

A New Experiment at J-PARC to Measure the Neutrino Cross Section Ratio between Water and Plastic

Naruhiko Chikuma / The University of Tokyo

A. Izmaylov¹, F. Hosomi¹, T. Koga¹, M. Yokoyama¹, M. Khabibullin², A. Khotjantsev², Y. Kudenko², A. Mefodiev², O. Mineev², T. Ovsjannikova², S. Suvorov², N. Yershov², A. Bonnemaïson³, R. Cornat³, O. Drapier³, O. Ferreira³, F. Gastaldi³, M. Gonin³, Th. A. Mueller³, T. Hayashino⁴, A. K. Ichikawa⁴, A. Minamino⁴, K. Nakamura⁴, T. Nakaya⁴, B. Quilain⁴, K. Kin⁵, Y. Seiya⁵, K. Yamamoto⁵, Y. Hayato⁶, A. Blondel⁷, F. Cadoux⁷, Y. Favre⁷, E. Noah⁷, M. Rayner⁷.

1. The University of Tokyo, 2. Institute for Nuclear Research of the Russian Academy of Sciences, 3. LLR Ecole Polytechnique, 4. Kyoto University, 5. Osaka City University, 6. University of Tokyo, Institute for Cosmic Ray Research, 7. Geneva University.

1. Physics Motivation

Far Detector (SK)

- Target : Water(H₂O)
- Acceptance : 4π

Near Detector (ND)

- Target : plastic(CH)
- Acceptance : forward scattering

Super-Kamiokande (ICRR, Univ. Tokyo)

J-PARC Main Ring (KEK-JAEA, Tokai)

295km

✓ ν_μ beam produced at J-PARC.

✓ Two modes of **neutrino oscillation**.

- ν_e appearance : $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_e$
- ν_μ disappearance : $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_{not\ \mu}$

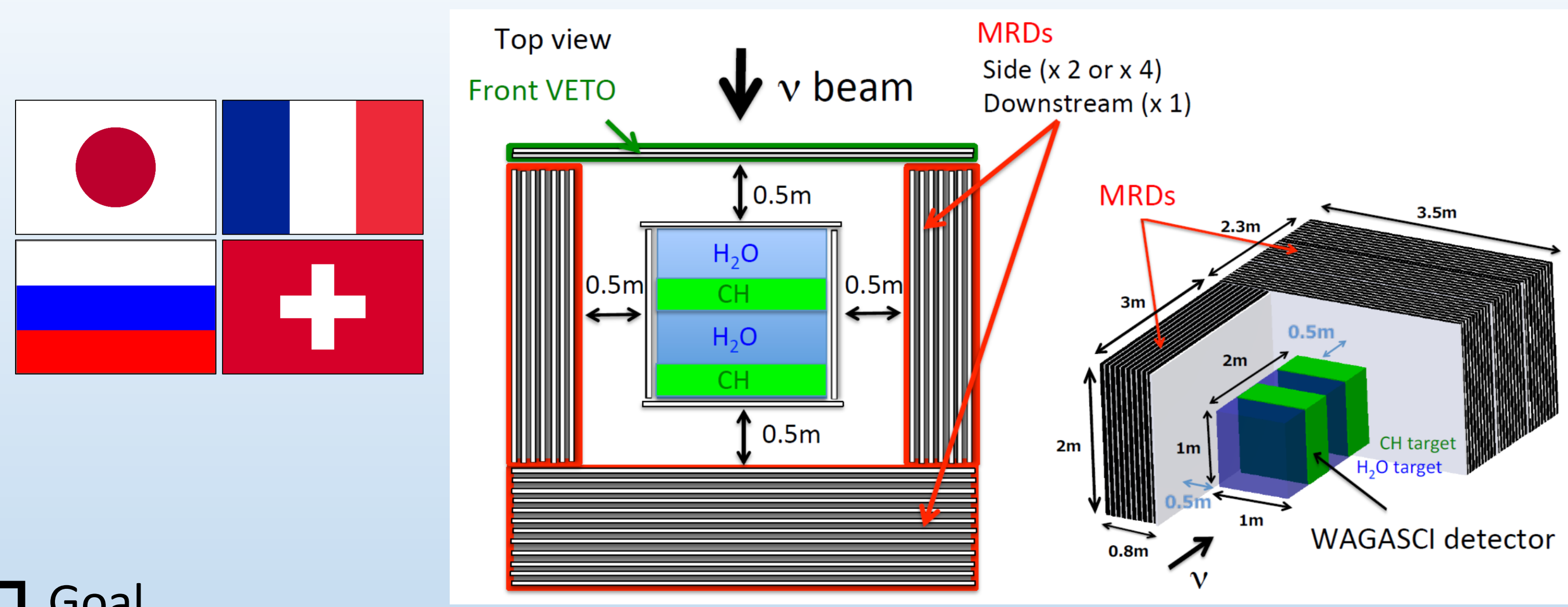
The differences in target & acceptance b/w SK and ND.

Systematic Error Sources	ν_e	ν_μ
ν flux & cross section (constrained by ND280)	3.2%	2.7%
ν flux & cross section (not constrained by ND280)	4.7%	5.0%
Super-K etc.	3.7%	5.0%
Total	6.8%	7.7%

The measurement of the H₂O/CH cross section ratio with large acceptance.

WAGASCI experiment.

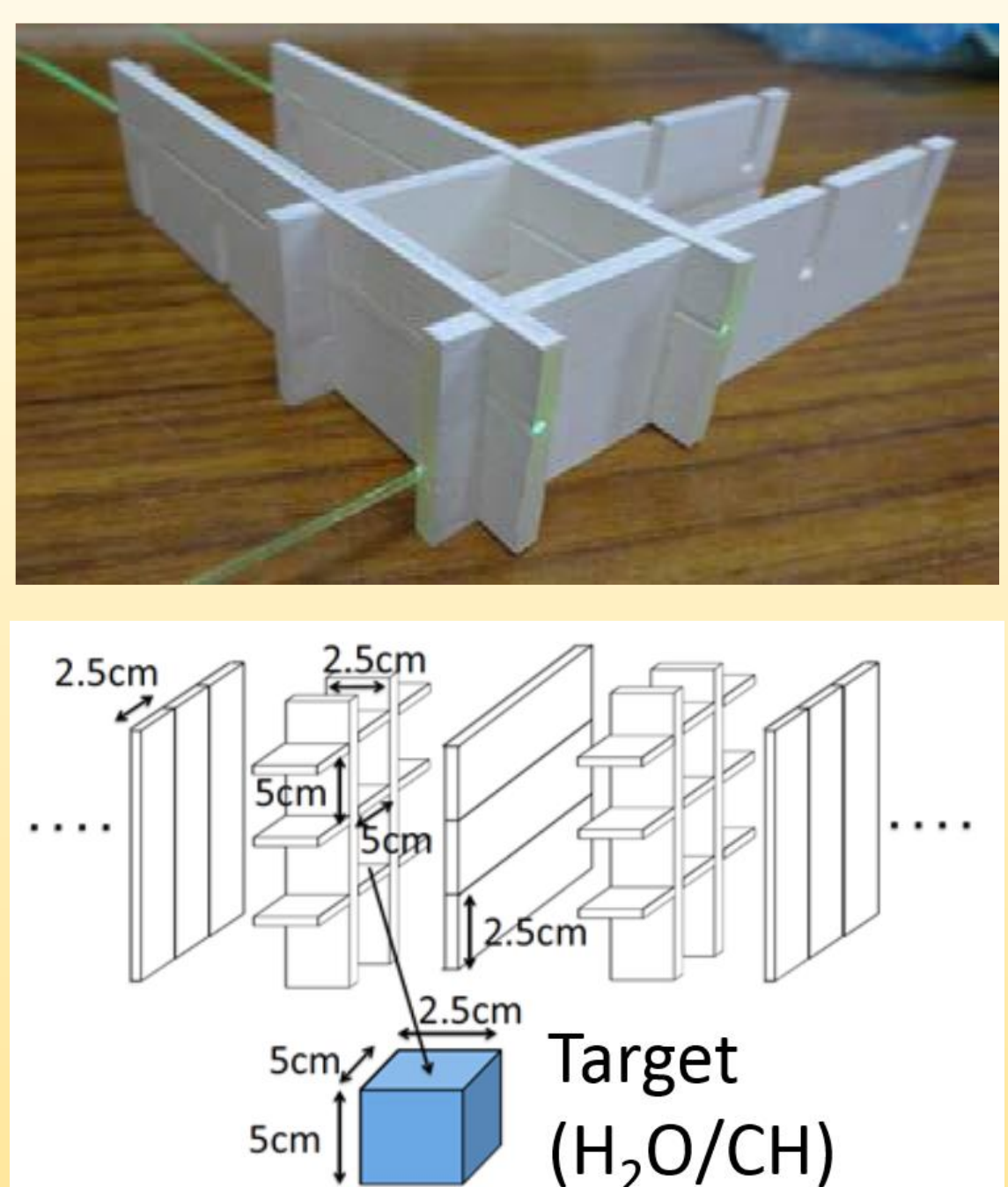
2. WAGASCI experiment



- Goal
 - Measure the cross section ratio of charged current neutrino interaction on nucleus between H₂O/CH with 3% accuracy.
 - Measure the differential cross section (T_μ, θ_μ) with large phase space acceptance.
- Location
 - J-Parc neutrino near detector hall. (at B2 floor)
 - Use the similar off-axis angle to T2K ND280 and SK. ($\sim 1.6^\circ$)
- Design
 - Little difference in flux and detection efficiency between H₂O/CH targets. \Rightarrow Taking cross section ratio **cancels systematic error in beam flux.**
 - Background is rejected by time information and veto planes.

3. WAGASCI Detector

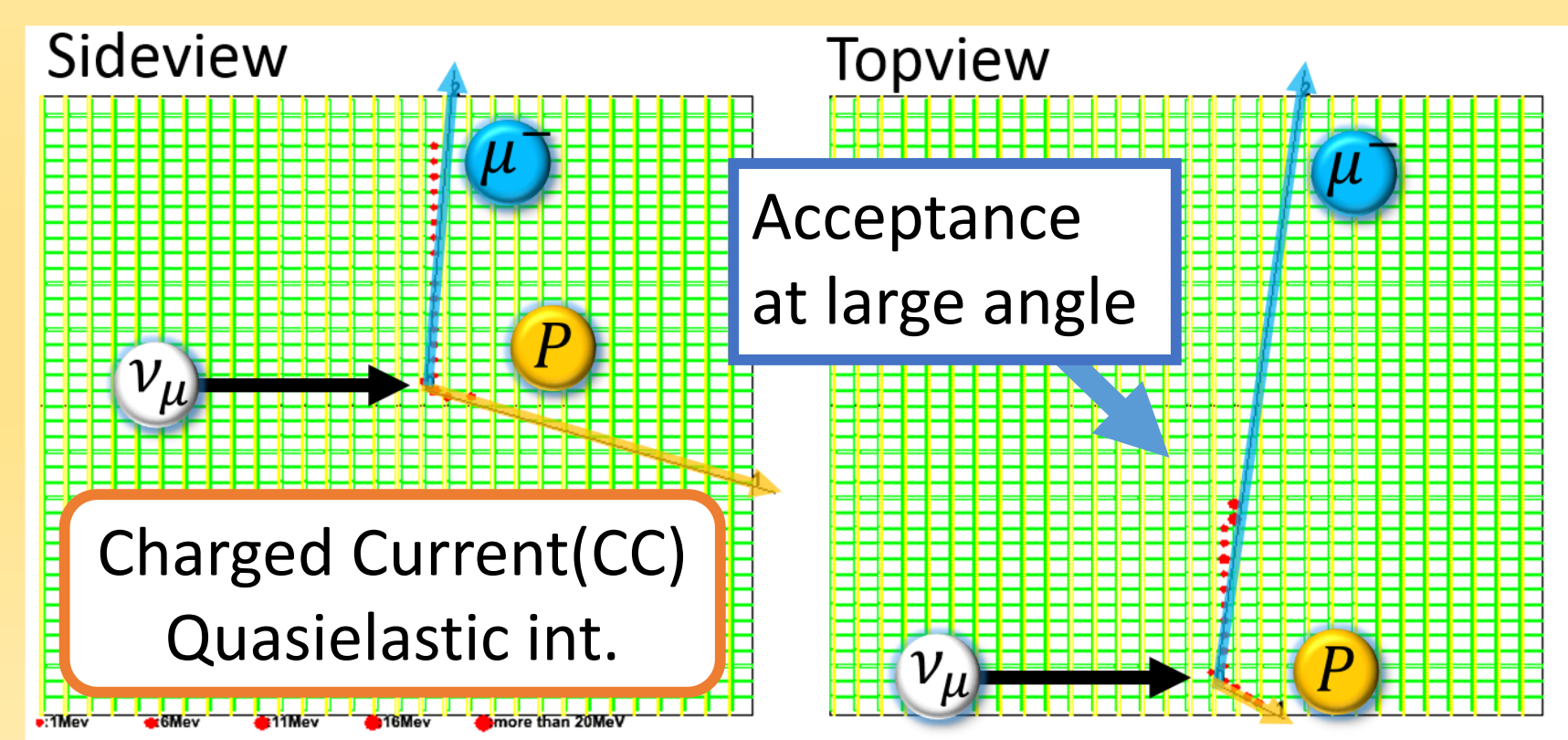
- Target
 - H₂O : 1ton, CH : 1ton.
- 3D grid-like scintillator detector.
 - Use 3-mm-thick plastic scintillator with slits.
 - Each cell of 3D-grid is filled with target(H₂O/CH).
- Merit
 - 80% target region** in the detector. \Rightarrow Reduce the ν interaction on scintillators.
 - Almost **4π acceptance**. \Rightarrow Improve neutrino interaction model.



Expected Performance

	CC	NC	Ext. BG	All
Events	31466	1608	1832	43440
Ratio	90.1%	4.7%	5.2%	100%

- *Expected number of event with 10²¹ POT.
- High Statistics.
- Low Background.
- High purity of CC interaction.



4. Components

Performance test of 3mm thin plastic scintillator

- Positron beam produced by the accelerator at Tohoku Univ.
- Readout : WLS fiber \Rightarrow MPPC.
- 1.5mm segmentation hodoscope.

Light Yield

Result: (1.5p.e. threshold) **99% detection efficiency**

32ch arrayed MPPC

Performance of new MPPCs developed by Hamamatsu

- Low noise ($\sim 1/10$ compared to T2K ver.)
- Much less after pulse
- Wider operation voltage
- Low cross-talk

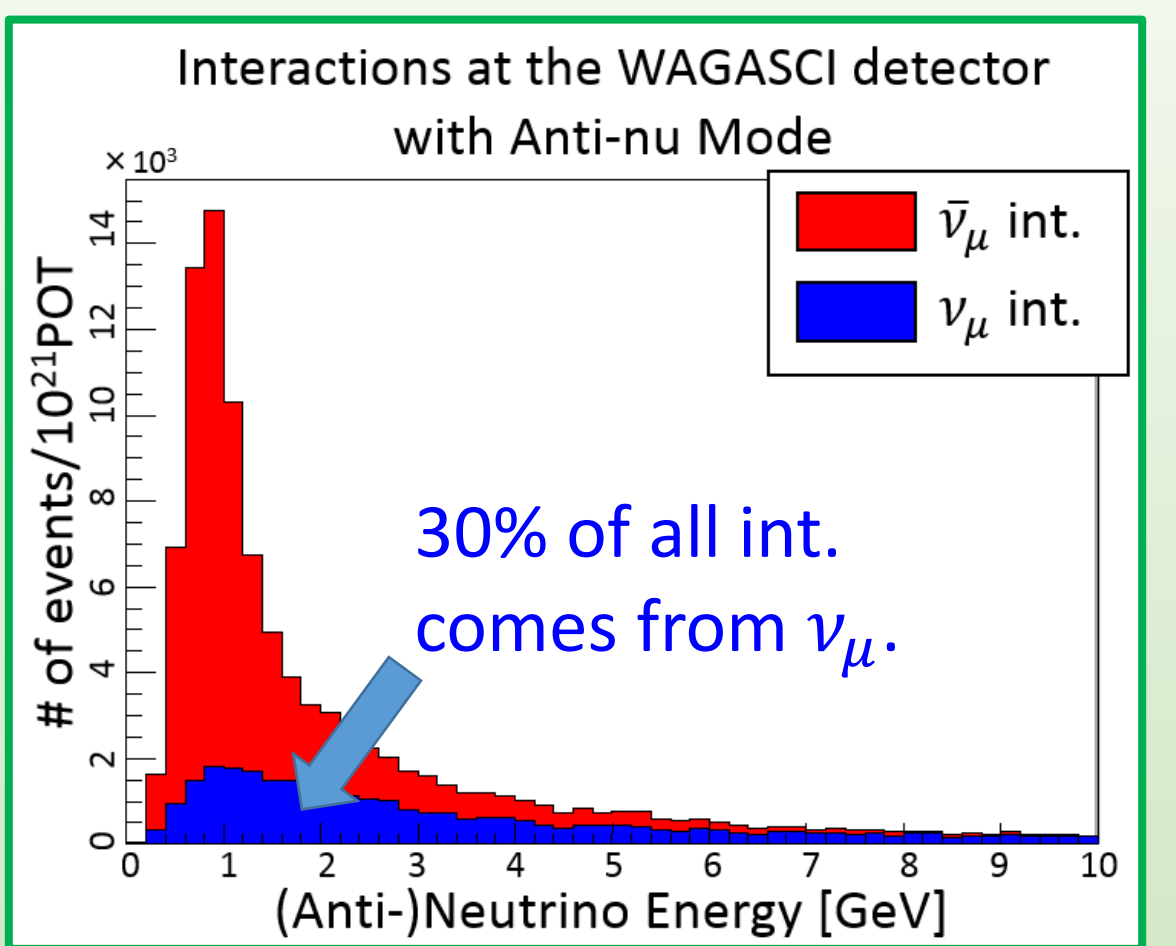
- 716 pixels.
- Diameter : 1.5mm

- Performance test of MPPC **On going**

- Development of electronics

5. Magnetized Downstream MRD

- An option for improving the performance to measure anti-neutrino cross section.
- Large BG from ν_μ interaction.
 - Large fraction of ν_μ in anti-nu mode beam.
 - Smaller cross section of $\bar{\nu}_\mu$ than ν_μ .
- Remove this BG by **magnetic field**.
 - The charge of particle from ν int. is reconstructed by the variation of direction.



Magnet Design

Iron Plate

Upper half-plate

Lower half-plate

Tridial Magnetic Field

MRD

sc: Scintillators

m: Magnet

Magnet thickness

m1,19 : 9cm, the others : 4.5cm

① Angular diff.

② Fitting method.

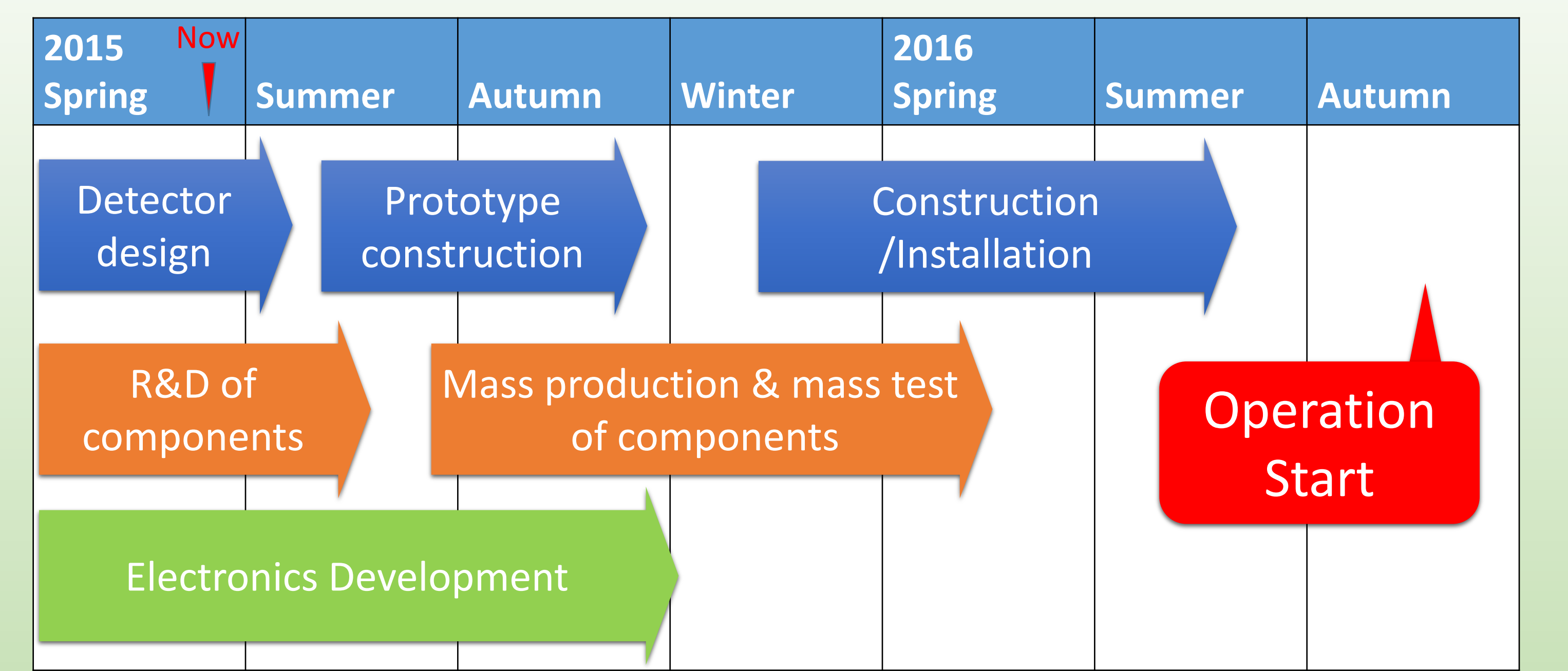
Expected Performance

- Charge recon. eff. : 91%
- ν_μ BG Contamination : decreased down to 7%

Measurement of anti-neutrino cross section ratio with 3% accuracy.

Optimization of the detector configuration. is still going on.

6. Schedule & Summary



- We plan to construct a new detector, named WAGASCI, for precise neutrino oscillation measurement.
- Measure the charged current neutrino cross section ratio on H₂O to CH with 3% accuracy.
- 3D grid-like scintillator will be used for large acceptance.
- MC studies and R&D of components have almost been done.
- An Option to install magnet module at downstream.
- Start operation at Oct. 2016.**