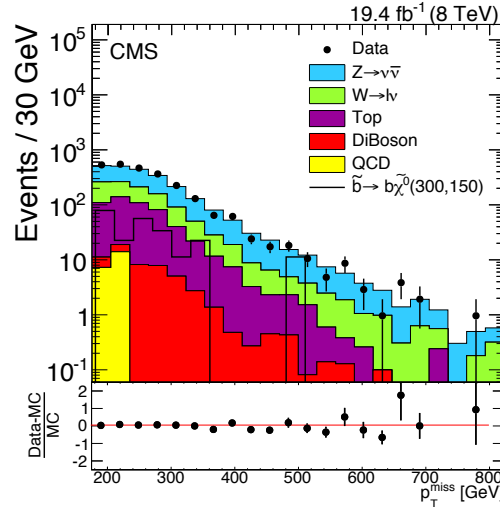
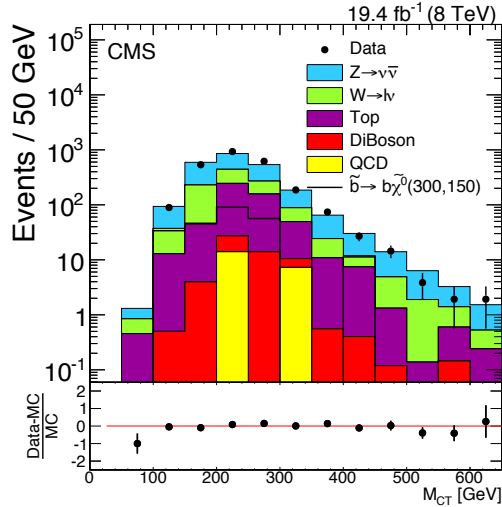


arXiv: 1503.0803
CMS Collaboration



SUSY: 3rd generation squarks in fully hadronic final states

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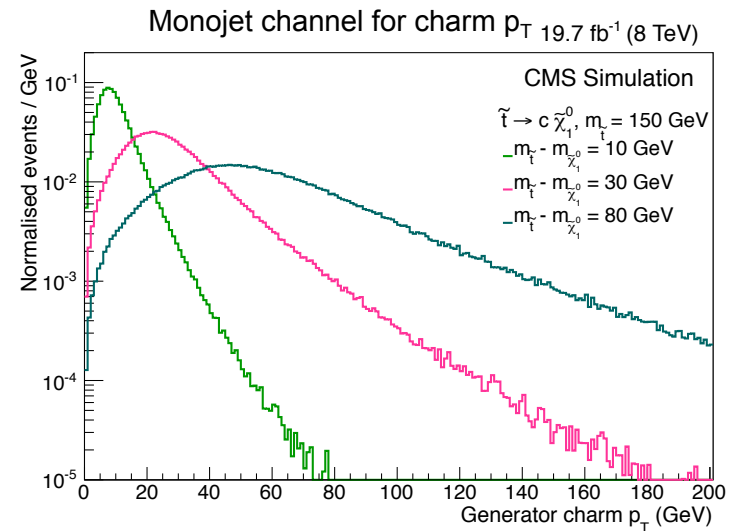
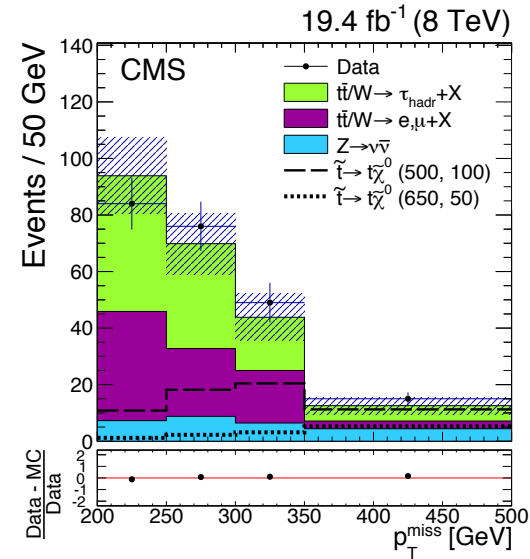
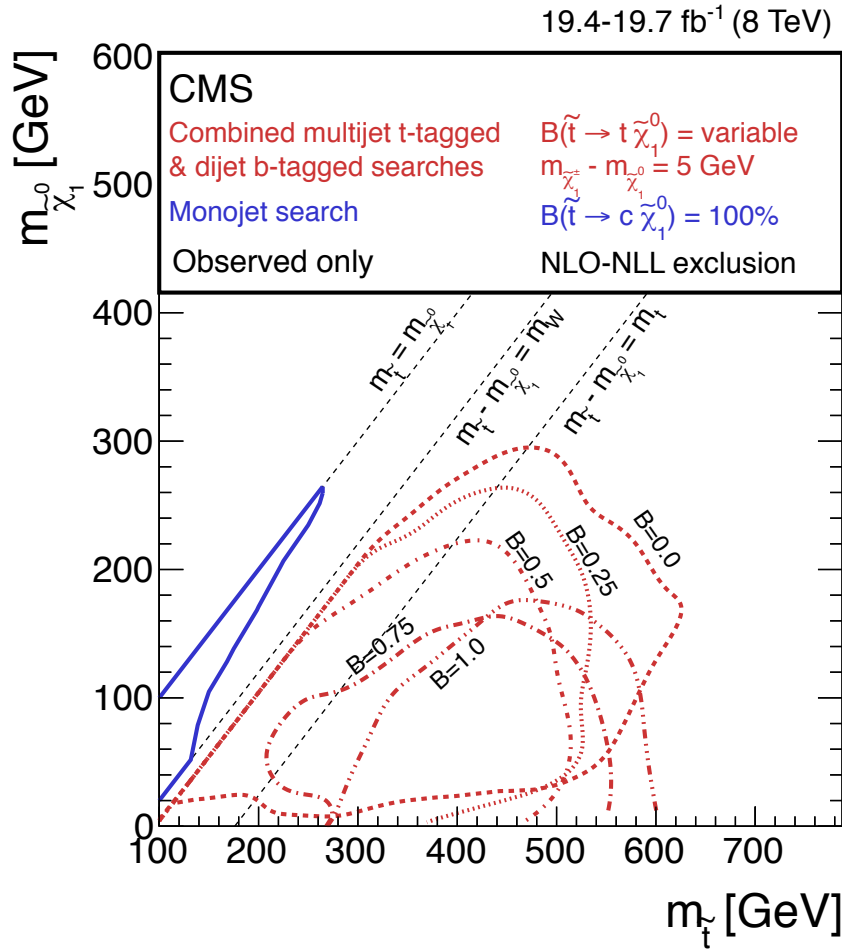


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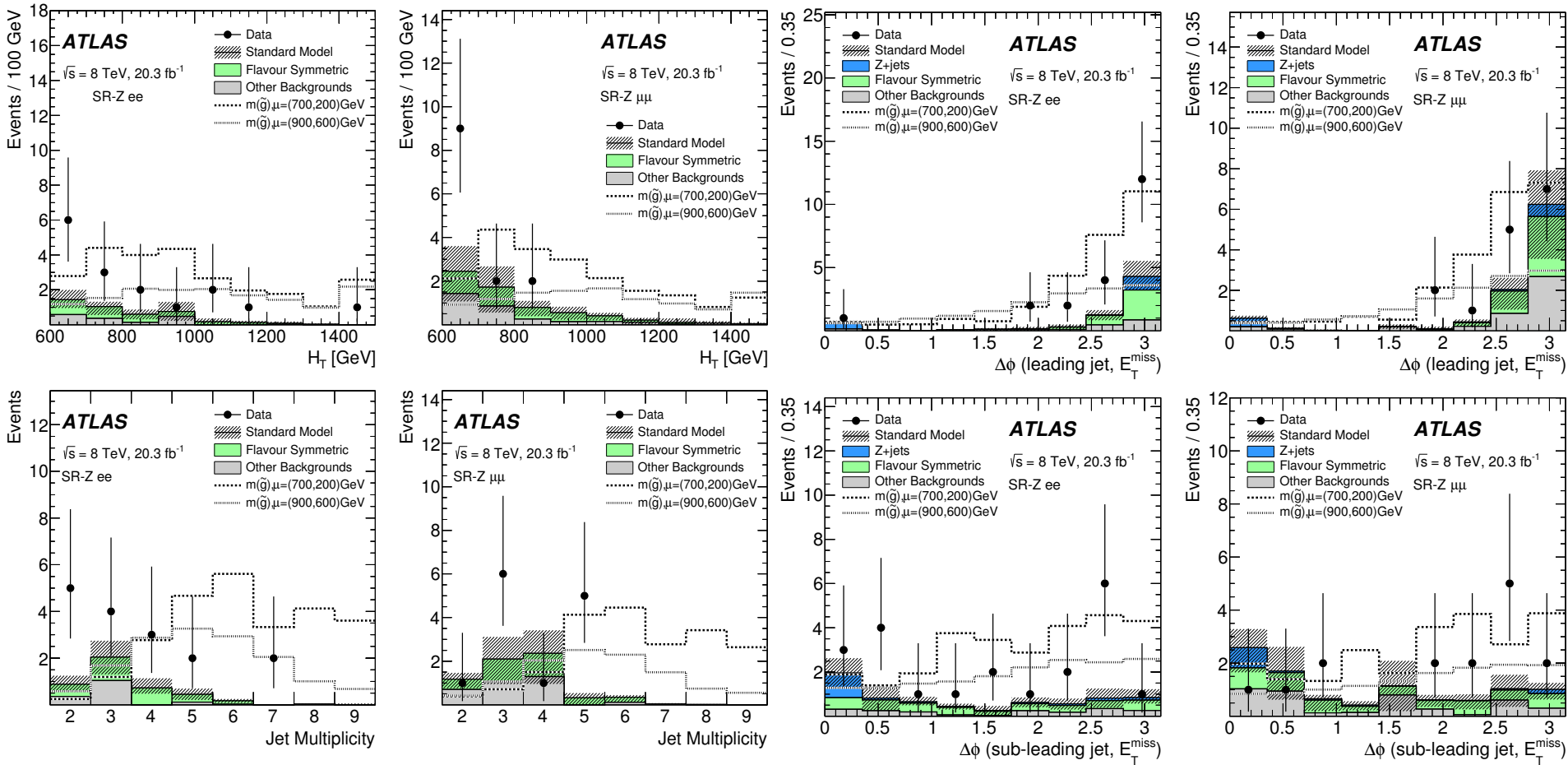
SUSY: 3rd generation squarks in fully hadronic final states

Backup slides



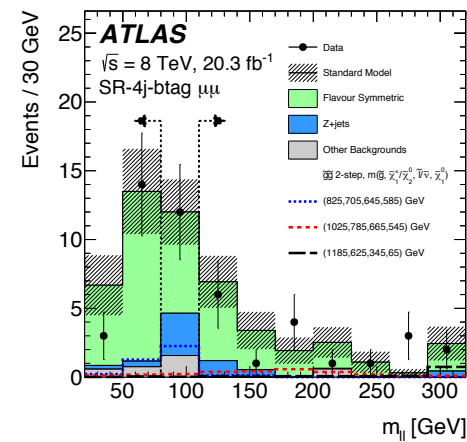
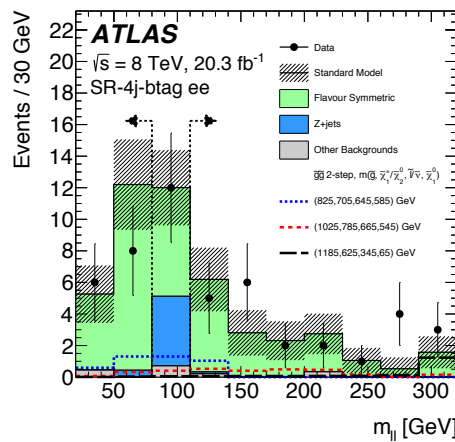
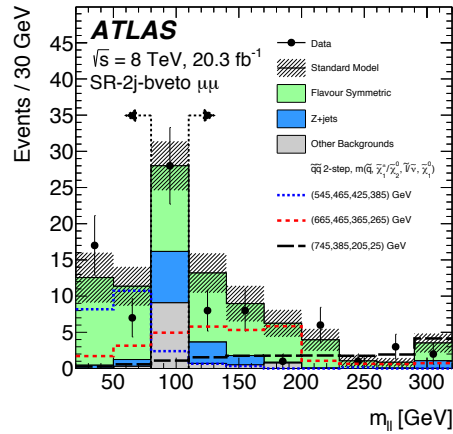
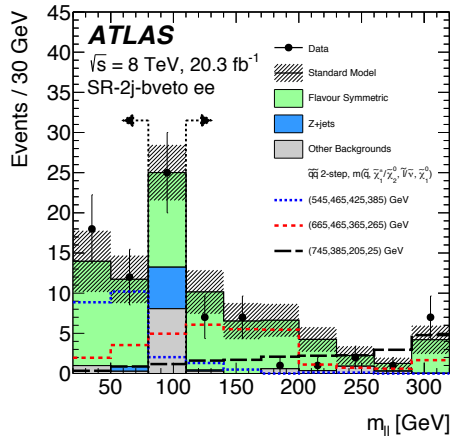
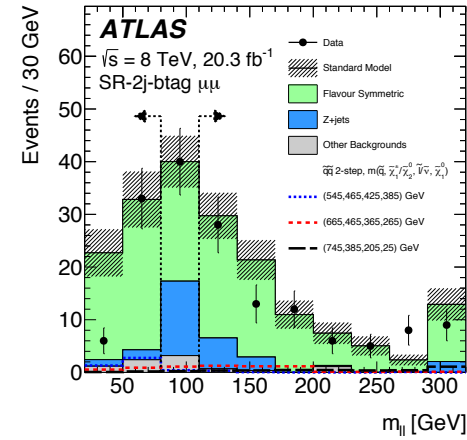
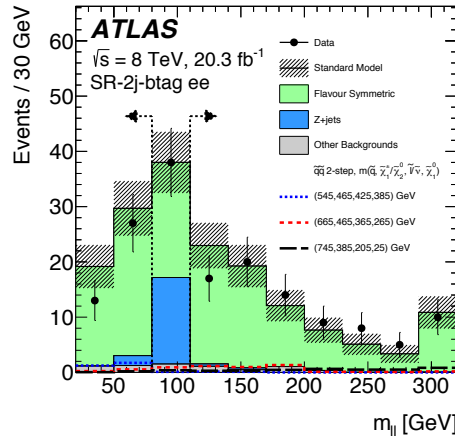
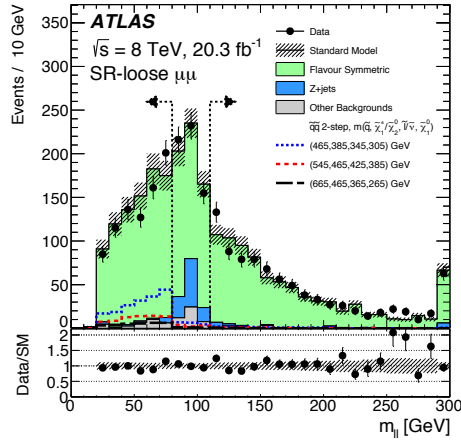
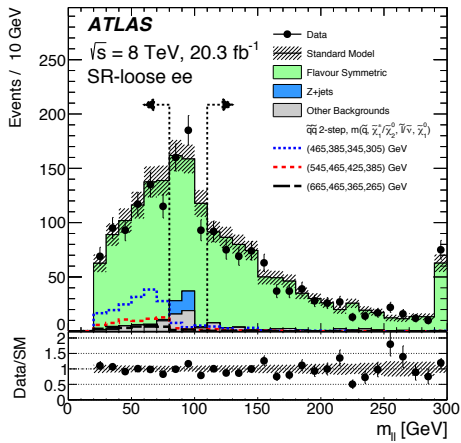
SUSY: Same-flavour opp.-sign dilepton pair, jets, and MET

Backup slides



SUSY: Same-flavour opp.-sign dilepton pair, jets, and MET

Backup slides

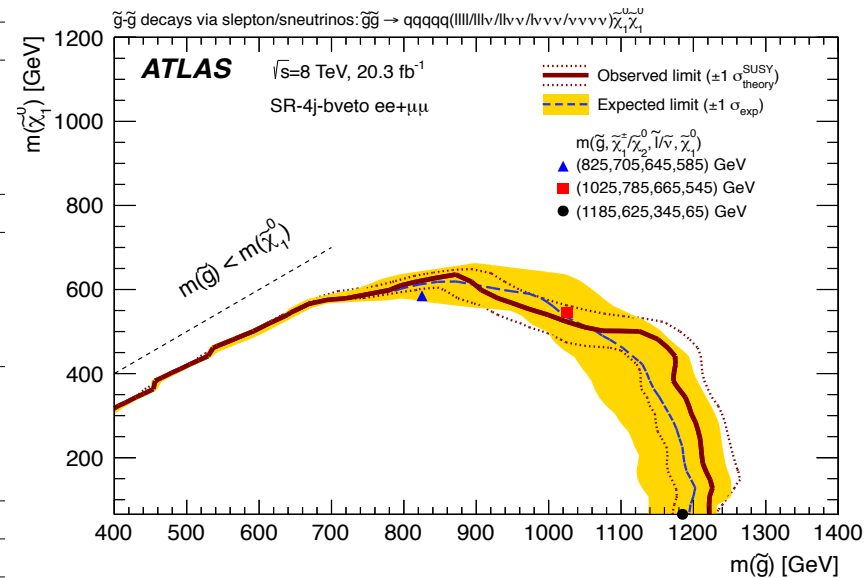
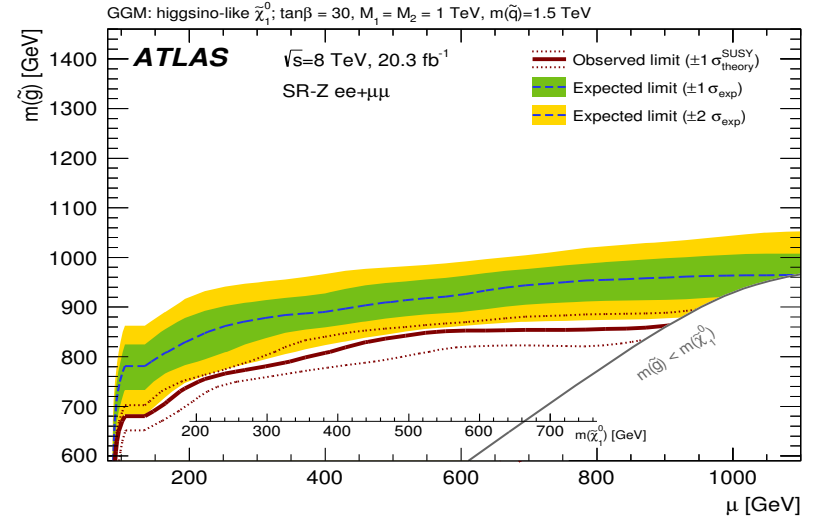


SUSY: Same-flavour opp.-sign dilepton pair, jets, and MET

Backup slides

On-Z Region	E_T^{miss} [GeV]	H_T [GeV]	n_{jets}	$m_{\ell\ell}$ [GeV]	SF/DF	E_T^{miss} sig. [$\sqrt{\text{GeV}}$]	f_{ST}	$\Delta\phi(\text{jet}_{12}, E_T^{\text{miss}})$
Signal regions								
SR-Z	> 225	> 600	≥ 2	$81 < m_{\ell\ell} < 101$	SF	-	-	> 0.4
Control regions								
Seed region	-	> 600	≥ 2	$81 < m_{\ell\ell} < 101$	SF	< 0.9	< 0.6	-
CR μ	> 225	> 600	≥ 2	$81 < m_{\ell\ell} < 101$	DF	-	-	> 0.4
CRT	> 225	> 600	≥ 2	$m_{\ell\ell} \notin [81, 101]$	SF	-	-	> 0.4
Validation regions								
VRZ	< 150	> 600	≥ 2	$81 < m_{\ell\ell} < 101$	SF	-	-	-
VRT	150-225	> 500	≥ 2	$m_{\ell\ell} \notin [81, 101]$	SF	-	-	> 0.4
VRTZ	150-225	> 500	≥ 2	$81 < m_{\ell\ell} < 101$	SF	-	-	> 0.4

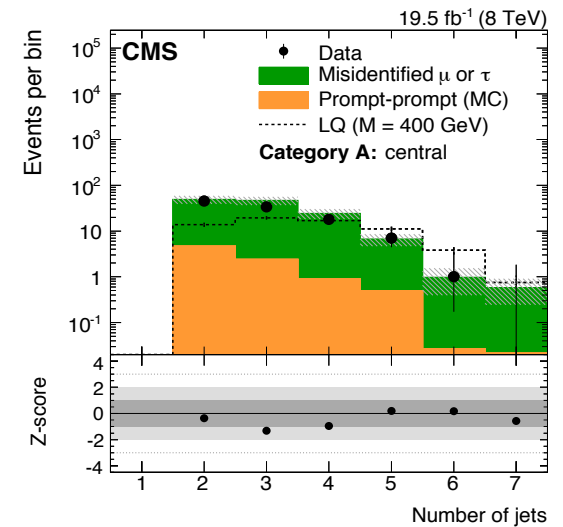
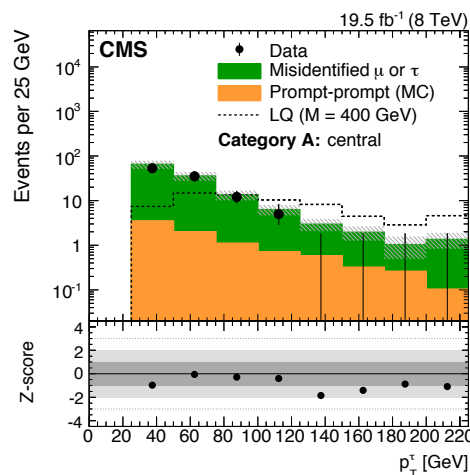
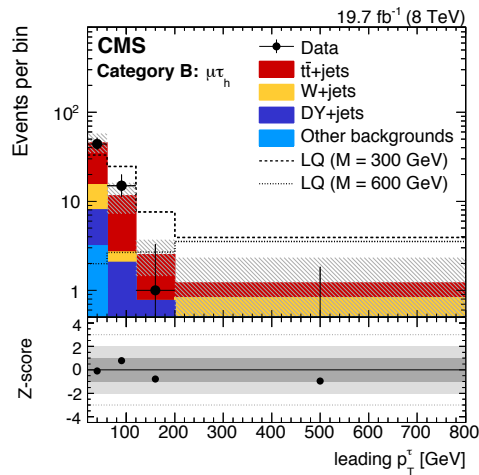
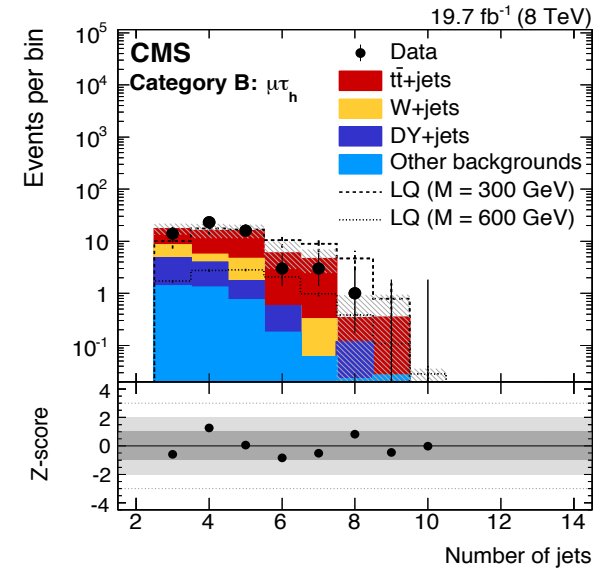
Off-Z Region	E_T^{miss} [GeV]	n_{jets}	$n_{\text{b-jets}}$	$m_{\ell\ell}$ [GeV]	SF/DF
Signal regions					
SR-2j-bveto	> 200	≥ 2	= 0	$m_{\ell\ell} \notin [80, 110]$	SF
SR-2j-btag	> 200	≥ 2	≥ 1	$m_{\ell\ell} \notin [80, 110]$	SF
SR-4j-bveto	> 200	≥ 4	= 0	$m_{\ell\ell} \notin [80, 110]$	SF
SR-4j-btag	> 200	≥ 4	≥ 1	$m_{\ell\ell} \notin [80, 110]$	SF
SR-loose	> (150, 100)	(2, ≥ 3)	-	$m_{\ell\ell} \notin [80, 110]$	SF
Control regions					
CRZ-2j-bveto	> 200	≥ 2	= 0	$80 < m_{\ell\ell} < 110$	SF
CRZ-2j-btag	> 200	≥ 2	≥ 1	$80 < m_{\ell\ell} < 110$	SF
CRZ-4j-bveto	> 200	≥ 4	= 0	$80 < m_{\ell\ell} < 110$	SF
CRZ-4j-btag	> 200	≥ 4	≥ 1	$80 < m_{\ell\ell} < 110$	SF
CRZ-loose	> (150, 100)	(2, ≥ 3)	-	$80 < m_{\ell\ell} < 110$	SF
Validation regions					
VR-offZ	100-150	= 2	-	$m_{\ell\ell} \notin [80, 110]$	SF



EXO: Third-generation scalar leptoquarks in the $t\tau$ channel

Backup slides

Systematic uncertainty	Magnitude (%)	Category A		Category B			
		B (%)	S (%)	$\mu\tau_h$ ch.		$e\tau_h$ ch.	
Integrated luminosity	2.6	0.4/1.2	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6
Electron reco/ID/iso & trigger	p_T, η dependent	—	—	—	—	1.4	2.2
Muon reco/ID/iso & trigger	1.1	0.1/0.5	1.1	0.9	0.9	—	—
τ lepton reco/ID/iso	6.0	0.8/2.8	6.0	1.5	3.0	0.6	3.1
Muon momentum scale & resolution	p_T dependent	0.1/0.3	0.4	—	—	—	—
τ lepton energy scale	3.0	1.2/4.1	2.0	2.3	2.7	0.6	1.5
τ lepton energy resolution	10.0	0.2/0.8	0.9	1.2	1.3	0.2	0.1
Jet energy scale	p_T, η dependent	0.9/3.2	1.9	4.2	1.9	5.6	2.7
Jet energy resolution	η dependent	0.4/1.2	1.0	0.8	0.3	1.6	0.8
Pileup	5.0	0.1/1.2	1.0/2.5	0.8	0.3	0.9	0.5
PDF (on acceptance)	—	—	+2.9/+2.4 -4.3/-6.2	—	0.7	—	0.9
PDF (on background)	—	—	—	8.7	—	8.3	—
Matrix method	—	23.1/15.3	—	—	—	—	—
Jet \rightarrow τ misidentification rate	p_T dependent	—	—	8.2	1.0	10.9	0.8
$e \rightarrow \tau$ misidentification rate	η dependent	—	—	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
$t\bar{t}$ factorization/renormalization	+100 -50	—	—	+6.1 -5.9	—	+2.9 -2.7	—
Top quark p_T re-weighting	p_T dependent	—	—	0.1	—	0.1	—
W+jets factorization/renormalization	+100 -50	—	—	4.3	—	0.3	—
W+jets matching threshold	+100 -50	—	—	1.3	—	2.5	—



arXiv: 1503.09049
CMS Collaboration



EXO: Third-generation scalar leptoquarks in the $t\tau$ channel

Backup slides

M_{LQ_3} (GeV)	p_T^τ (GeV)	S_T (GeV)	N_{Bkg}^{PP} \pm (stat)	Total N_{Bkg}^{Exp} \pm (stat) \pm (syst)	N^{Obs}	Z-score	$N_{LQ_3}^{Exp}$ \pm (stat)	ϵ_{LQ_3} (%)
Central channel: $ \widetilde{\eta} < 0.9$								
200	35	410	8.5 ± 1.0	$128 \pm 5 \pm 25$	105	-1.0	53 ± 21	0.04
250	35	410	8.5 ± 1.0	$128 \pm 5 \pm 25$	105	-1.0	252 ± 24	0.58
300	50	470	4.2 ± 0.5	$39.9 \pm 2.9 \pm 8.3$	27	-1.5	153 ± 11	0.98
350	50	490	4.0 ± 0.5	$34.6 \pm 2.7 \pm 7.1$	25	-1.2	92.4 ± 5.6	1.45
400	65	680	0.9 ± 0.2	$7.2 \pm 1.2 \pm 1.7$	4	-1.0	28.4 ± 2.1	1.00
450	65	700	0.8 ± 0.2	$6.3 \pm 1.1 \pm 1.6$	4	-0.8	17.3 ± 1.1	1.27
500	65	770	0.5 ± 0.2	$3.2 \pm 0.8 \pm 0.8$	4	+0.5	9.8 ± 0.6	1.43
550	65	800	0.4 ± 0.1	$2.7 \pm 0.8 \pm 0.6$	4	+0.7	6.1 ± 0.3	1.71
600	65	850	0.2 ± 0.1	$1.8 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.4$	3	+0.9	3.6 ± 0.2	1.85
650	65	850	0.2 ± 0.1	$1.8 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.4$	3	+0.9	2.2 ± 0.1	1.99
700	85	850	0.1 ± 0.1	$1.1 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.3$	2	+0.8	1.3 ± 0.1	2.02
750	85	850	0.1 ± 0.1	$1.1 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.3$	2	+0.8	0.8 ± 0.1	2.20
800	85	850	0.1 ± 0.1	$1.1 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.3$	2	+0.8	0.5 ± 0.1	2.80
Forward channel: $ \widetilde{\eta} \geq 0.9$								
200	35	410	4.2 ± 0.5	$72 \pm 4 \pm 15$	87	+1.1	—	—
250	35	410	4.2 ± 0.5	$72 \pm 4 \pm 15$	87	+1.1	50 ± 11	0.11
300	50	470	1.8 ± 0.3	$20.3 \pm 2.2 \pm 3.9$	23	+0.5	33.4 ± 5.2	0.21
350	50	490	1.7 ± 0.3	$18.2 \pm 2.0 \pm 3.5$	19	+0.2	18.5 ± 2.5	0.29
400	65	680	0.7 ± 0.2	$2.7 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.6$	1	-0.9	6.1 ± 1.0	0.21
450	65	700	0.7 ± 0.2	$2.3 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.4$	1	-0.7	3.8 ± 0.5	0.28
500	65	770	0.5 ± 0.1	$1.2 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.2$	1	0.0	1.6 ± 0.2	0.24
550	65	800	0.4 ± 0.1	$0.9 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.2$	1	+0.3	1.2 ± 0.2	0.32
600	65	850	0.3 ± 0.1	$0.6 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.1$	1	+0.6	0.6 ± 0.1	0.29
650	65	850	0.3 ± 0.1	$0.6 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.1$	1	+0.6	0.3 ± 0.1	0.26
700	85	850	0.1 ± 0.1	$0.4 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.1$	0	-0.4	0.2 ± 0.1	0.28
750	85	850	0.1 ± 0.1	$0.4 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.1$	0	-0.4	0.1 ± 0.1	0.35
800	85	850	0.1 ± 0.1	$0.4 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.1$	0	-0.4	0.1 ± 0.1	0.36

Process	$p_T^\tau < 60$ GeV	$60 < p_T^\tau < 120$ GeV	$120 < p_T^\tau < 200$ GeV	$p_T^\tau > 200$ GeV	ϵ_{LQ_3} (%)	
					OS	SS
LQ_3 (200 GeV)	$21 \pm 12^{+7}_{-2}$	$0.0 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.0$	$0.0 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.1$	$0.0 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.1$	0.01	0
LQ_3 (250 GeV)	$31.0 \pm 8.2^{+6.6}_{-3.4}$	$13.1 \pm 5.5^{+1.1}_{-2.9}$	$0.0 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.1$	$0.0 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.1$	0.09	0.02
LQ_3 (300 GeV)	$33.1 \pm 5.3^{+2.8}_{-3.8}$	$24.6 \pm 4.6^{+2.8}_{-2.1}$	$7.6 \pm 2.6^{+1.1}_{-1.7}$	$3.9 \pm 1.8^{+0.9}_{-0.3}$	0.35	0.08
LQ_3 (350 GeV)	$18.1 \pm 2.6^{+1.8}_{-1.4}$	$13.3 \pm 2.2^{+1.0}_{-1.1}$	$7.2 \pm 1.6^{+0.8}_{-0.7}$	$2.9 \pm 0.9^{+0.5}_{-1.4}$	0.57	0.08
LQ_3 (400 GeV)	$13.9 \pm 1.4^{+1.1}_{-2.6}$	$13.4 \pm 1.4^{+1.0}_{-1.1}$	$7.8 \pm 1.1^{+0.8}_{-0.6}$	$4.1 \pm 0.8^{+0.6}_{-0.8}$	1.30	0.12
LQ_3 (450 GeV)	$10.1 \pm 0.9^{+0.8}_{-1.9}$	$8.6 \pm 0.8^{+0.8}_{-0.8}$	$7.1 \pm 0.7^{+0.5}_{-0.6}$	$5.8 \pm 0.6^{+0.7}_{-0.6}$	2.05	0.27
LQ_3 (500 GeV)	$5.2 \pm 0.4^{+0.5}_{-0.9}$	$6.0 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.5$	$5.3 \pm 0.4^{+0.4}_{-0.5}$	$4.4 \pm 0.4^{+0.7}_{-0.5}$	2.75	0.27
LQ_3 (550 GeV)	$3.2 \pm 0.3^{+0.3}_{-0.6}$	$4.4 \pm 0.3^{+0.4}_{-0.3}$	$4.3 \pm 0.3^{+0.5}_{-0.4}$	$4.0 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.4$	4.04	0.36
LQ_3 (600 GeV)	$2.0 \pm 0.1^{+0.2}_{-0.5}$	$2.7 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.2$	$2.7 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.2$	$3.5 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.4$	5.11	0.43
LQ_3 (650 GeV)	$1.3 \pm 0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.3}$	$1.8 \pm 0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.2}$	$2.0 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.2$	$2.5 \pm 0.1^{+0.3}_{-0.2}$	6.07	0.67
LQ_3 (700 GeV)	$0.7 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.1$	$1.1 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.1$	$1.1 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.1$	$1.6 \pm 0.1^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$	6.66	0.57
LQ_3 (750 GeV)	$0.4 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.1$	$0.5 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.1$	$0.7 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.1$	$1.1 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.1$	6.71	0.59
LQ_3 (800 GeV)	$0.2 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.1$	$0.4 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.1$	$0.5 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.1$	$0.8 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.1$	7.77	0.61
$t\bar{t}$ +jets	$29.9 \pm 2.9^{+7.3}_{-7.2}$	$8.8 \pm 1.3^{+3.2}_{-3.4}$	$1.7 \pm 0.6^{+0.6}_{-0.6}$	$0.4 \pm 0.3^{+0.9}_{-0.4}$		
W+jets	$7.4 \pm 1.7^{+5.1}_{-5.1}$	$0.6 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.6$	$0.0 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.1$	$0.4 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.4$		
DY+jets	$4.8 \pm 0.7 \pm 2.5$	$1.8 \pm 0.4^{+1.1}_{-0.9}$	$0.5 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.3$	$0.4 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.2$		
Other backgrounds	$3.1 \pm 0.9^{+1.8}_{-1.9}$	$0.2 \pm 0.1^{+0.8}_{-0.3}$	$0.2 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.4$	$0.1 \pm 0.1^{+0.1}_{-0.2}$		
Total N_{Bkg}^{Exp}	$45.2 \pm 3.5^{+9.4}_{-9.3}$	$11.5 \pm 1.4^{+3.4}_{-3.6}$	$2.5 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.8$	$1.2 \pm 0.5^{+1.0}_{-0.6}$		
N^{Obs}	44	15	1	0		
Z-score	-0.1	+0.7	+0.8	-1.0		

Category A

Category B

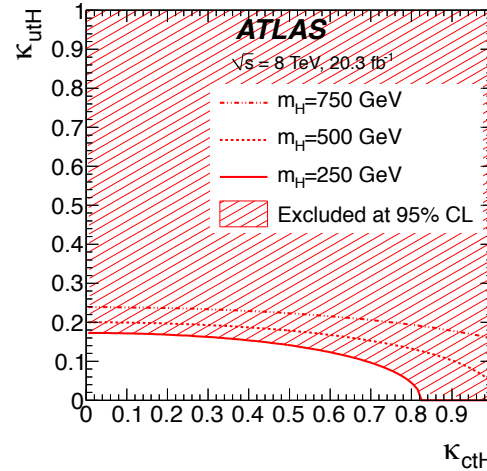
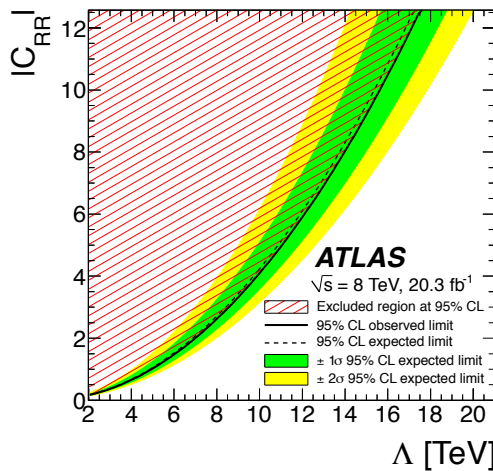
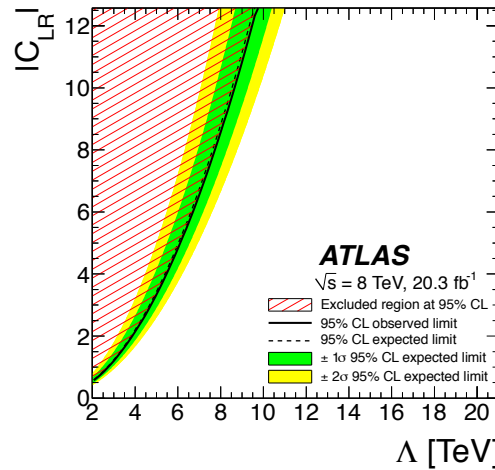
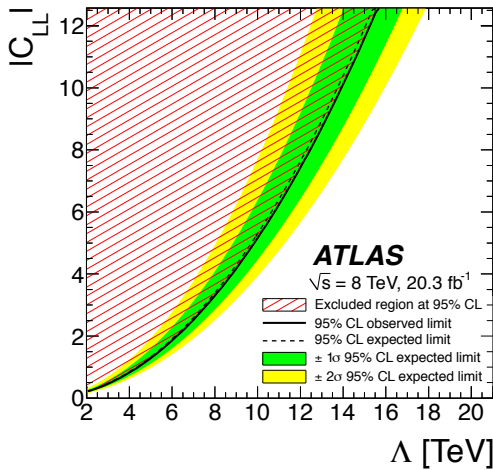


arXiv: 1503.09049
CMS Collaboration



EXO: Third-generation scalar leptoquarks in the $t\tau$ channel

Backup slides



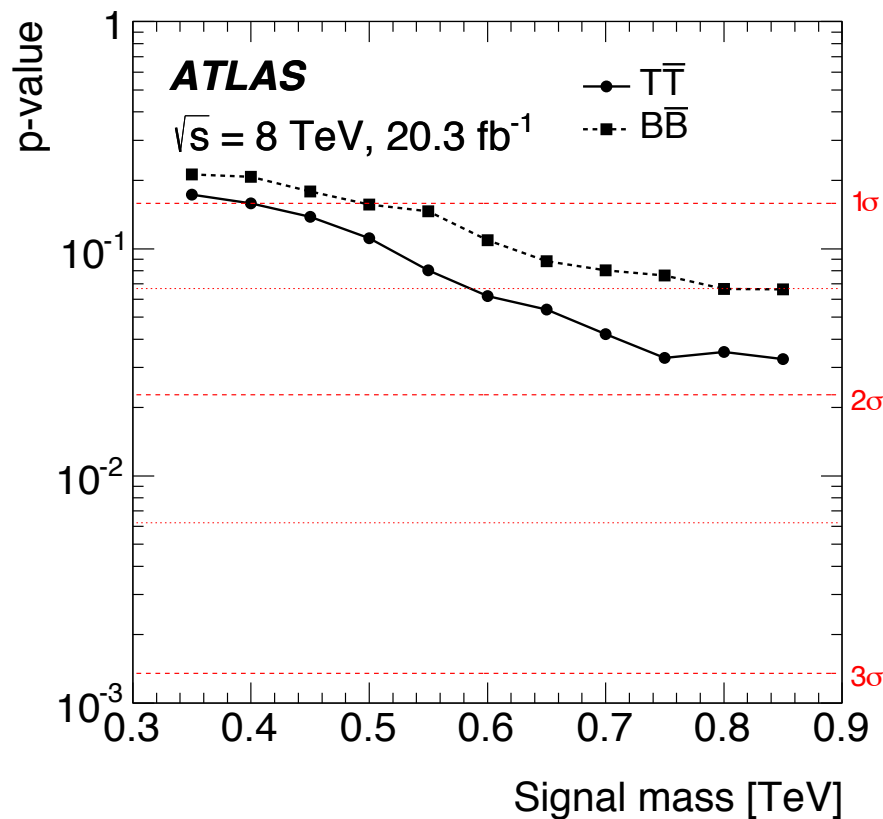
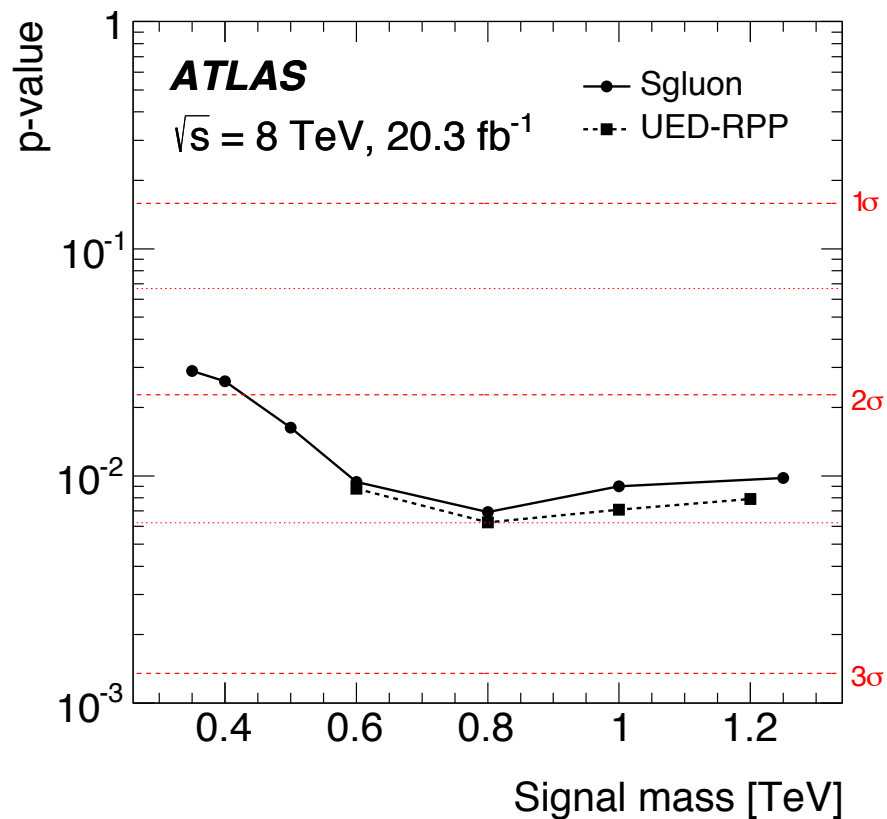
$$\mathcal{L}_{tt} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{C_{LL}}{\Lambda^2} (\bar{u}_L \gamma^\mu t_L) (\bar{u}_L \gamma_\mu t_L) + \frac{1}{2} \frac{C_{RR}}{\Lambda^2} (\bar{u}_R \gamma^\mu t_R) (\bar{u}_R \gamma_\mu t_R) - \frac{1}{2} \frac{C'_{LR}}{\Lambda^2} (\bar{u}_L \gamma^\mu t_L) (\bar{u}_R \gamma_\mu t_R) - \frac{1}{2} \frac{C'_{LR}}{\Lambda^2} (\bar{u}_{La} \gamma^\mu t_{Lb}) (\bar{u}_{Rb} \gamma_\mu t_{Ra}) + \text{h.c.}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{FCNC}} = \kappa_{utH} \bar{t} H u + \kappa_{ctH} \bar{t} H c + \text{h.c.}$$



EXO: Third-generation scalar leptoquarks in the $t\tau$ channel

Backup slides

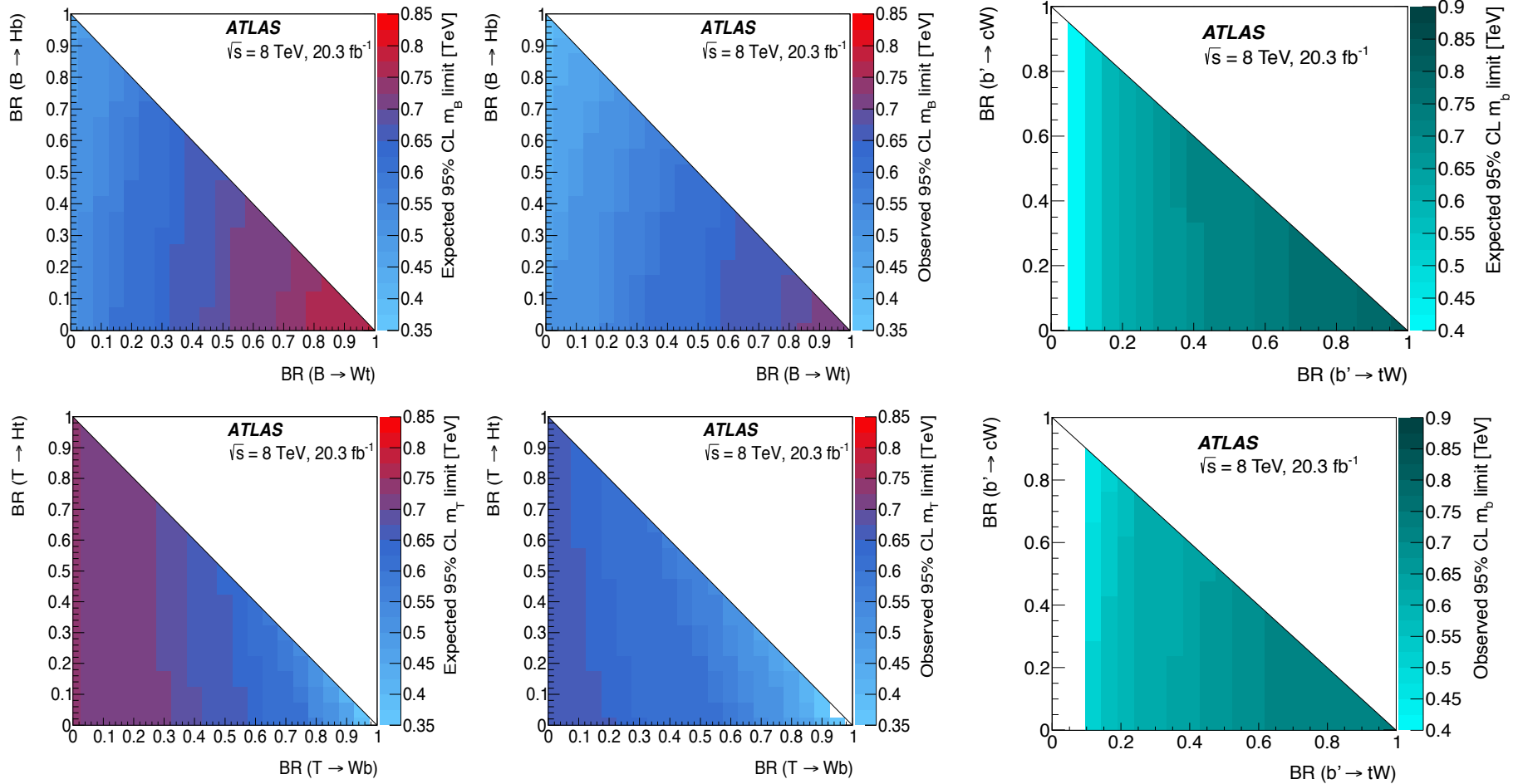


Probability for the data in the four-top-quark signal regions (SR4t0-SR4t4)



EXO: Third-generation scalar leptoquarks in the $t\tau$ channel

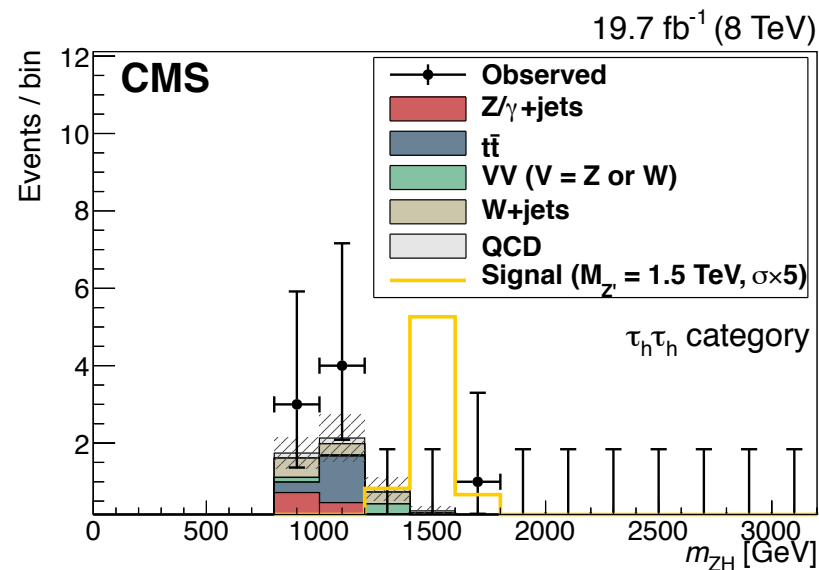
Backup slides



EXO: Search for narrow high-mass resonances decaying to Z and Higgs bosons

Backup slides

Mass (TeV)	$\tau_e \tau_e$	$\tau_e \tau_\mu$	$\tau_\mu \tau_\mu$	$\tau_e \tau_h$	$\tau_\mu \tau_h$	$\tau_h \tau_h$	
$B(\tau\tau)$	3.2%	6.2%	3.0%	23.1%	22.6%	41.9%	
$\varepsilon_{\text{sig}}(\%)$	0.8	2.8 ± 0.7	3.4 ± 0.5	4.2 ± 0.7	3.3 ± 0.3	4.4 ± 0.3	2.2 ± 0.2
	0.9	11 ± 1	16 ± 1	20 ± 2	14.3 ± 0.5	18.7 ± 0.6	11.5 ± 0.4
	1.0	17 ± 2	24 ± 1	38 ± 2	21.2 ± 0.6	29.3 ± 0.7	18.0 ± 0.5
	1.2	26 ± 2	30 ± 1	39 ± 2	28.3 ± 0.7	35.8 ± 0.7	23.0 ± 0.5
	1.5	30 ± 2	42 ± 2	53 ± 2	29.2 ± 0.8	38.1 ± 0.9	29.1 ± 0.7
	2.0	28 ± 2	39 ± 2	56 ± 3	31.1 ± 0.8	39.2 ± 0.9	31.9 ± 0.7
	2.5	27 ± 2	37 ± 2	42 ± 2	26.8 ± 0.8	37.0 ± 0.8	30.1 ± 0.7
N_{bkg}	0.8	0.3 ± 0.5	1.1 ± 0.8	1.6 ± 1.2	6.1 ± 2.0	6.7 ± 2.1	
	0.9	0.5 ± 0.4	1.7 ± 1.2	3.8 ± 2.1	9.8 ± 3.2	9.2 ± 2.9	
	1.0	1.4 ± 1.4	1.7 ± 1.0	2.0 ± 0.9	9.5 ± 3.5	7.6 ± 2.2	
	1.2	1.2 ± 1.2	1.2 ± 0.8	1.4 ± 0.6	5.0 ± 2.0	6.6 ± 2.3	$6.1^{+3.2}_{-2.5}$
	1.5	0.4 ± 0.4	0.07 ± 0.04	0.9 ± 0.4	4.3 ± 1.8	2.6 ± 0.9	
	2.0	<0.5	<0.4	0.7 ± 0.4	0.1 ± 0.1	<0.4	
	2.5	<2.1	<0.3	0.3 ± 0.1	0.18 ± 0.05	<0.5	
N_{obs}	0.8	1	1	2	3	10	
	0.9	2	2	3	4	13	
	1.0	2	2	5	2	13	
	1.2	0	1	3	5	12	8
	1.5	0	0	1	2	5	
	2.0	0	1	0	0	0	
	2.5	0	0	0	0	0	

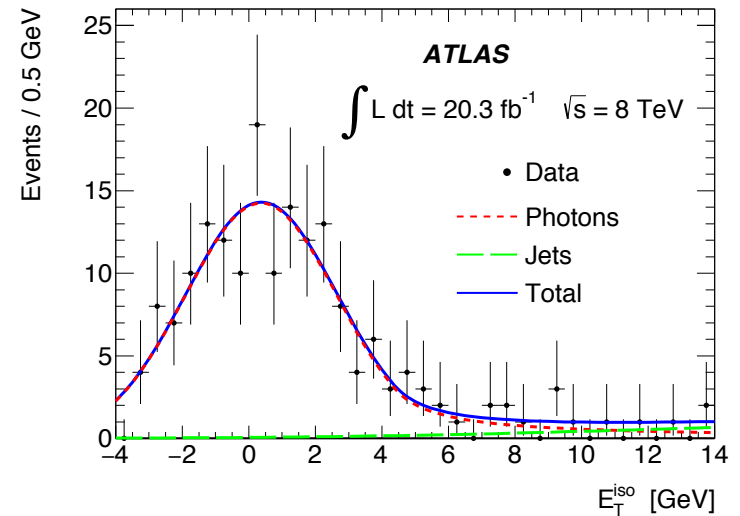


EXO: Search for high-mass diphoton resonances

Backup slides

Source	Uncertainty in signal yield [%]
Integrated luminosity	2.8
MC statistics	1.0
Trigger efficiency	1.0
Photon ID efficiency	3.0
Photon isolation efficiency	0.3–2.1 (for $m_{G^*} = 500\text{--}3000$ GeV)
Total	≈ 5

Mass window [GeV]	Background expectation (number of events)			Observed events
	Irreducible	Reducible	Total	
[179, 409] Control region	23800 ± 2400	9100 ± 2400	32866	32866
[409, 513]	1070 ± 110	400 ± 100	1463 ± 27	1465
[513, 596]	369 ± 37	129 ± 34	498 ± 12	524
[596, 719]	240 ± 24	74 ± 20	314.4 ± 8.8	335
[719, 805]	75.8 ± 7.7	20.6 ± 5.5	96.4 ± 3.2	99
[805, 901]	46.6 ± 4.8	11.5 ± 3.2	58.1 ± 2.1	60
[901, 1009]	28.2 ± 3.0	6.3 ± 1.8	34.5 ± 1.5	33
[1009, 1129]	16.8 ± 1.9	3.4 ± 1.0	20.2 ± 1.0	15
[1129, 1217]	6.92 ± 0.89	1.35 ± 0.46	8.27 ± 0.45	7
[1217, 1312]	4.85 ± 0.73	0.88 ± 0.39	5.74 ± 0.36	3
[1312, 1415]	3.11 ± 0.54	0.58 ± 0.28	3.69 ± 0.25	0
[1415, 1644]	3.39 ± 0.59	0.61 ± 0.29	4.00 ± 0.32	5
[1644, 3000]	2.12 ± 0.61	0.41 ± 0.22	2.52 ± 0.30	3

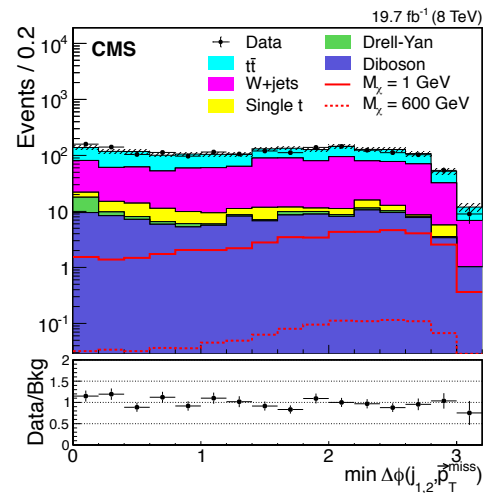
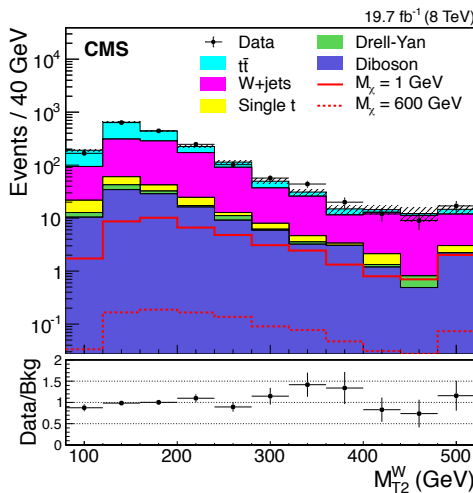
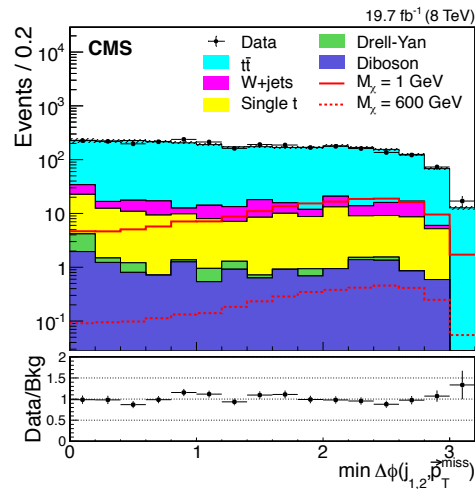
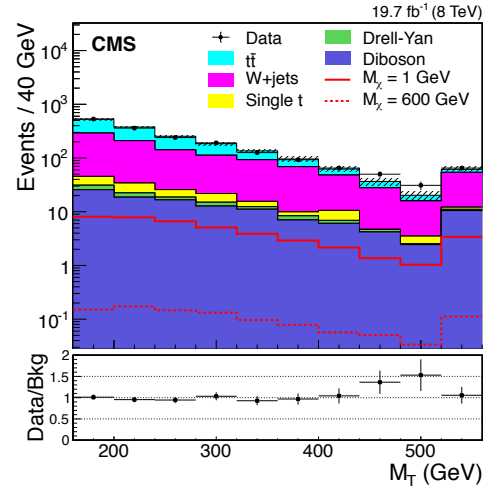
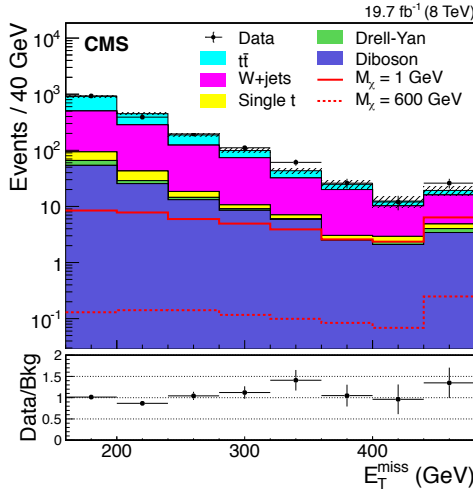
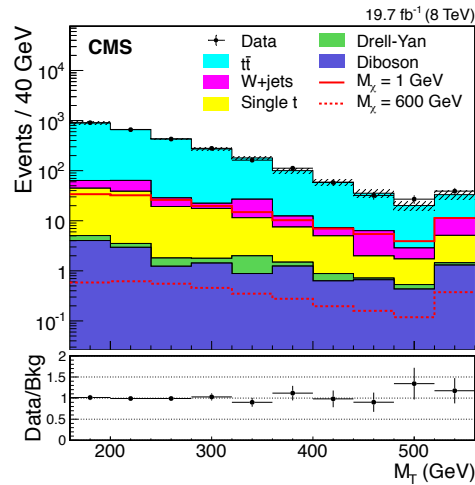


k/\overline{M}_{Pl}	Expected limit [TeV]					Observed limit [TeV]
	-2σ	-1σ	central	$+1\sigma$	$+2\sigma$	
0.010	1.45	1.38	1.30	1.20	1.11	1.41
0.020	1.80	1.78	1.70	1.60	1.49	1.62
0.030	2.02	2.01	1.96	1.86	1.77	1.92
0.040	2.17	2.16	2.14	2.04	1.94	2.15
0.050	2.29	2.28	2.27	2.17	2.08	2.28
0.060	2.38	2.38	2.37	2.27	2.19	2.38
0.070	2.47	2.46	2.45	2.37	2.27	2.46
0.080	2.54	2.54	2.53	2.46	2.38	2.54
0.090	2.61	2.60	2.60	2.53	2.45	2.60
0.100	2.67	2.66	2.66	2.60	2.51	2.66



B2G: Dark Matter in association with top-quark pairs in the single lepton final state

Backup slides



arXiv: 1504.03198
CMS Collaboration



B2G: Dark Matter in association with top-quark pairs in the single lepton final state

Backup slides

Source of systematic uncertainties	Relative uncertainty on total background (%)	Source	Yield (\pm stat \pm syst)
50% normalization uncert. of other bkg in deriving SFs	10	$t\bar{t}$	$8.2 \pm 0.6 \pm 1.9$
SF _{W+jets} (CR tests)	13	W	$5.2 \pm 1.8 \pm 2.1$
$t\bar{t}$ +jets top-quark p_T reweighting	3.9	Single top	$2.3 \pm 1.1 \pm 1.1$
Jet energy scale	4.0	Diboson	$0.5 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.2$
Jet energy resolution	3.0	Drell–Yan	$0.3 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.1$
b-tagging correction factor (heavy flavour)	1.0	Total Bkg	$16.4 \pm 2.2 \pm 2.9$
b-tagging correction factor (light flavour)	1.8	Signal	$38.3 \pm 0.7 \pm 2.1$
Pileup model	2.0	Data	18
PDF	2.6		

$$L_{\text{int}} = \sum_q \sum_i C_{qi} (\bar{q}\Gamma_i^q q) (\bar{\chi}\Gamma_i^\chi \chi)$$

$$L_{\text{int}} = \frac{m_q}{M_*^3} \bar{q}q\bar{\chi}\chi$$

