

On the Super Flavour Factory Target \mathcal{L}_{int}

or “SuperB with $L > 50/\text{ab}$ ”

partially based on T.G. & A.Soni, hep-ph/0607230, to appear in J.Phys.G

Tim Gershon (Warwick)

BNM2006 II

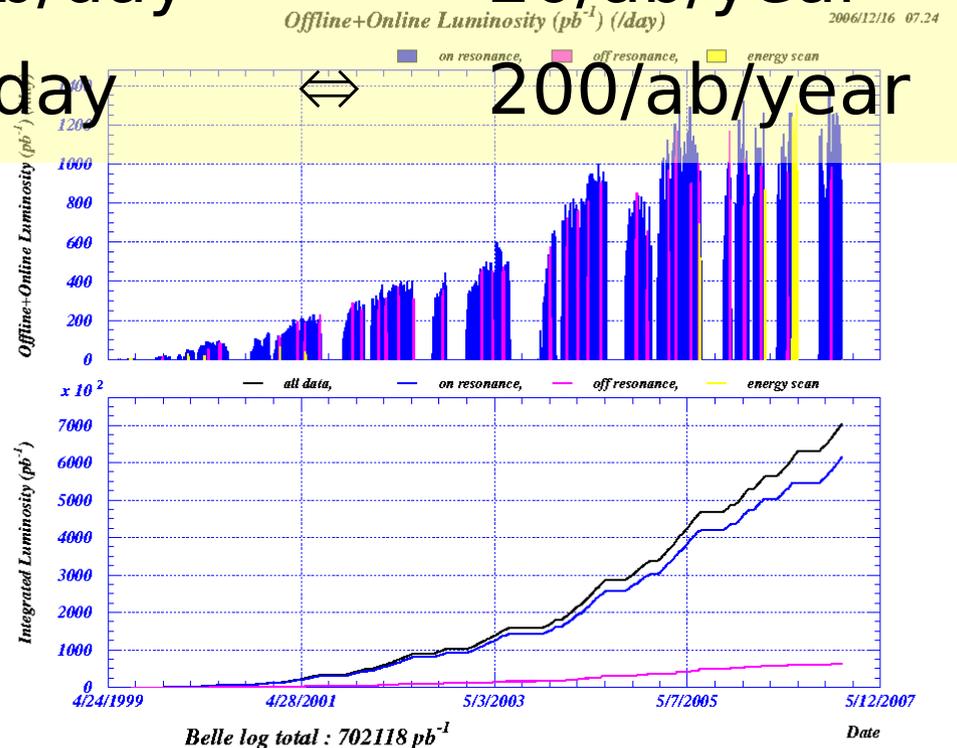
Translations

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{\text{peak}} = 10^{34}/\text{cm}^2/\text{s} &\Leftrightarrow 1/\text{fb}/\text{day} &\Leftrightarrow 200/\text{fb}/\text{year} \\ \mathcal{L}_{\text{peak}} = 10^{35}/\text{cm}^2/\text{s} &\Leftrightarrow 10/\text{fb}/\text{day} &\Leftrightarrow 2/\text{ab}/\text{year} \\ \mathcal{L}_{\text{peak}} = 10^{36}/\text{cm}^2/\text{s} &\Leftrightarrow 100/\text{fb}/\text{day} &\Leftrightarrow 20/\text{ab}/\text{year} \\ \mathcal{L}_{\text{peak}} = 10^{37}/\text{cm}^2/\text{s} &\Leftrightarrow 1/\text{ab}/\text{day} &\Leftrightarrow 200/\text{ab}/\text{year} \end{aligned}$$

Assumes that:

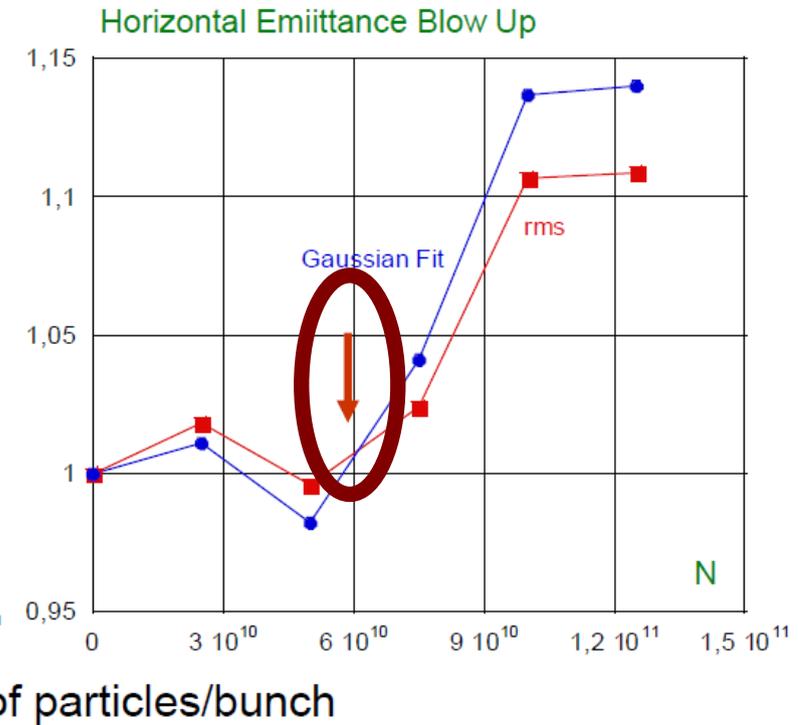
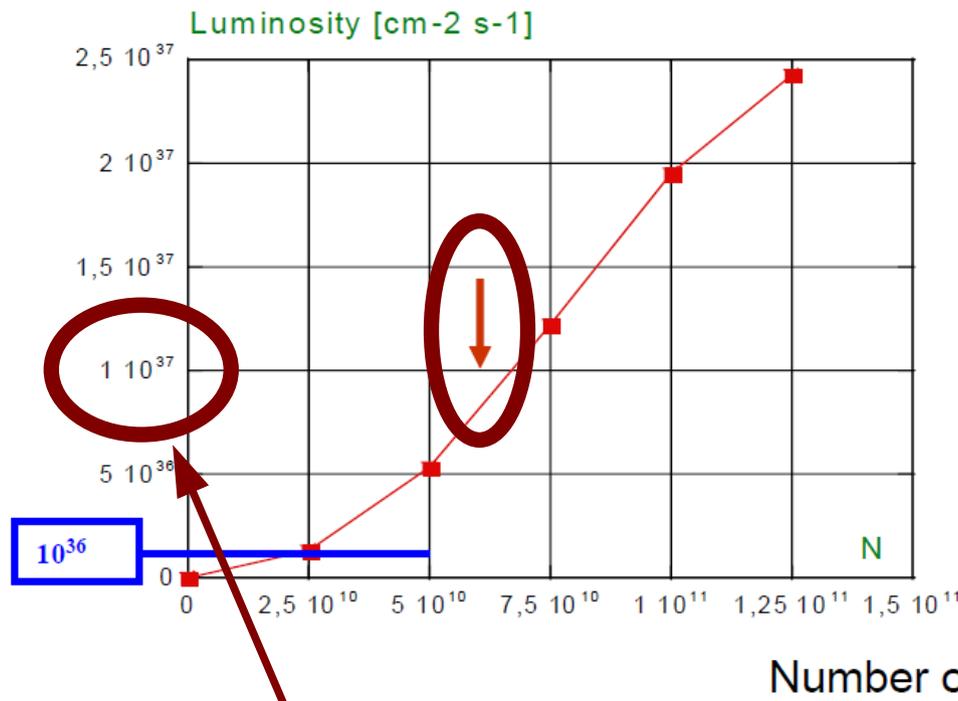
- operating stability
 - data taking efficiency
 - useability of data
- all remain similar to now

NB. $1000/\text{ab} = 1/\text{zb}$



runinfo ver.1.57 Exp3 Run1 - Exp55 Run1598 BELLE LEVEL Intest: div is not 24 hours

Upgradeable



Talking about 10³⁷/cm²/s might not be completely crazy?

M. Zobov, D. Shatilov

Main physics channels

- Precision CKM metrology
- Search for inconsistent CPV phenomena in (eg.) $b \rightarrow sss$
- New FCNCs
- Search for right-handed currents in (eg.) $b \rightarrow s\gamma$
- Inconsistent flavour-mixing (Δm , $\Delta\Gamma$, " ϵ ") in B_d or D^0
- Enhanced v. rare decays, (eg.) $b \rightarrow svv$, $B_d \rightarrow \mu\mu$
- Direct CP violation in charm
- τ lepton flavour violation &/or CP violation
- ...

Operating Energy

- I will stick to the physics at the $Y(4S)$
- Clearly, much interesting physics at other centre-of-mass energies
- Higher luminosities will help!

CKM Metrology

- $\beta \equiv \varphi_1$ ($b \rightarrow ccs$)
 - $J/\psi K^0$
 - systematics limited by $\sim 2/ab$ (Yu.Nakahama @ CKM2006)
 - theory error \ll limiting experimental systematics
 - LHCb can do it anyway
 - $J/\psi K^{*0}$
 - Belle [PRL 95 (2005) 091601] $N(BB)=275M$
 - $\sin(2\varphi_1) = 0.24 \pm 0.31 \pm 0.05$ $\cos(2\varphi_1) = 0.56 \pm 0.79 \pm 0.11$
 - $\sigma[\cos(2\varphi_1)]_{\text{stat}} \sim 0.06$ with $50/ab$; systematics???
 - $D^{(*)}D^{(*)}K^0$
 - hard to quantify theoretical errors

CKM Metrology

- $\beta \equiv \varphi_1$ ($b \rightarrow \text{cud}$)
- Dh^0
 - $\sigma[\sin(2\varphi_1)]_{\text{stat}} \sim 0.04$, $\sigma[\cos(2\varphi_1)]_{\text{stat}} \sim 0.05$ with 50/ab; systematics???
 - $D_{\text{CP}}h^0$ will help for $\sigma[\sin(2\varphi_1)]_{\text{stat}}$
 - need to control model error (same problem as for $\gamma \equiv \varphi_3$)
 - theory error \ll limiting experimental systematics
 - LHCb could do $D_{\text{CP}}\pi^+\pi^-$ (challenging)

Experiment	$\sin(2\beta) \equiv \sin(2\varphi_1)$	$\cos(2\beta) \equiv \cos(2\varphi_1)$	$ \lambda $	Correlations	Reference
BaBar N(BB)=311m	$0.45 \pm 0.36 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.07$	$0.54 \pm 0.54 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.18$	$0.975^{+0.093}_{-0.085} \pm 0.012 \pm 0.002$	0.07 stat between $\sin(2\beta)$ & $\cos(2\beta)$	hep-ex/0607105
Belle N(BB)=386m	$0.78 \pm 0.44 \pm 0.22$	$1.87^{+0.40}_{-0.53} \pm 0.22_{-0.32}$	-	-	PRL 97, 081801 (2006)
Average	0.57 ± 0.30 $\chi^2 = 0.3/1 \text{ dof (CL=0.59} \Rightarrow 0.5\sigma)$	1.16 ± 0.42 $\chi^2 = 2.5/1 \text{ dof (CL=0.12} \Rightarrow 1.6\sigma)$	-	uncorrelated averages	HFAG

CKM Metrology

- $\alpha \equiv \varphi_2$
 - $\pi\pi, \rho\rho$ (Gronau-London; isospin)
 - theory error few degrees
 - requires modes with multiple π^0 s – LHCb not competitive
 - $\pi\pi\pi$ ($\rho\pi$) (Snyder-Quinn)
 - isospin only used for neutral penguin – smaller theory error
 - only one π^0 – LHCb can do it (challenging)
 - $a_1\pi$ & others
 - errors associated to SU(3) may be small when $|P/T|$ is small
(see, eg. J.Zupan @ CKM2006)
 - all charged tracks in the final state – potentially good for LHCb

CKM Metrology

- $\Upsilon \equiv \varphi_3$
 - DK (Gronau-London-Wyler; Atwood-Dunietz-Soni; others ...)
 - theory error completely negligible
 - most channels with one or less neutrals – good for LHCb
- (see M.Patel @ CKM2006)
- LHCb can also do $B_s \rightarrow D_s K$ (SFF cannot)

B mode	D mode	$\sigma(\gamma)$
$B^+ \rightarrow DK^+$	$K\pi + KK/\pi\pi + K3\pi$	$5^\circ - 15^\circ$
$B^+ \rightarrow D^*K^+$	$K\pi$	Under study
$B^+ \rightarrow DK^+$	$K_s \pi\pi$	8°
$B^+ \rightarrow DK^+$	$KK\pi\pi$	15°
$B^+ \rightarrow DK^+$	$K\pi\pi\pi$	Under study
$B^0 \rightarrow DK^{*0}$	$K\pi + KK + \pi\pi$	$7^\circ - 10^\circ$
$B^0 \rightarrow DK^{*0}$	$K_s \pi\pi$	Under study
$B_s \rightarrow D_s K$	$KK\pi$	13°

**LHCb:
DK channels combined sensitivity
~ 5° from 2/fb (1 nominal year)**

19th December 2006

BNM

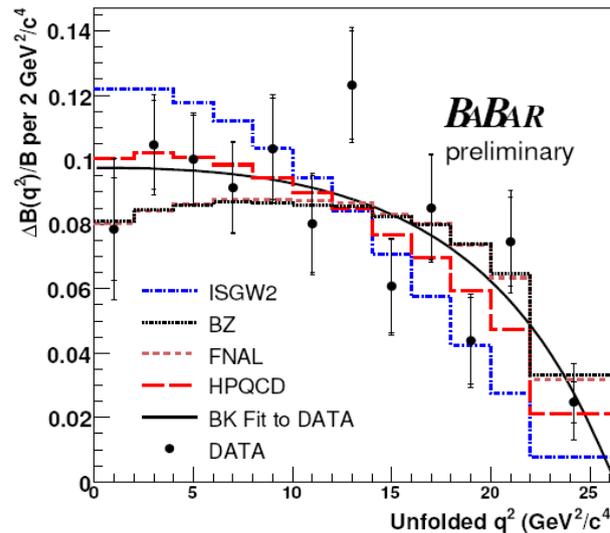
CKM Metrology

- $|V_{ub}|$

- already theory dominated
- do not expect any significant contribution from LHCb
- more data from SFF will help, but improvements will be slow and hard

$B \rightarrow \pi l \nu$ Form Factor and $|V_{ub}|$

T.Onogi, CKM2006
WG2 Summary talk



$$f_+(q^2) = \frac{f_+(0)}{(1 - q^2/m_{B^*}^2)(1 - \alpha_{BK} q^2/m_B^2)}$$

QCD calculation	stat+syst errors	
	χ^2	$Prob(\chi^2)$ (%)
ISGW2 [7]	34.1	0.07
Ball-Zwicky [6]	13.0	37.2
FNAL [4]	12.5	41.0
HPQCD [3]	10.2	60.2

	q^2 (GeV ²)	$\Delta\zeta$ (ps ⁻¹)	$ V_{ub} $ (10 ⁻³)
HPQCD [3]	> 16	1.46 ± 0.35	4.1 ± 0.2 ± 0.2 ^{+0.6} _{-0.4}
FNAL [4]	> 16	1.83 ± 0.50	3.7 ± 0.2 ± 0.2 ^{+0.6} _{-0.4}
LCSR [5]	< 16	5.44 ± 1.43	3.6 ± 0.1 ± 0.1 ^{+0.6} _{-0.4}
ISGW2 [6]	0-26.4	9.6 ± 4.8	3.2 ± 0.1 ± 0.1 ^{+1.3} _{-0.6}

19th December 2006

BNM2

CKM Metrology

- Precision measurements of the UT undoubtedly **extremely important**
- LHCb can do the angles
- Improvement in $|V_{ub}|$ limited by theoretical uncertainties

- SFF can contribute and make improvements in all measurements
not enough to motivate a major upgrade

- Does not tell us what luminosity to aim for!

Super Flavour Factory & LHCb Upgrade

Warning:
can only be used as a guideline

Guesstimates based on

- 10/fb LHCb
- 50/ab Super B Factory

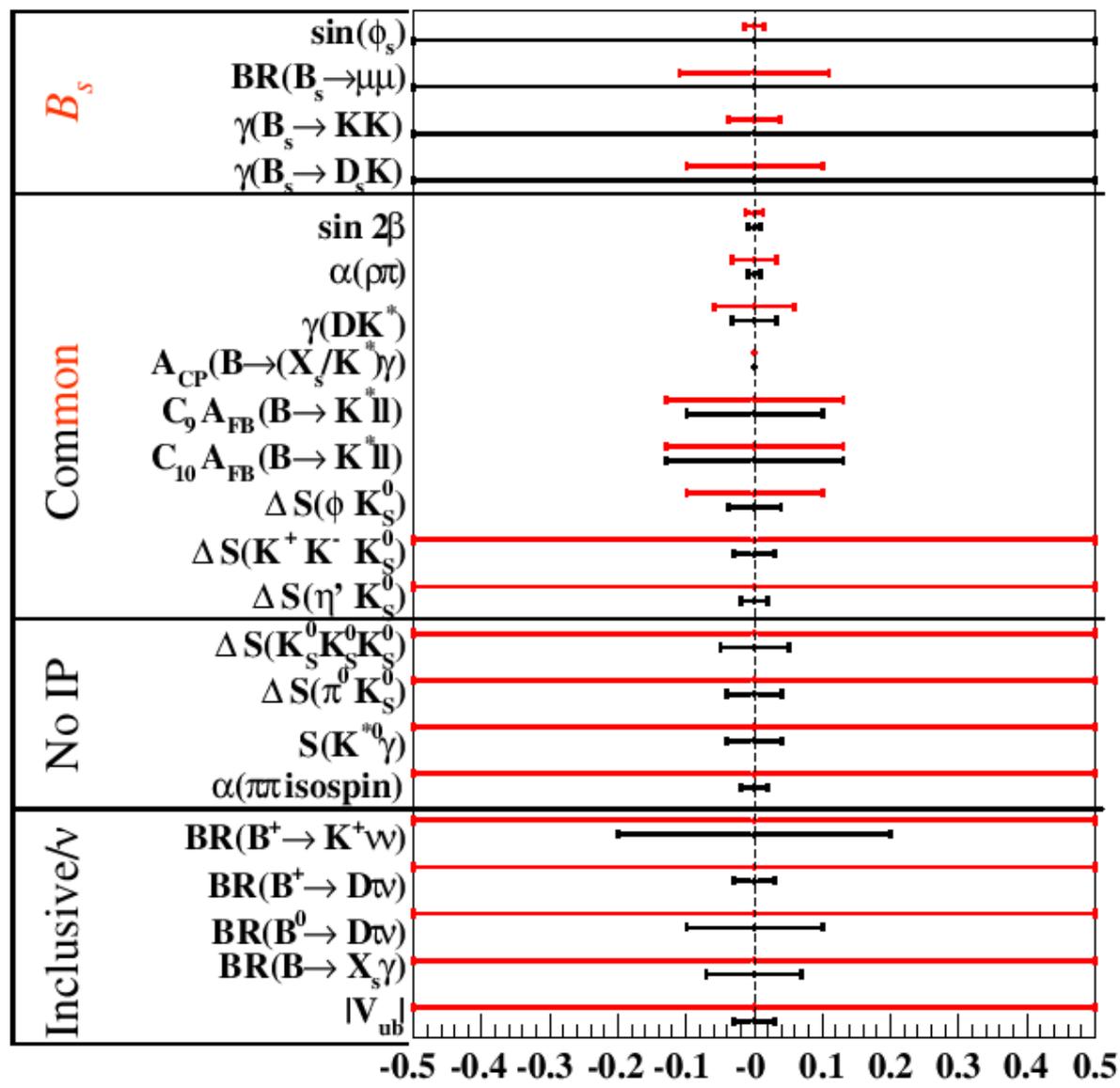
COMPLEMENTARITY

LHCb good for

- Bs decays & oscillations
- All charged track final states

Super Flavour Factory best for

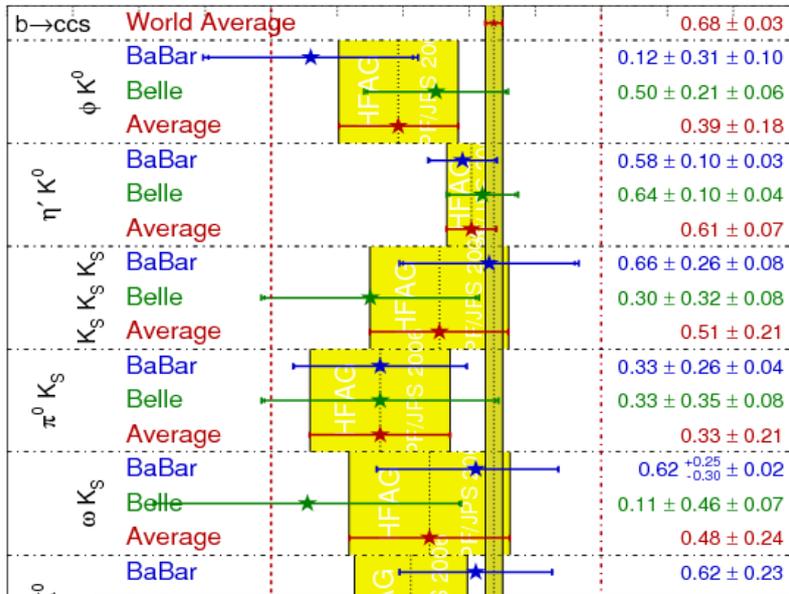
- Inclusive measurements
- Modes with neutrals
(π^0 , K_S , neutrinos, *etc.*)



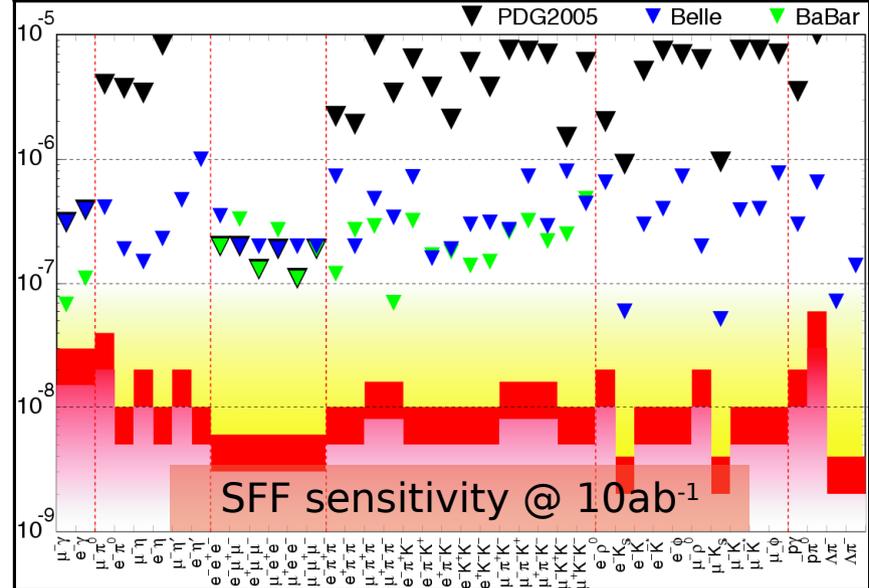
Key Measurements (Physics Case for SBF in 1 Slide)

CP Violation in Hadronic $b \rightarrow s$

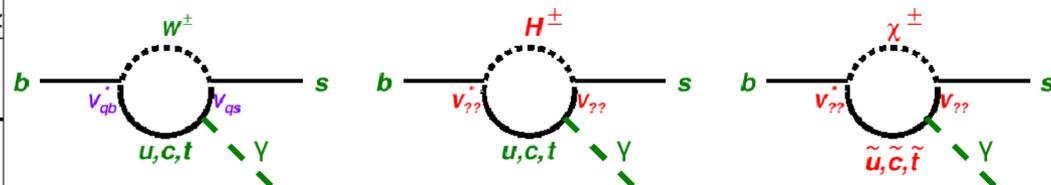
$$\sin(2\beta^{\text{eff}}) \equiv \sin(2\phi_1^{\text{eff}}) \quad \text{HFAG DPF/JPS 2006 PRELIMINARY}$$



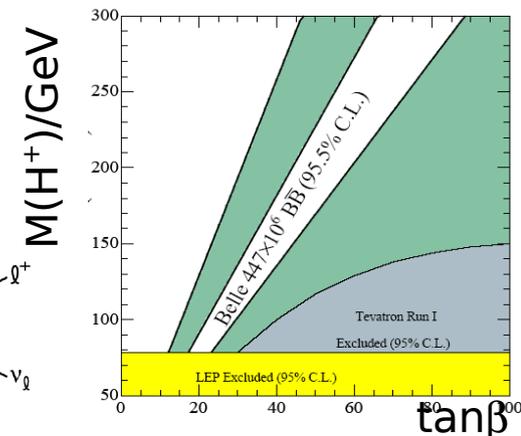
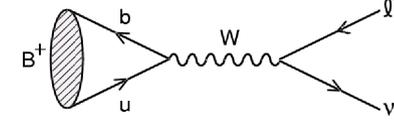
Lepton Flavour Violation in τ Decay



Rates & Asymmetries in $b \rightarrow sy$



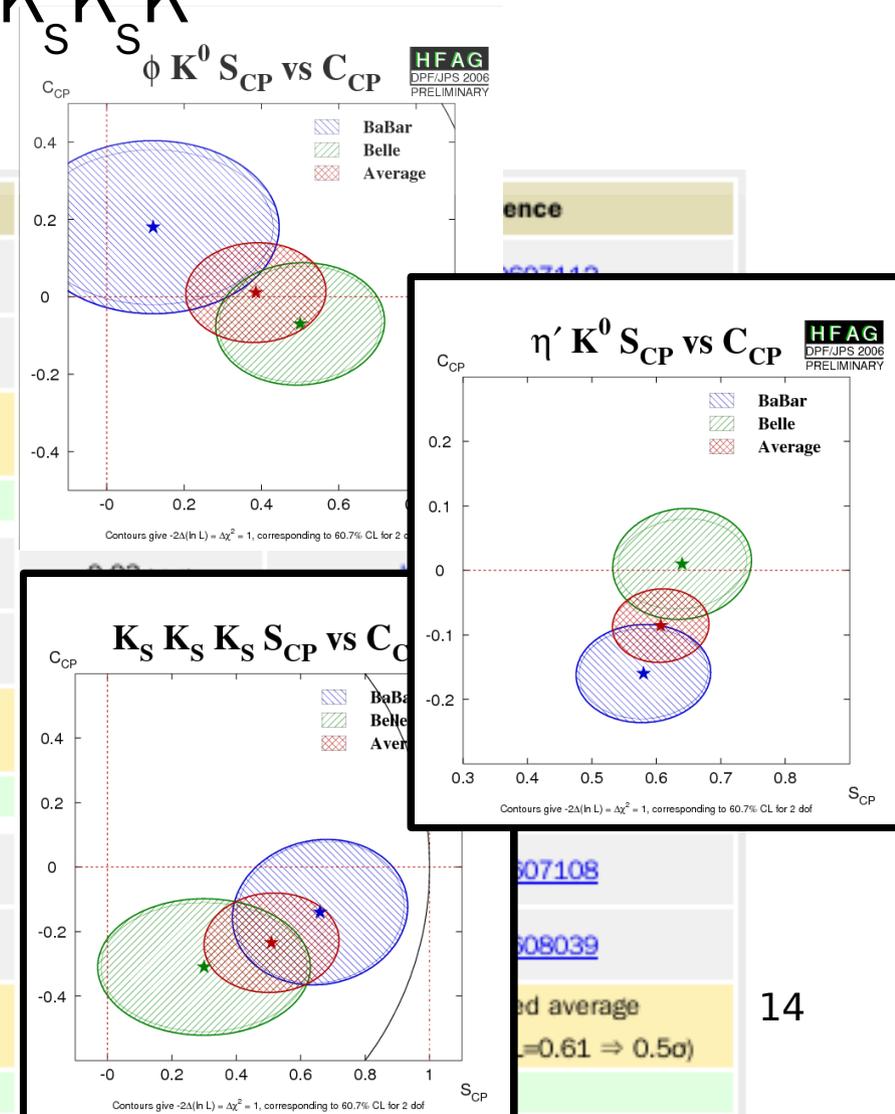
$$B \rightarrow \tau \nu$$



Hadronic $b \rightarrow s$ Penguins

- Cleanest modes are ϕK^0 , $\eta' K^0$ & $K_S K_S K^0$
- theory errors \sim few degrees

Mode	Experiment	$\sin(2\beta^{\text{eff}}) \equiv \sin(2\phi_1^{\text{eff}})$	C_{CP}
ϕK^0	BaBar (*) N(BB)=347M	$0.12 \pm 0.31 \pm 0.10$	$0.18 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.10$
	Belle N(BB)=535M	$0.50 \pm 0.21 \pm 0.06$	$-0.07 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.05$
	Average	0.39 ± 0.18	0.01 ± 0.13
	Figures:	eps.gz png	eps.gz png
$\eta' K^0$	BaBar N(BB)=384M	$0.58 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.03$	$-0.16 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.03$
	Belle N(BB)=535M	$0.64 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.04$	$0.01 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.05$
	Average	0.61 ± 0.07	-0.09 ± 0.06
	Figures:	eps.gz png	eps.gz png
$K_S K_S K^0$	BaBar N(BB)=347M	$0.66 \pm 0.26 \pm 0.08$	$-0.14 \pm 0.22 \pm 0.05$
	Belle N(BB)=535M	$0.30 \pm 0.32 \pm 0.08$	$-0.31 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.07$
	Average	0.51 ± 0.21	-0.23 ± 0.15
	Figures:	eps.gz png	eps.gz png



Hadronic $b \rightarrow s$ Penguins

- Naïve scaling of current experimental errors
 - N(BB) required to reach theory error:
 - $\sim 10^{10}$ for $\eta' K^0$
 - $\sim 5 \times 10^{10}$ for ϕK^0
 - $\sim 5 \times 10^{10}$ for $K_S K_S K^0$
- Beyond naïve scaling?
 - time-dependent Dalitz plot analysis of $K^+ K^- K^0$ (BaBar; hep-ex/0607112)
 - larger $f_0 K^0$ contribution under $\phi K^0 \Rightarrow$ error on S increases
- Improvements in theory uncertainties?
 - likely to be data driven
 - eg. SU(3) relations, understanding η' form factor ($B \rightarrow \eta' l \nu$)
 - unlikely to go below 1% level

} 50/ab needed

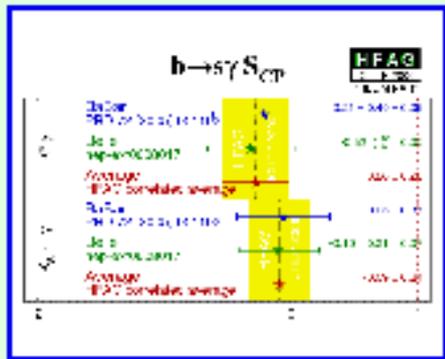
Radiative $b \rightarrow s$ Penguins

- Key to NP sensitivity : measure the photon polarization
 - Many approaches proposed
 - time-dependent asymmetry in $K^* \gamma$, $K_s \pi^0 \gamma$, etc.
only approach attempted to date!
 - interferences between resonances in $K \pi \pi \gamma$
 - conversions in $K^* \gamma \rightarrow K^* e^+ e^-$
 - study of radiative Λ_b decays
 - angular distributions in $K \phi \gamma$, etc.
see talk of A.Soni in this workshop

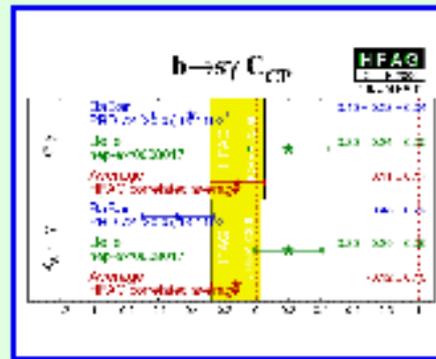
Radiative $b \rightarrow s$ Penguins

Mode	Experiment	$S_{CP}(b \rightarrow s\gamma)$	$C_{CP}(b \rightarrow s\gamma)$	Correlation	Reference
$K^*(892)\gamma$	BaBar N(BB)=232M	$-0.21 \pm 0.40 \pm 0.05$	$-0.40 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.04$	0.07 (stat)	PRD 72 (2005) 051103
	Belle N(BB)=532M	$-0.32^{+0.36} -0.33 \pm 0.05$	$0.20 \pm 0.24 \pm 0.05$	0.08 (stat)	hep-ex/0608017
	Average	-0.28 ± 0.26	-0.11 ± 0.17	0.07	HFAG correlated average $\chi^2 = 3.2/2$ dof (CL=0.20 \Rightarrow 1.3 σ)
$K_S\pi^0\gamma$ (incl. $K^*\gamma$)	BaBar N(BB)=232M	-0.06 ± 0.37	-0.48 ± 0.22	0.05 (stat)	PRD 72 (2005) 051103
	Belle N(BB)=532M	$-0.10 \pm 0.31 \pm 0.07$	$0.20 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.06$	0.08 (stat)	hep-ex/0608017
	Average	-0.09 ± 0.24	-0.12 ± 0.15	0.06	HFAG correlated average $\chi^2 = 5.1/2$ dof (CL=0.08 \Rightarrow 1.8 σ)

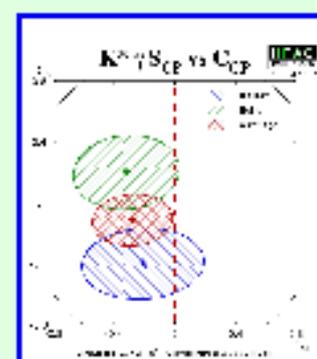
Figures:



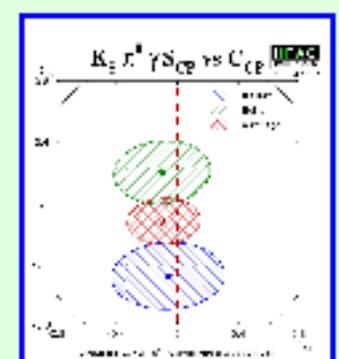
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Radiative $b \rightarrow s$ Penguins

- Naïve scaling of current experimental errors
 - Assuming theory uncertainties of few % due to higher order corrections
see talk of A.Soni in this workshop
 - N(BB) required to reach theory error:
 - $\sim 5 \times 10^{10}$ for $K_s \pi^0 \gamma$ } **50/ab needed**
 - only mode for which measurements currently exist
 - Improvements in theory uncertainties?
 - in this case there is a **data driven** method to reduce the error
 \Rightarrow study dependence of polarization on hadronic final state
 - eg. $S(K_s \pi^0 \gamma)$ vs. $m(K_s \pi^0)$, $S(K_s \pi^0 \gamma)$ with $S(K_s \eta \gamma)$, etc.
 - \Rightarrow much larger data samples necessary

Radiative $b \rightarrow s$ Penguins

- Observables sensitive to new physics fall into two categories:
 - (CKM favoured) x (helicity suppressed)
 - eg. $S(B_d \rightarrow K_s \pi^0 \gamma) \sim \sin(2\beta) \times (2m_s/m_b) \sim \sin(2\varphi_1) \times (2m_s/m_b)$
 - SM uncertainty few %
 - requires **new RH current** but does not require new CP phase
 - (CKM suppressed) x (helicity suppressed)
 - eg. $S(B_s \rightarrow \varphi \gamma) \sim \sin(\varphi_s) \times (2m_s/m_b)$
 - tiny SM uncertainty (extremely clean null test)
 - requires **new RH current and new CP phase**

Radiative $b \rightarrow s$ Penguins

- Observables sensitive to new physics fall into two categories:
 - (CKM favoured) x (helicity suppressed)
 - eg. $S(B_d \rightarrow K_s^0 \gamma) \sim \sin(2\beta) \times (2m_s/m_b) \sim \sin(2\phi_1) \times (2m_s/m_b)$
 - **SM uncertainty few %**
 - requires **new RH current** but **does not require new CP phase**
 - (CKM suppressed) x (helicity suppressed)
 - eg. $S(B_s \rightarrow \phi \gamma) \sim \sin(\phi_s) \times (2m_s/m_b)$
 - tiny SM uncertainty (extremely clean)
 - requires **new RH current and new CP phase**

Essential to reduce the SM error

Can be done with data

Requires > 50/ab

A Word on $b \rightarrow d$ Penguins

- To get required $N(\text{BB})$ for $b \rightarrow d$ penguins

1) Take $b \rightarrow s$ number and scale: $N(\text{BB})[b \rightarrow s] / |V_{td}/V_{ts}|^2$

2) Scale from existing measurements, eg. $\sigma[S(K_S K_S)]_{\text{stat}} \sim 0.07 @ 50/\text{ab}$

3) Guesstimate based on measurements, $\sigma[S(\rho\gamma)]_{\text{stat}} \sim 0.07 @ 50/\text{ab}$

theory uncertainties due to c- and u- penguin contributions

Experiment	SCP ($K_S K_S$)	CCP ($K_S K_S$)	Correlation	Reference
BaBar $N(\text{BB})=350\text{m}$	$-1.28^{+0.80}_{-0.73} \quad -0.73^{+0.11}_{-0.16}$	$-0.40 \pm 0.41 \pm 0.06$	-0.32	hep-ex/0608036

You selected the following table or plot entries:

RPP#	Mode	PDG2006	Avg.	BABAR	Belle	CLEO	New Avg.
226	$\rho^0 \gamma$	< 0.4		$0.77^{+0.21}_{-0.19} \pm 0.07$	$1.25^{+0.37+0.07}_{-0.33-0.06}$	< 17	$0.91^{+0.19}_{-0.18}$

References for the data:

PDG2006: [W.-M. Yao et al., J. Phys. Lett. G 33, 1 \(2006\)](#).

Babar Collaboration hep-ex/0607099

Belle Collaboration [Phys. Rev. Lett. 96, 221601 \(2006\)](#)

CLEO Collaboration [Phys. Rev. Lett. 84, 5283 \(2000\)](#)

~40 events in 350M BB

~20 events in 380M BB

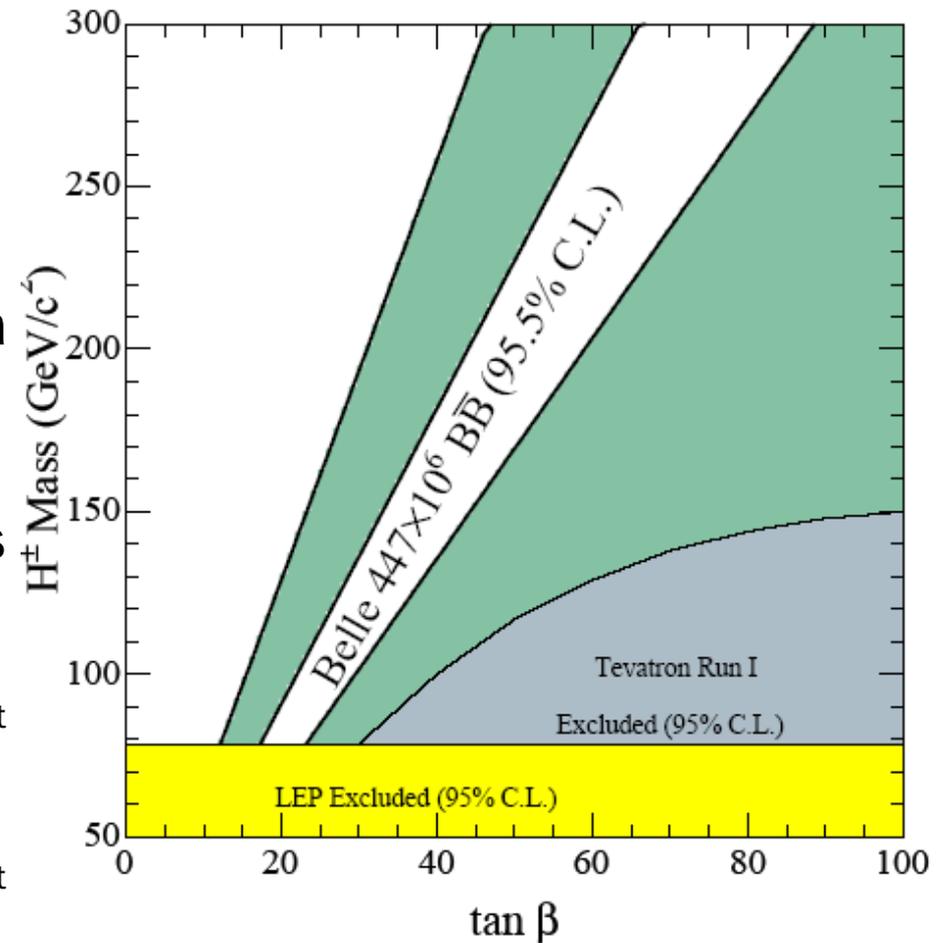
~100 events/ab \Rightarrow 5000 events in 50/ab

More Penguins

- $b \rightarrow sll$ also very important probe of new physics
 - eg. forward-backward asymmetry in $B \rightarrow K^* l^+ l^-$
 - ... but this is a very good channel for LHCb
 - LHCb cannot do fully inclusive modes: $X_s l^+ l^-$, $X_s \gamma$ also $X_{s+d} \gamma$, etc.
 - theoretically cleaner
 - requires full reconstruction
 - much larger data samples, typically $> 100/\text{ab}$
- see also talk by M.Nakao
- Can also study inclusive hadronic final states

Leptonic Decays

- Assume $B \rightarrow \tau \nu$ will hit limits by 50/ab
 - $|V_{ub}|$
 - f_B (lattice)
 - experimental systematics
 - see talk by T.Iijima
- $B \rightarrow \mu \nu$ & $B \rightarrow e \nu$ require more data
- Some uncertainties can be reduced
 - or removed using ratios
- $B \rightarrow D^{(*)} \tau \nu$ provides additional
 - observables and requires larger \mathcal{L}_{int}
- $B \rightarrow \mu \mu$ & $B \rightarrow e e$ will be done by LHCb
 - $B \rightarrow \tau \tau$ only at SFF, requires huge \mathcal{L}_{int}



Summary

- ◆ Of the main channels that motivate a Super Flavour Factory
 - ◆ CPV in hadronic $b \rightarrow s$ penguins hits theory limit at about 50/ab
 - ◆ almost everything else will not be limited

better to aim for a rounder number?
- ◆ Of the interesting channels
 - ◆ most **do not** require time-dependent analysis
 - ◆ many require full reconstruction
 - ⇒ **smaller energy asymmetry** (but with good vertexing)
 - ⇒ **hermetic detector**

The FCNC Matrix

- th. error $\lesssim 10\%$
- = exp. error $\lesssim 10\%$
- = exp. error $\sim 30\%$

FLAVOUR COUPLING:

ELECTROWEAK STRUCTURE

	$b \rightarrow s (\sim \lambda^2)$	$b \rightarrow d (\sim \lambda^3)$	$s \rightarrow d (\sim \lambda^5)$
$\Delta F=2$ box	ΔM_{B_s} $A_{CP}(B_s \rightarrow \psi\phi)$	● ΔM_{B_d} ● $A_{CP}(B_d \rightarrow \psi K)$	ΔM_K , ● ϵ_K
$\Delta F=1$ 4-quark box	○ $B_d \rightarrow \phi K$ $B_d \rightarrow K\pi, \dots$	$B_d \rightarrow \pi\pi, B_d \rightarrow \rho\pi, \dots$	$\epsilon'/\epsilon, K \rightarrow 3\pi, \dots$
gluon penguin	● $B_d \rightarrow X_s \gamma$ ● $B_d \rightarrow \phi K$ $B_d \rightarrow K\pi, \dots$	$B_d \rightarrow X_d \gamma, B_d \rightarrow \pi\pi, \dots$	$\epsilon'/\epsilon, K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \ell^+ \ell^-, \dots$
γ penguin	● $B_d \rightarrow X_s \ell^+ \ell^-$ ● $B_d \rightarrow X_s \gamma$ ○ $B_d \rightarrow \phi K$ $B_d \rightarrow K\pi, \dots$	$B_d \rightarrow X_d \ell^+ \ell^-, B_d \rightarrow X_d \gamma$ $B_d \rightarrow \pi\pi, \dots$	$\epsilon'/\epsilon, K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \ell^+ \ell^-, \dots$
Z^0 penguin	● $B_d \rightarrow X_s \ell^+ \ell^-$ $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$ $B_d \rightarrow \phi K, B_d \rightarrow K\pi, \dots$	$B_d \rightarrow X_d \ell^+ \ell^-, B_d \rightarrow \mu\mu$ $B_d \rightarrow \pi\pi, \dots$	$\epsilon'/\epsilon, K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \ell^+ \ell^-,$ $K \rightarrow \pi\nu\nu, K \rightarrow \mu\mu, \dots$
H^0 penguin	$B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$	$B_d \rightarrow \mu\mu$	$K_{L,S} \rightarrow \mu\mu$

From G.Isidori, via O.Schneider
BEAUTY2003 panel discussion